SECOND HAND PAPERS.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy the Lowell Sun.

THE LOWELL SUN

WHY THEY BUY IT.

People buy THE SUN because it is lively, newsy and truthful. It outsells all rivals and that is why it is

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1898. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

PRIVATE D. C. WILLIAMSON, Who Returned Home Saturday Night

THE SIXTH RETURNS

Ordered Home by Gen. Brooke as Reported.

Will Come to Boston Direct on Furlough—Changes in Sixth—Privates Williamson and Ashworth Arrived Home Saturday Night.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 17—Secretary Alger wired instructions on Saturday to Major-General Brooke, commanding the United States forces in Porto Rico, to send the Sixth Massachusetts regiment directly to Boston, and it is expected that under these instructions, the regiment will embark from Ponce within two or three days.

It was expected that the regiment would leave Sunday but Colonel Bird of the quartermaster general's office said Saturday that two transports, the Mississippi and the Manitoba, could not get away before Monday or Tuesday. Colonel Bird said that he could not tell which of these ships the regiment would embark in, as that was a matter to be determined by the commanding officer at Porto Rico. He added, however that both were good ships and either was quite large enough to accommodate the whole Sixth Massachusetts regiment comfortably.

Adjutant General Corbin said that when the regiment reached Boston, it would be given a furlough of sixty days. He could not say whether the regiment would be mustered out at the end of that time but he thought the chances were 100 to 1 that it would be. The sixty days' furlough would bring the service of the regiment up to Christmas time when, in all probability the treaty of peace would be signed and the government would not be in further need of the service of this regiment.

Adjutant General Corbin stated also that as soon as the treaty of peace was concluded, the terms of service of the volunteer regiments would be ended, although there was a clause in the law which enabled the president to retain them in service until the "object of the war" shall have been accomplished. Of course there is nominally a condition of war between the United States and Spain, and the United States is keeping up her large army as an insurance against a recurrence of hostilities.

As soon as the treaty of peace is signed, there could be a large reduction in the forces of the United States. Troops will be needed for a long time, of course in the Philippines, in Cuba and in Porto Rico, but congress will soon be in session and the president can make such arrangements as he desires with regard to the size of the army and congress, will of course, give him the number of troops he says is necessary.

The regular army of the United States, is entitled on a war footing to 61,000 men. It now has 51,000 men under enlistment. The recruiting is going on steadily and the regiments are rapidly filling up.

The president, under the present law, can keep this body of regular troops in the service for some time yet, under the authority given him in the words of the law "until the object of the war shall be accomplished." Meanwhile congress of course, will be called upon to increase the size of the regular army of the United States.

As soon as the peace treaty is an accomplished fact, the camps in the United States can be abolished and the troops mustered out of the service as soon as there is no further need for their services. Of course the troops in Cuba and Porto Rico, Manila and Honolulu will have to remain for some time yet, but it is noticeable that not very many volunteer troops are to be sent to either Cuba or Porto Rico. Indeed, all the volunteer regiment now at Porto Rico are to be sent home as soon as their places can be taken by other regiments.

The so-called immunes are being sent to these places and it won't be long after a treaty of peace is signed before the volunteer regiments will be pretty nearly all mustered out of the service.

CHANGES IN SIXTH.

Lieut. George R. Barnstead of Company H, Sixth regiment, U.S.V., Stoneham, now at Porto Rico, has written under date of October 3rd, a newsy letter to Frank L. Whittier of Stoneham. He says:

"Quite a change has been made in the officers of the regiment, and by the promotion of the sergeant-major there is a change in the non-commissioned officers of our company. Lieut. F. E. Gray has been commissioned captain of Company K, in place of Captain Goodell, who resigned. Sergeant-Major Pearson has been commissioned second lieutenant and assigned to Company I, as the second lieutenant of that company. He has been confined to the hospital for several weeks. Lieut. Hart is home on a furlough. Sergt. J. I. Gilson has been promoted to regimental sergeant major. Sergt. W. D. Desmond to first sergeant, of Company H, and Corporal R. W. Barnstead to sergeant. This leaves one corporal to be appointed.

SOLDIERS RETURN.

Privates Donald C. Williamson and Thomas Ashworth, who were on the firing line of Company C, Sixth Massachusetts regiment, in the first battle in Porto Rico, returned to Lowell Saturday night from Fort Monroe hospital. Private Abbott of the company continued his railroad journey to Fryeburg, Me. where his relatives reside.

Private Williamson was four weeks in Utuado hospital suffering from typhoid malarial fever before he was brought to Fort Monroe in the hospital ship Relief. Private Williamson weighed 163 pounds when he left Lowell four months ago. He is now a shadow of the active young man who volunteered at the state armory.

Mr. Williamson speaks highly of his treatment in the Utuado hospital, on the ship Relief and at Fort Monroe hospital, where he was attended by Dr. Bell. He says there are three members of Lowell companies of the Sixth yet in Fort Monroe hospital.

Private Bagley of Company M, Ninth regiment he said, was recovering, but Private Carr, he was told, was not getting as strong as expected.

Lieut.-Col. Ames, Mr. Williamson says was able to be around before he left Porto Rico. He saw him the day before he sailed.

NINTH'S MUSTERING OUT.

Major Quinton of the Boston recruiting office for the infantry regiments, has received a letter from Assistant Adjutant General Wood, informing him that the men of the Ninth Massachusetts volunteers will be mustered out at the expiration of their furloughs.

The war department call renewed attention to its desire that men mustered out of the Ninth and other volunteer regiments should be encouraged to join the regulars, in which case the time they have passed in the volunteer regiments will count in their periods of service.

Corporal Tuttle and Private Fred D. Hastings left the General hospital Saturday much improved after their treatment there. Private Hastings gained twelve pounds in three weeks and is much better.

WE MADE IT HOT FOR THEM

After delivering us 25, which we sold in four days through a business complication, the contract to deliver us 100 "OUR UNION" RANGES could not be filled. But we raised such strong and forcible objection to their going back on their contract, they gave us a larger and better range in place of in place of the Union, but a trifle more in cost.

Let Us Make It Hot For You With One of Them. It's a Beauty

It has a large mantle shelf. It is warranted a good baker. Do you want a full size range for half size price? Then buy an

Eastern Crescent Range. The Price $19.50.

No discount for cash. No extra charge when sold on instalments at

ALBERT E. O'HEIR, 16 Merrimack St.

FELL FROM TREE

Probable Fatal Accident to Edward Morse

ONE OF NORTH BILLERICA'S LEADING RESIDENTS.

Accident Occurred at So. Billerica Yesterday.

Edward Morse, one of North Billerica's most popular young men and secretary of the Mathew Institute of No. Billerica, met with an accident yesterday afternoon at South Billerica which it is feared will prove fatal.

In company with Mr. Fred Hannon, also of North Billerica, Mr. Morse went to South Billerica yesterday afternoon for the purpose of gathering chestnuts.

They had arrived at their destination and Mr. Morse had ascended a tree when suddenly the limb upon which he had climbed gave way and he fell to the ground, striking on his head.

He was picked up in an unconscious condition by Mr. Hannon and taken to the home of Colonel Fowler where he remained unconscious all night and up to the time of this writing.

It is feared that he sustained a fracture of the skull.

FUNERALS.

HOWE—The funeral of Aaron P. Howe took place Saturday afternoon from his home 36 Elliott street. Burial was in the Edson cemetery. The bearers were George H. Capron, E. P. Hoole, Samuel Smith and Dr. J. F. Burdick. Services were held at the residence, Rev. Smith T. Ford officiating.

KEARIN—The funeral of Henry Kearin took place Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. At St. Peter's church, services were conducted by Rev. Fr. McKenna. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery. The bearers were William Jordon, John Smith, Sylvester Riley, Michael Hederman, George Santry and James Lyons. Among the floral tributes were: Pillow inscribed "Brother," sisters of the deceased; a spray of 16 roses representing the age of the deceased, Miss Lizzie Guthrie, and a spray of pinks from a friend.

WOODS—The remains of the late Henry Woods who died Thursday at his home, 108 Comman street were interred in the Catholic cemetery, Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The funeral took place from the late home of the deceased and services were held at St. Patrick's church, Rev. John J. McHugh officiating. Prominent among the floral pieces were pillows inscribed "At Rest," "Cousin," from the family and Mary E. Woods, respectively. The bearers were James McCann, John Downs, Anthony Cunningham, Frank Cunningham, James Winn and Thos. Kilkenny.

NANCY GUILFORD

AGAIN REMANDED IN LONDON AWAITING PAPERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 17.—At the Bow street police court today, Dr. Nancy Guilford coldwife of Bridgeport, Conn., whose extradition is being asked for on the charge of murder in the second degree in connection with the death of Emma Gill was again remanded a week pending the arrival of papers in the case.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Thursday, Nov. 3, in the Savings Department of the

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

will draw interest from Nov. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.

Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

C. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. P. Hills, Cashier

A GRAND SPECTACLE

Will be the Monster Parade in Chicago Tonight.

Mayor Harrison Will Lead 12,000 Bicyclists Through the Streets—Magnificent Arches to the War Heroes.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Two of the jubilee arches, the Dewey at State and Monroe street, and the Frist regiment, at Michigan avenue, were blown down yesterday by the high wind prevailing. No one was injured by either collapse. The Michigan avenue structure was badly broken and will have to be rebuilt. The painted canvass depicting the adventures of Col. Turner's men was torn in a dozen places. The Dewey arch was nearly completed. Only the surmounting ornaments were to be put in place. When the arch went down, the laborers were at work on Rough Riders' arch at State and Madison street and thus escaped being carried down with the framework.

Mayor Harrison will lead 12,000 wheelmen through the streets of Chicago tonight. Every man in the line will ride o na decorated wheel. The path is to be through a blaze of electrical effects. Overhead will be a festoon of brilliancy arched across the streets. Every building will have a flood of light. On some of the arches through which they pass, the features of war heroes will be seen through the brilliancy of red, white and blue globes. On every wheel Japanese lanterns will swing as signal lights of the passing show. Many famous riders will be in line. There will be all kind of wheels, including sextettes and motor cycles. There will be a few carnival floats. Some of them will resemble scenes from fairyland. One motor cycle will be accompanied by a band. Another will be in the form of a swan with a seating capacity of fifteen. It is to be in many respects a cosmopolitan parade. People of all nations and from every walk in life will participate. The policemen and firemen will ride, as will the letter carriers and soldiers. Zouaves in red will wheel alongside the athletic turners in white. Every club in Chicago will be represented in the parade. From the West Side will come John Sinnan at the head of 3,500 men. From the North, 1,000 members of the Turn Gemiinde, will swell the 3,200 riders behind Marshal A. T. Heywood. The South Side will send J. F. Haily with a clan of 4,000. Nobody has attempted to estimate the number of unattached riders that will participate. With the formation of the parade at 7 o'clock, Simon Meyer, grand marshal, will start the parade, preceded by Mayor Harrison.

Chief Swenie of the fire department has promised to have 100 firemen turn out.

Two hundred police mounted will be the advance agents of the parade.

A moving electric arch, the bases of which will be supported by two triplets, will be a brilliant spectacular feature of the parade.

President McKinley will review the parade from the stand at the auditorium.

A SILK THIEF

Arrested in Providence is Wanted Here

FOR ALLEGED BURGLARY IN BILLERICA CENTRE.

Alleged Dishonest Watchman Under Arrest.

The following dispatch from Providence, R. I., tells of the arrest of a noted silk thief who is wanted here as follows:

"George R. Fearaby, alias James B. Allen, who was wanted by the Massachusetts district police for breaking and entering in the cape district, was arrested here tonight.

Fearaby is an expert in silk stealing and has been wanted by the Massachusetts police since late last spring. He was located here by the Providence detective force and will be taken to Massachusetts to answer to the complaints of A. B. Hoges of Taunton and A. B. Leteney of Hyannis. Fearaby has a long criminal record. He is known to the police all over New England and has several times been in the Maine and Massachusetts state prisons and the Massachusetts reformatory."

On December 28, 1896, the store of John E. Buell of Billerica was entered and several hundred dollars worth of goods, principally silk, were taken. The selectmen offered a reward of $200 for the arrest of the burglars. Chief of Police Martin Conway, Jr., investigated the case and was convinced that Fearaby, whose right name is James B. Allen, had a hand in it, although he could not locate him. He will now work up a case against him.

Allen's picture is No. 193 in the local rogues' gallery. He is a native of Montreal and was a medical student when first arrested in Montreal in 1895.

STOCKINGS STOLEN.

Officer John W. Fox made a clever capture Sunday morning which led to another arrest later in the day. While near Davis Square about 6 o'clock, he noticed two suspicious looking men coming towards him and stopped them. They declined to state where they had been. Then the officers opened their coats, and a couple of boxes of stockings fell out. They were placed under arrest and gave their names as James Duff, 29 years, of Gotham street, and Edward D. Quinlan, 23 years, of Central street. They claimed that a watchman at the Shaw hosiery gave them the stockings.

The inspectors investigated their story and as a result, arrested William McLean, aged 31 years, residing on Main street on the charge of larceny. He is a watchman at the hosiery and admitted having given Quinlan and Duff stockings on several occasions for liquor and other things.

GRAND JURY TODAY.

The grand jury will meet at the new court house this forenoon to act on criminal cases brought before it. They will probably report their findings the later part of the week.

QUIETED A DISTURBANCE.

Officers Clements and Cawley visited a house of Charles street Sunday morning where a disturbance was going on and quieted the locality by arresting on the charge of drunkenness Ellen J. Sullivan, Clara Burke, alias Hamilton, Hannah McNamara, Angelike Howe, Della Cahill.

LIQUOR SEIZURE.

Officers Donaldson and Bumps made a descent upon a house in Little Canada Sunday and seized a quantity of liquor. They arrested Claude and Joseph Vinsillon on the charge of illegally keeping liquor.

TRACKS TAKEN UP.

The tracks of the old Lowell and Dracut Street Railway company which extended from corner of Merrimack and Cabot streets down around Little Canada and over Aiken street bridge have been removed. This has been made necessary by the improvements which are to be made in Aiken street. The removal of the tracks affords a pleasant relief as there have been no cars run over them for a number of years and they have been a decided nuisance.

NO FAITH CURE

ABOUT STUART'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS.

They Cure Stomach Troubles and Indigestion, Whether You Have Faith in Them or Not.

Mere faith will not digest your food for you, will not give an appetite, will not increase your flesh and strengthen your nerves and heart, but Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will do these things because they are composed of the elements of digestion; they contain the juices, acids and peptones necessary to the digestion and assimilation of all wholesome food.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest food if placed in a jar or bottle in water heated to 98 degrees and they will do it much more effectively when taken into the stomach after meals whether you have faith that they will or not.

They invigorate the stomach, make pure blood and strong nerves in the only way that nature can do it and that is plenty of wholesome food well digested. It is not what we eat but what we digest that does us good.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by nearly all druggists at 50 cents for full sized package or by mail from the Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

"All Coons"—Look Alike.

But all Cigars do not taste alike or smoke alike.

DOWD'S HONEST 10

Is the Cigar to smoke. It is different from other 10c. Cigars—better, sweeter and more fragrant.

T. J. DOWD, Mfgr., Nashua, N. H.

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER,

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.

MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

A COAL HOD Given away with one Pound of 60c. Tea at O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone connected. Free delivery.

REV. DR. ALEXANDER BLACKBURN, a Former Lowell Pastor Who Goes to Portland, Oregon.

Yesterday Rev. Dr. Alexander Blackburn tendered his resignation as pastor of the First Baptist church, Cambridgeport. He has held the pastorate with much success for six years. Dr. Blackburn closes his Cambridge work to accept the pastorate of the First Baptist church of Portland, Ore. Dr. Blackburn six years ago came to Cambridge from Lowell, where he had filled a pastorate for about six years. He served in the civil war, being past state department chaplain of the G. A. R.

THE HAYES ESTATE.

IT WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON TUESDAY.

C. F. Keyes will sell on Tuesday, commencing at 10 o'clock, the Michael Hayes estate in West Billerica, a homestead and 205 acres. Immediately after selling the real estate, I shall sell the personal property, consisting of eight cows, two horses, 200 hens, 60 ton English hay, farm wagons, mowing machines, and all of the farm implements.

This is considered one of the best farms within nine miles of Lowell.

The sale will take place rain or shine it being an administrators' sale.

CRICKET TEAM.

REMEMBERS ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL —29 SOLDIERS TREATED.

The Sisters of Charity of St. John's hospital make grateful acknowledgement of the receipt of $17 from the United States Batting Cricket club, a share of the proceeds of the recent game played for the benefit of local hospitals. They appreciate the gift but more especially the kind and humane sentiment which prompted it.

Two more soldiers were received at the hospital Saturday, making 29 in all entered upon its records since the cessation of hostilities.

Putnam & Son

New Winter Top Coats

A most remarkable showing of stylish Coverts, Whipcords, black, brown and olive Kerseys, in short lengths, beside our display of regular length Overcoats. Prices from $5.00 to $30.00.

TOP COATS in Men's and Young Men's sizes, made from heavy weight coverts in the newest olive and brown mixtures; handsome plaid backs, finished with very deep pure satin yoke and sleeves, broad satin pipings, deep bottom facing, buckhorn buttons, cut very short and natty, full backs, with velvet or cloth collars. As handsome as any fifteen dollar coat, for

$10.00.

The greatest coats ever shown in America for this price.

WINTER COVERTS. Heavy Covert Coats in the new brown mixtures; heavy Whipcords in new shades, lined or with fancy plaid backs, with cloth or velvet collars, short, trig and natty, $5.00, $10.00, $13.00 up to $20.00.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

BUT FIFTY RESCUED

One Hundred Victims of the Mohegan Disaster.

JOHN EYSLOP of New York, One of the Survivors of the Mohegan, Lost on the British Coast Saturday.

The Steamer was Far From Her Course—How She Diverged is Still a Mystery—Launching of Boats Impeded by Double Rails.

London, Oct. 17.—The Atlantic Transport company issued the following statement last night regarding the fate of the passengers and crew of the Mohegan, which was wrecked Friday night off the Lizard: "Of the passengers 11 have been saved; 19 bodies have been recovered and 33 are missing. Of the crew and cattlemen 39 have been saved, 14 bodies have been recovered and 61 are missing."

Since this statement was issued nine other bodies have been picked up, including two that have been identified as the bodies of passengers. The reports of the various correspondents differ widely as to the rescues, recoveries and losses, though none has been able to obtain the exact numbers of those saved or of the bodies recovered.

The latest advices from Falmouth say that 38 bodies have been identified, mostly the bodies of sailors. Four are as yet unidentified, including those of two elderly ladies. One appears to be a German. She wore a watch and a wedding ring, both engraved "1871." The other wore a silver brooch, with "D" in pearls. This is probably the body of Mrs. Charles Duncan.

The cause of the disaster remains the profoundest mystery. Nobody attempts to explain how the Mohegan got so far north of her true course—from six to seven miles. There was no fog at the time; while the wind on her port quarter was not sufficient to prevent her answering the helm. It has been suggested that her compass was faulty, but daylight lasted long after Eddystone light was passed. The sailors say the fact that the Lizard light was not visible should have served to give the alarm. The masts of the Mohegan, which are above water, show that her stern is landward, causing a theory that the navigating officer, on discovering that he was in the bay, suddenly turned seaward. Two engineers, who are saved, declare, however, that they never slackened speed.

Remarkable stories of rescues continue. Robert Burrow, a seaman, performed the feat of swimming unaided through the roughest water to Coverack point, a distance of two and one-half miles. He climbed up the ragged cliff, where a searching party found him early the next morning, completely exhausted. A. C. L. Smith of Oregon, a passenger, surrendered to a woman in the water wreckage that was supporting him, and swam ashore unaided. The woman was saved. Her name is reported as Miss Webb, but no such name appears in the company's list.

Messrs. Smith and W. J. Bloomingdale say there was the greatest difficulty in launching the boats. The ropes were new and stiff, and the blocks would not work. Four or five times as many sailors as should have been necessary struggled to lower each boat. The lockers were hard to open. The crew, in a chivalrous effort to save the women, made the mistake of undermanning the boats. There were only four sailors in one boat, which capsized as soon as it was launched. Messrs. Smith and Bloomdale say that Captain Griffiths had appeared ill all day.

The death of T. W. King, who was a newspaper proprietor in Nantucket, Mass., and of his family, including Mrs. King, her mother, Mrs. Weller, and his sons, Rufus, aged 11, and Anthony, aged 7, has caused deep sorrow at Penzance, where the family had a summer cottage, and were very popular. Joseph O'Rourke, Mr. King's valet, who was saved, says he was on deck when the crash came. The lights went out immediately. Rushing to the saloon he heard Mr. King exhorting his family to keep cool. O'Rourke, with seven others, clung to the rigging until 6 o'clock Saturday morning, when a lifeboat took him off. He identified the bodies of the Kings and Mrs. Weller, and will have them embalmed and taken to the United States in accordance with cabled instructions from relatives of the family.

[The description, in the London dispatch, of T. W. King as "a newspaper proprietor at Nantucket, Mass., is probably erroneous. Inquiry shows that the proprietors of the local papers in Nantucket and its vicinity bear other names. In Boston newspaper circles Mr. King's name is unfamiliar. Probably he was a wealthy summer resident at Nantucket.]

LAUNCHING WAS IMPEDED.

Falmouth, Eng., Oct. 17.—John Hyslop, a New York yachtsman, who was saved, in the course of an interview condemned the double railing around the ship's boats, which, he says, impeded the launching. The masthead light, in his opinion, should have been an oil instead of an electric lamp, as in that event it would not have been extinguished, but would have furnished a beacon to guide the lifeboats.

Mr. Williams, the company's manager, says the disaster is utterly inexplicable. The vessel was new and, he asserts, well found, while the captain and crew were most reliable. He says the crews of the company's vessels have constant boat practice, and he is indignant at the insinuations regarding the condition of Captain Griffiths.

Called It Cancer

A Sore Rapidly Grows Worse Until Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I had what was said by a physician to be a cancer on my breast. It grew worse very fast and I made some salve and used it, but it did no good, and none of the remedies I bought did any good until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Before I had finished the first bottle of this medicine the sore began to heal. I kept on taking the medicine until I was cured. Some time afterward I had another sore on my left cheek. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla again and it had the same good effect." MRS. MARCELINE PAQUETTE, 307 Court Street, Brockton, Mass.

Get only **Hood's Sarsaparilla**

America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

WATER PIPE BURST.

A water pipe in the Bon Marche Dry Good Store burst last evening, directly over the cotton underwear department. The water came down in torrents and by the time the night watchman came the floor in this vicinity was ten inches deep, damaging the cotton underwear stock more or less. Mr. Munn, the night watchman, immediately telephoned Mr. C. A. Mitchell and with the assistance of Mr. Stevens and Mr. Campbell, the day janitor was happened to be present. They immediately stopped the flow by shutting off the water at the main shut-off in the basement. The water flowed down into the basement and made sad havoc among the goods displayed there. But for the timely arrival of Mr. Munn a fearful flow might have happened, as it was, there was a damage done, mainly to the cotton underwear department and the basement. The entire force were busy this morning, straightening out the wet goods, and putting them away to dry. The amount of damage will surely amount to $800 or $900.

Royal

ABSOLUTELY THE BEST!

In style, fit, finish and durability they have no equal.

Superiority Unquestioned. Great variety of styles, lengths, colors and sizes.

Ask to see the new style, 545, French model, short hip, low bust.

Best fitting and most comfortable corset for ONE DOLLAR.

Sold by all first-class dealers.

Worcester Corsets

If your dealer can't supply you, write us and we will furnish you through the nearest dealer.

Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.

SECRETARY SMITH

Advocates A Change in the Assessor's Department.

HE WRITES ON THE LATEST FEATURES

In Connection With the Proposed Change.

James T. Smith, secretary of the board of trade, has been a vigorous advocate of a change in the election of assessors. He writes as follows of the latest feature:

"Possibly the ordinance is not perfect. We should have but little legislation if this objection was regarded as fatal. It is wise to leave something to experience. Experience will disclose defects, if defects there be, and suggest the remedy. The best legislation is thus matured.

"Two rumors from Capital square have found expression through the press.

"First—That the interests of the party must be first reconciled with the proposed legislation. If the party is the great body of voters, their wishes cannot be mistaken. There can be no doubt as to their interests in the premises.

"Second—That a serious obstacle to agreement will be the preference of members, as to who shall compose the reorganized board of assessors.

"It is natural that members should differ as to the capacity and efficiency of candidates for retention. Unquestionably, there are as capable and trustworthy officials among the assistant assessors as on the board of principal assessors. But the selection of those who are to remain, rests in the city council by ordinance, and under the charter the city council may remove any assessor when in its judgment the interests of the city require such action. Self-respect will naturally restrain the city council from withholding legislation for such a reason. There is nothing in the proceedings thus far to raise a suspicion that any member regards the claims of personal friendship as superior to those of the voters who selected him to represent them and guard their interests. Such rumors are but journalistic curry and are thrown in to give a zest to a newspaper column.

"A most absurd objecton to a reorganization of the assessors' department is pure bluff, is that pending a controversy over a corporation tax, the force cannot be reduced. First, the assistant assessors which the ordinance legislates out of office have nothing whatever to do with the corporation tax; the valuation is made by the principal assessors. Second, if either the principal or assistant assessors are required in court, a summons will bring them as readily out of office as in.

"There are as staunch friends of economy in the board of aldermen as out of it, and we wait the action of that board with full confidence that the trust placed in the members by their fellow-citizens be not misplaced.

FOOT BALL.

GAMES PLAYED SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

The Institute of Technology won from the Glenmores by a score of 6 to 0. The game was held on Fair Grounds Saturday afternoon, and was played to a small crowd, a number who had bought tickets remaining away because of the inclement weather.

All the scoring was done in the first half when by losing the ball and finding it again, only to have it grasped from them, the locals hung up a cipher, while the Techs gained and kicked a goal.

The Bostons having their kick-off in the first half, it was the Glenmores' turn in the last. Some fine plays were made in this half by both teams. The locals tried very hard for a score but at the call of time the ball was on the Techs' 10 yard line. It was a brilliant game and those who witnessed it got their moneys' worth. The summary:

GLENMORES.		TECHNOLOGY.
F. Emerson (capt.)	l. e.	l. e. Corning
Trask	l. t.	l. t. Eisel
Crosby	l. g.	l. g. Renzard
Gill	c.	c. Cross
Willis	r. g.	r. g. Evelyn
Eaton	r. t.	r. t. Jefferds
Mirsky	r. e.	r. e. Dorsey
Allen	q. b.	q. b. Derby
Lovejoy	l. h. b.	l. h. b. Arnold
Whittaker	r. h. b.	r. h. b. Haley
Meikle-John	f. b.	f. b. (capt.) Danforth

Umpire, Sowles; referee, Crosby; linesmen, Low and Curtin; score, Technology 6, Glenmore 0. Touchdown, Haley.

The Alpinas and Big Seven played a first class game to a tie on the South common. Hourigan and Jacques of the Alpinas led in scientific plays and saved their team from defeat.

The Big Seven Ponies defeated the Colleen Pets by a score of 27 to 0.

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living physician. His success is astonishing. We have heard of no case of epilepsy lasting cured by him. He will send any sufferer a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P.O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, P. D., 1 Cedar St., New York

WONDERFUL FEAT

By George L. Hubbard's Horse Today.

FELL INTO CANAL FROM THE RAILROAD

And Swam Against Stream to Shore.

A bay horse belonging to George L. Hubbard, left standing unharnessed in front of Swett's blacksmith shop near the northern depot this morning, became frightened by a passing engine and dashed up the track over the canal bridge. Part of the boards of the bridge had been removed by workmen making repairs there and on reaching this point the horse lost his footing and after rolling over, plunged headlong into the canal. Everybody thought the force of the current would carry the animal under the bridge where he would be drowned among the spiles, but no, with remarkable instinct, equal or superior to the intelligence a human being would have shown under the circumstances, the excited animal struck out against the stream for a part of the shore low enough to land and in a short time regained the bank about fifteen yards distant. The spectators pronounced the feat one of the most remarkable ever witnessed. The animal was led peacefully back to the stable but slightly injured by scratches and greatly subdued by the dip in the canal.

POLITICAL NOTES.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

26th Representative Convention, Associate Building, Monday evening, October 17th, 7.30 p. m.

27th Representative Convention Tuesday, October 18th, 10.30 a. m. in Associate Building.

25th Representative Convention Tuesday evening, Oct 18th, Associate Building, 7.30 p. m.

SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Seventh district democratic senatorial convention will be held in the Bonnet hall, Associate building, at 7.30 tomorrow evening.

Here is what a Lawrence paper has to say of Marcellus H. Fletcher, who has been nominated for councillor from this district:

Lawrence democrats know Marcellus H. Fletcher, who was nominated for councillor by the democratic convention at Lowell yesterday. Mr. Fletcher is a war horse of democracy, tried and true and it will be a pleasure for his democratic friends in this city to give his candidacy the recognition it deserves. It is too much to hope, perhaps, that he will be elected as the district is substantially republican. But every democrat in Lawrence, Methuen, Andover, and North Andover should make a point of marking a cross against the name of Marcellus H. Fletcher of Lowell for councillor at the polls on election day. Give him a complimentary vote. That would please Marcellus more than if he should be elected.

LAWRENCE REPUDIATES KNOX.

Mr. Knox's papers do not conceal their alarm over the congressional situation. They term the dissatisfaction on the republican side as "over confidence, which is one way of whistling to keep up their courage. The Lowell Courier says:

"We are badly off at the best. Are we alive to the fact that we must get out the republican vote to insure success?"

And the Lawrence Telegram appeals to gold democrats to come to the aid of Mr. Knox in order to prevent Mr. Elvins's election. Why should these frantic appeals be made in behalf of a candidate who two years ago was elected by more than 6,000 majority? The reason is obvious. Mr. Knox's broken promises to the people, the responsibility of his party for the distressed condition of the cotton and woolen industries and for the starvation of the volunteer soldiers during the late war. Lincoln's remark about fooling the people comes in aptly to describe the situation. Mr. Knox fooled the people two years ago when he said prosperity would return before snow fell if McKinley was elected president and he was returned to congress. The people are not to be caught with chaff from that source any more.—Lawrence Tribune.

CITY HALL NEWS.

Samuel A. McPheters, son of a former city clerk of that name, takes Mr. Carpenter's place in the purchasing agent's office.

Bugler Bentley of Company M, Sixth regiment, visited city hall this morning.

It will be well to bear in mind the hour and date of the sale of three acres of land in three lots at Middlesex Village this week, Thursday. The hour is 3.30, and the sale absolute. So say J. E. Conant & Co.

Miss Emma Lucas will be pleased to meet her friends at Madame Gregoire's, Merrimack street.

AN ACTOR DEAD

E. J. Henley Succumbed to Consumption.

MADE FAMOUS IN PUDDIN-HEAD WILSON.

He Wife is Mrs. Bertram an Opera Singer.

New York, Oct. 17.—A dispatch to The World from Lake Placid, N. Y., says: "E. J. Henley, the well-known actor, died here from tuberculosis. He had been here for sometime on account of ill-health, but had been seriously ill only a few days.

E. J. HENLEY.

"Mr. Henley was born in England in 1861. He appeared on the American stage in a number of productions, one of them being 'Puddenhead Wilson.' His widow is Helen Bertram, the opera singer."

PLOT OF ANARCHISTS.

London, Oct. 17.—The Alexandria correspondent of The Daily Mail, telegraphing regarding the anarchistic plot against Emperor William, which was discovered on Friday, says: "The plot against the kaiser is hourly proven more important, each arrest disclosing new ramifications. The documents found disclose a plot to kill King Humbert, already well matured. Fifteen persons, all Italians, have been arrested. The original plan was to throw a bomb of guncotton and fulminate of mercury on Emperor William's carriage in a narrow street of Cairo."

THE UNIVERSAL IDEAL.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Rev. Dr. Harcourt of Baltimore delivered a lecture Sunday on "Our Place Among the Nations." He said in part: "The birth of the American republic was a wonderful event in the world's history. It had in it the promise of a great and glorious future. The age in which it was born was an age of expectancy.

"For 90 days we have been at war with a nation without a conscience, without a principle; with the fag end of a race that once had in it the promise of greatness and glory. Once Spain owned a larger part of Europe and the greater part of America; but her oppressions, cruelty and injustice have reduced her to less than a fourth rate power; indeed she seems now to be in the very agonies of dissolution. The victory we have gained over Spain, properly translated, means tyranny cannot endure, and liberty based on justice is, irrespective of race or religion, the universal ideal and must become the common possession of all humanity. The American people are not easily provoked, but when once aroused their enemies had better sue for peace."

WILL WEAR GOLD LACE.

Montpelier, Oct. 17.—Governor Smith's staff is as follows: Oscar W. Peck, Winooski, surgeon general, with rank of brigadier general; aids, with rank of colonel, Frank L. Greene, St. Albans; Edward J. Booth, Burlington; Farrand S. Strahan, St. Albans; George T. Chaffee, Rutland; Henry S. Bingham, Bennington; Joseph G. Brown, Montpelier; Benjamin Hinman, Derby; Curtis S. Emery, Chelsea; Walter W. Brown, Springfield.

TO BE OR NOT TO BE.

THIS OLD QUESTION HAS TO BE ANSWERED CANDIDLY BY LOWELL PEOPLE.

What do the Lowell people think of the statement published below? Can any citizen ask for more convincing proof of the merits claimed by the article under discussion What is there lacking in such evidence? The most superficial investigation will corroborate it. It is Lowell proof for Lowell people. It is not the style of proof other medicinal preparations offer, viz: Kalamazoo, Mich., proof for Lowell people. The most exacting cannot ask for anything more. Read this:

Mr. Mark Walsh, of Southwick Building, 90 Prescott street, says: "I fell from the third floor with an elevator on which was a safe. I was taken to the hospital with some broken ribs, recovered, and returned to my employment. Kidney trouble developed, a bad backache, followed by painful urination and a tendency to gravel. If sitting, it was next to impossible to rise so great and acute were the pains. I felt that I should put myself under the doctors, but before doing so, I read about Doan's Kidney Pills, and what they were doing in Lowell and sent to Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and got a box. I took them as directed, and was helped at once. I now have no trouble of any kind, my back is all right, and the urinary difficulty is entirely corrected, and it was Doan's Kidney Pills that did it. I am recommending them highly and you may send anyone to me and I will tell them my experience. If they helped me, they will help them."

Doan's Kidney Pills, for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's, and take no substitute.

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher. *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

SAW DOUBLE.

AND PETER BENNETT GOT INTO THE WING HOUSE.

Peter Bennett, aged 28 years, of Varnum avenue, drank early and often Saturday night and as a result when he started for home, his condition was decidedly "off color." As he got near his house, he was looking double and could see several of his houses.

He took a chance at one of them and banged at the door receiving no answer This angered him and he broke in the door and entered. There was no one there to welcome him and in order to raise a little excitement, he threw a flat-iron through one of the windows.

Mr. Bennett in taking that chance, made a bad move, for he struck the wrong house his own being some little distance below and when the family occupying the house returned and found the mud-bedraggled Bennett over one of their fancy coughs, they practically kicked and notified the police. When Lieut Palmer and Officer McNabb awakened Bennett, the latter was greatly shocked at the news that he was in the wrong house. He was arrested for drunkenness.

While he was enjoying his sleep in the neighbor's house, his own folks heard that he had come home and went to look for him with a lantern. They found out his whereabouts from the police.

26TH DISTRICT.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION WILL BE HELD THIS EVENING.

The 26th district democratic representative convention will be held in the Democratic Headquarters at 7.30 o'clock this evening. All delegates are requested to be present.

CONANT'S SUCCESS.

The Worcester papers have been saying a great many very complimentary things of the method, manner and thoroughness with which J. E. Conant & Co., conducted the most successful sale of tickets the Worcester Musical Festival ever had. The total receipts from the sale amounted to over $6,300.

CONVENTION DATES.

The 27th district democratic convention, representative, will be held tomorrow afternoon in democratic headquarters.

Joseph F. Gormley, chairman of the 25th democratic district committee sends out a call for a convention to be held in Democratic Headquarters, Associate Building, tomorrow evening at 7.30.

Black Stockings

"Black stockings will not crock if first dipped in salt water and then washed in a lukewarm light suds made from Fairy Soap."
—*Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.*

FAIRY SOAP

Pure—White—Floating.

The Soap of the Century.

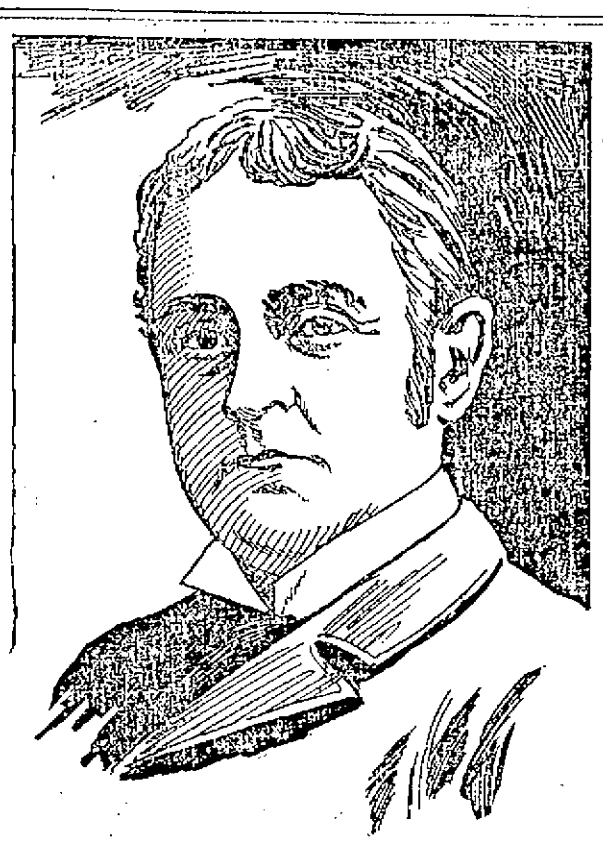
Sold everywhere in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

FREE Send us your name, address, and five Fairy Soap wrappers, to nearest office below, and we will mail you free a copy of a beautiful painting in water colors entitled, "Fairy Tales," by the celebrated artist, Leon Moran. Size 17½x21 inches, without lettering, ready for framing.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Baltimore.

It was a gentleman interested in street car advertising. He knew of Ripans Tabules because they had been advertised with him for years. One day, in closing an order, he came into personal possession of a dozen boxes and one of these he tried on a lady whose health was not so perfect as her disposition. This lady carried the Tabules to Connecticut and, while there, she and the lady whose guest she was read the circulars and took the medicine according to directions. The Connecticut lady had a case of indigestion that was of years' standing. They were two of a kind. They are both all right now and feel better than they have for many a day, and they are so grateful to that street car advertising man that he don't dare to go near them any more.

A new style packet costs only TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores — FOR TEN CENTS. This low-price box is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York — or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.



the Unveiling of the statue of Rufus Choate, in Boston.

THE AMERICANS

Responsible for Typhoid Fever at Porto Rico.

SAYS DR. CHADWICK OF WALTHAM

In Relating Their Experiences There.

Dr. H. D. Chadwick of Waltham who arrived home Tuesday from Porto Rico, where he has been doing efficient work in the army hospital at Ponce, gave an interesting account of his experiences to a Waltham News reporter. Some of the most striking portions of his story are where he declares that any typhoid fever that exists or has existed among the troops in Porto Rico, was brought to the island by the soldiers, who carried it from the disease infested camps of the south and where he tells of good feeling that exists among all classes of people in Porto Rico, for "American Guano" or the "good Americans."

"I left New York on board the hospital ship Relief seven weeks ago in company with Dr. Greenwood," said Dr. Chadwick.

"We arrived at Ponce, Porto Rico, after a voyage lasting four days, during which almost everybody on board suffered considerably from seasickness, as the Relief is a heavy boat, which rolls fearfully. It would rock to and fro on the slightest excuse, even if the sea was as smooth as the Charles river.

"I found the climate of Porto Rico to be good. The air is dry and salubrious, and it agreed with me perfectly. There was considerable sickness among the soldiers when Dr. Greenwood and myself arrived and the hospital was full. Medical attendance and nurses were scarce too. Much of the sickness was caused by the indiscriminate manner in which the men ate everything that came to hand as soon as they landed. A trip of four or five days or more on a crowded transport sharpened their appetites for everything fresh or green.

"Bananas, oranges or other fruit is to be had for the picking it off the trees and many of the men gorged themselves with these things, besides drinking rum and eating other native delicacies which they were unused to. The result of this was that hundreds were taken down with diarrhoea and stomach troubles sometimes in exceedingly virulent form. It was nothing more than might have been expected.

"But with the typhoid cases it was different. Typhoid had never been known in Porto Rico. The local doctors know nothing about the disease and when they meet it, are at a loss what to call it. The conditions are against typhoid, as the land is high and dry and the air pure. Therefore it cannot be doubted that the disease was brought to the island by the soldiers who came infected with it from the camp in this country. It broke out and spread quite rapidly for a while so that the hospital was filled with typhoid patients.

"Dr. Greenwood and myself went to work in the hospital at once and were kept busily employed. The surgeons wore a sort of white canvass suit with blue stripes on the arm and blue shoulder straps. There was no time to waste in the hospital as the number of physicians was far inadequate. Nevertheless, the hospital patients were given good care. There were no complaints from the men. The wards were full of patients all the time.

"While in the hospital I had as a patient Henry Watterson, Jr., a son of the great southern newspaperman and journalist. Young Watterson had a slight attack of typhoid and I pulled him out of it all right, so that he was able to leave Ponce on the steamer that I came on. We were good friends. The young man is a corporal in the First Kentucky volunteers, and his brother is a private in the same regiment. When they enlisted their father told them that if they wanted to go they would have to go as privates. No doubt the old gentleman could have easily secured commissions for his sons, but he isn't that kind of man. He didn't want his boys to have the advantage over anybody else through his influence.

"Life at Ponce was very dull and uneventful. There were plenty of troops around all the time, but army life is dull at best, when there is no active work going on. There was little or no social life. There is a club in Ponce which was much frequented by the American officers, but outside of this there was absolutely nothing in the way of social divertisement. But even if there was it wouldn't have benefitted the doctors much as they were constantly employed.

"There is a wonderfully good feeling toward the Americans evinced by the people of all classes. There are no distinctions drawn now. The people call themselves Porto Ricans and believe that the Americans will make everything prosperous and happy. They speak of us as the 'Americanos Guanos' which means the good Americans. A regimental band gave a concert one night during which national airs were played of course. The next day all the colored boys were whistling 'Yankee Doodle.' A nurse was attracted by the bright appearance of a Porto Rican boy and asked him his name. 'Yankee Doodle Porto Rico' was the ready reply.

"The people live in poor thatched cottages. They have but few comforts of life, but the products of the soil are so numerous that there is no necessity of starving. All classes are very immoral. Immorality is not considered immorality there. High and low are just alike in this respect. It is also a matter of remark that well to do people have everything there is, and the poor people have nothing. Except for a few small tradesmen there is no middle class whatever. Everybody wondered at the American horse. The only animal of the equine race to be seen in Porto Rico are small in size and an American horse is far superior to them in evry respect, a different sort of an animal entirely.

"I was unable to get away from the island until a reenforcemnt of surgeons arrived. Dr. Greenwood, of course was allowed leave of absence, as he had been ill. We started for home last Friday on the former American liner Berlin. There wer 206 convalescents on board, 40 per cent of whom were still quite sick and required medical attendance. I was placed in charge of the whole number, but was greatly assisted by Dr. Greenwood, who volunteered his service, although he was under no necessity of doing so. When we reached New York most of the men were recovered almost entirely and only 16 per cent of them needed medical attendance.

"The Berlin stopped at Santiago for a short time on the return voyage. It is a wonderful harbor. The scenery in every direction is grand. I procured a conveyance and visited the battle ground where I obtained a number of mementos of the engagement. There were many members of the 16th Pennsylvania volunteers on board, and these were met at New York by the governor of that state and many friends, who took them in charge at once.

"Some of the men were taken to the house of the National Relief association which is maintained almost entirely by Miss Helen Gould. Twelve of the very sick were taken to the hospital at Bedloe's island. I am glad to be home again although I enjoyed the experience. I have sent my resignation to Washington."

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough. It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

WIGGINVILLE YOUNG MEN.

The Wigginville Young Men's social union has been organized and twenty young men signed the constitution. They will occupy the Brookside school which was generously offered by Deacon W. H. Wiggin. The following were elected officers: Kenneth McKinnor, president; Wm. Bennett, vice president; David Allan, secretary; Willard G. Parker, treasurer; Gaddord Carlson and Thomas Bennett, sergeants-at-arms. Meetings are to be held on Friday evenings.

ORDER FOR DRUMMERS.

A new order has been received by baggage masters of the Boston & Maine stations to the effect that all drummers will be forbidden hereafter to open or show their goods in the baggage room.

THE BALL SEASON

Schedule Completed With Saturday's Game.

REVIEW OF THE SEASON'S SUCCESS.

The Game Was Quite Profitable This Year.

Boston, Oct. 17.—The curtain was rung down Saturday, closing the National league season of 1898. As not one of the clubs could better its position in the race, little interest was manifested in the closing games. The New Yorks wound up the season by defeating the Washingtons in an 11-inning game, while the Brooklyns finished with a victory over the Philadelphias. The Bostons downed the Baltimores, and the Louisvilles beat the Clevelands. In three cities attempts were made to play second games, but darkness stopped the contests before the required number of innings could be played. Cold weather interfered with the games in Pittsburg.

Not only has the season been a great success in Boston from a playing standpoint, but financially the game has been exceedingly profitable. The club has made more money than any other team, and the three owners will receive good sized dividends. The Baltimore club, on the other hand, has had a disastrous season, and, though the club has finished second, the season has been a financial failure, resulting in a loss of fully $15,000. But for the Sunday ball some of the clubs would have fared far worse than has been the case. Chicago and Cincinnati had record-breaking crowds, and Louisville played to far better business than the previous year. New York and Pittsburg joined the Sabbath-playing clubs, the former only playing Sunday games at home at the close of the season. This left the Boston and Philadelphia clubs as the only ones that did not play Sunday ball.

The double umpire system proved a success, and will undoubtedly be retained another season. The choice of incumbents was not happy in all cases, and the men were not mated as well as could have been desired. One great fault of the system was that the umpires did not work intelligently together.

The Atlantic league managers have applied for protection for Worcester.

Hallman says he won't stand the transfer to Milwaukee.

Detroit had four managers and 39 players in the past season.

It looks as if Catcher Zimmer would be divorced from the Clevelands.

The slate makers have "Connie" Mack down to manage the Brooklyns in '99.

The contract of Tom News with the New York club has been promulgated.

The Bostons will pass the week in making a dollar on the road. They have designs on Bridgeport, Torrington, Northampton, Spencer, Webster and Grafton.

"No better play could be made for New York than to take Joyce out and put Anson in charge of the club," says a veteran. "Anson is a card and a character with a great following—just the man for a city like New York, but he must be his own master to be successful."

Interest on taxes begins October 20th.

A. O. H. DEMONSTRATION

A GRAND MASS MEETING OF THE ORDER.

An important meeting of the central council of the A.O.H. was held yesterday afternoon to make final arrangements for their great demonstration, which will take place next Thursday night in their hall on Prescott street. Ex-Alderman John H. Boland of Waltham, Mass., president of Division 19 of that city, will attend the mass meeting of the order in Lowell. He will be accompanied by the degree staff of Waltham for the purpose of exemplifying the new ritual of the order. The officers will be met at the northern depot by a committee of the Lowell divisions and escorted to the American House. A reception will be held in Hibernian hall at 7.30. The exercises will commence promptly at 8 o'clock and later in the evening a smoke talk and literary exercises will take place and addresses will be delivered by prominent Hibernians of the county as well as local members.

The demonstration is the outcome of the Trenton convention and will mark a new era in Hibernianism in this county as well as throughout Massachusetts—a united A.O.H. The old members should attend this meeting and witness the result of their labors of 31 years ago when they founded this order in Lowell, which has done so much for good citizenship in this city. All Lowell Hibernians are expected to be in the hall in time to attend the reception. The reception committee comprises the presidents of the five Lowell divisions: John A. O'Hearn, of Div. 1; Michael T. McMahon, Div. 2; John Hendricks, Div. 11; Joseph McQuade, Div. 23; John O'Neil, Div. 8.

Doctors now agree that consumption is curable.

Three things, if taken together, will cure nearly every case in the first stages; the majority of cases more advanced; and a few of those far advanced.

The first is, fresh air; the second, proper food; the third, Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with hypophosphites.

To be cured, you must not lose in weight, and, if thin, you must gain. Nothing equals Scott's Emulsion to keep you in good flesh.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

THE REGISTRATION.

NAMES ADDED TO LISTS SATURDAY.

The registration Saturday afternoon and evening was quite heavy. The following names were added to the list:

Ward 1—Walter R. Gove, 36 Massachusetts corporation; Edward E. Ferris, 55 Worthen; Joseph Lefevre, 22 Lee; Dennis Leblanc, Jr., 42 Lee; William T. Erwin, 30 Worthen; John Hickey, 97 South; Fred Farrell, 30 First; Walter E. Thompson, 24 West Third; Herbert R. Baker, 24 West Third; Edward A. Shea, 40 Bridge; Daniel Burns, 196 Merrimack; Fred A. Wales, 264 Appleton.

Ward 2—Julius Brown, 22 Common; Michael Wall, 129 Tremont; George W. Haye, 19 Tremont corporation; John J. O'Connor, 135 Merrimack corporation; Joseph H. O'Brien, 54 Common; Michael Kearney, 177 Tremont.

Ward 3—Joel E. Billings, 292 Chelmsford; Arthur S. Edwards, 34 Rock; Warren Simonds, 145 Branch; Charles E. Montgomery, 23 Coral; Michael H. Sullivan, 659 Broadway; Michael Meenahan, 130 Cross; John Meehan, 451 Broadway; Thomas B. Lesuer, 41 Franklin.

Ward 4—Bernard Campion, 75 Union; Edward J. O'Hare, 13 Kidder; Thomas J. Boyle, 122 Howard; Frank E. McOsker, 80 Union; Francis J. Lonergan, 36 Mead; Joseph A. McKenna, 17 Pine Hill; Matthew D. Doyle, 67 Whipple.

Ward 5—John E. O'Garra, 67 Warren; Joseph Callahan, 556 Central; Joseph P. Wright, 104 Gorham; James T. Henley, 29 Pleasant; Daniel F. O'Callahan, 559 Central; Nicholas Halpin, 190 Gorham.

Ward 6—Charles E. Holmes, 9 Varney avenue; Fred Lefalvie, 61 Ludlam; Ephraim H. Blake, 212 Tenth.

Ward 7—Harry E. Hallowell, 11 Fourth avenue; Albert Bergeron, 325 Mammoth road; Augustus T. Holmes 170 Mt. Hope; Michael H. Donavan, 9 Hampton avenue; Exalir Forget, 70 Ford; Martin E. Hall, 48 Wamalamelt.

Ward 8—Fred C. Brown, 104 Blossom; George H. Chamberlin 1372 Middlesex; George W. A. Butters, 11 Hurd; Charles E. Chamberlain, 3 Dudley court; John C. Cook, 29 G street; Walter H. Witham, 40 Wilburn; Daniel Emerson, 114 London; John Gleason, 384 Lincoln; William B. Price, 11 Hadley; Frank S. Pearson, 106 London; Irving W. Morgan, 43 Leverett; Herbert A. Butler, 15 Harding; Charles T. Frost, 20 Marginal; Daniel Fitts, 145 Hale.

Ward 9—George E. Winter, 1104 Lawrence; James F. Monaghan, 18 Bleachery; Patrick F. Reddan, 19 South Whipple; James Regan, 34 Bourne; Daniel F. Welch, 728 Lawrence; Robert W. Bell, 51 South Whipple.

MUSIC HALL

If you wish to visit Santiago de Cuba, Porto Rico or the Philippines or in other words the much talked of scenes of the late war, it will be brought to you at the new Music Hall tonight when Al. Reeves' big double company, greater and grander than ever, makes its first appearance this season. The show this season stands without a peer with new scenery, handsome wardrobes and electrical effects. The performance will commence with a very laughable satire entitled "The Ladies of Life," in which 25 whites and 25 blacks appear, making a total number of 50 voices, introducing such people as Harry Emerson, Mitchell and Joss, Copa Sisters, Barton and Ashley, Miss Fanny Fern Thatcher, De Graf Sisters, Unique Quartette, late of the Primrose & West Minstrels, Alice Gray, phenomenal lady cornetist; Miss Zoa Bail, phenomenal contralto of her race; and last but not least, the world's greatest banjoist and comedian, Al. Reeves, concluding with an up-to-date opera burletta, "America, How Are You?" The show will be entirely clean and unsuggestive throughout. It is a refined one and such as can be attended by ladies without escorts.

SECOND BOILER TEST

CONDEMNED HIGHLAND SCHOOL BOILER STANDS 400 POUNDS PRESSURE.

The second test of the condemned boiler of the Highland school which a so-called expert pronounced unfit for service and dangerous with over five pounds of steam on was made at the city yard Saturday in the presence of several interested spectators and it knocked the statement of the expert into a cocked hat. At a test last week 200 pounds was reached. Saturday the pressure went up to 400 pounds before the supports of the crown heads were started. The boiler is 18 years old, and has thus been shown to be all right for practical use, as is the boiler at the Varnum school.

The judges were the same as before: Engineer Lyman of the Lowell Manufacturing company; F. S. Allen of the Hartford Boiler and Inspection Insurance company; Homer B. Nay, superintendent of motive power at the Lowell Machine shop.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

ENDORSED BY THE POPULISTS.

The executive council of the People's party Saturday adopted the following:

Voted, That the executive committee of the state central committee of the people's party, having been charged with the powers of the state convention for 1898 as to nominations, and the democratic party having, as we think, substantially adopted the principles for which we stand, we therefore deem it inexpedient to make nominations for state officers.

George F. Washburn, Chairman.
D. P. P. Field, Secretary.

HAMILTON GETS SECOND.

The wind-up of the New England Amateur circuit was held Saturday at Hillsgrove track at Providence. A high wind and extreme cold weather prevented fast time. J. F. Ingraham, the Lynnfield fast rider, whom Claude Hamilton of this city, had a chance of defeating, carried off the honors, winning both the mile open and the five mile handicap races. Hamilton, who has been suffering from the results of being fouled by the former at the races in Brockton, over a week ago, was not riding in usual form and the best he could do was to capture third position in the mile open and a very handsome second in the five mile handicap, both men riding from the scratch.

C. F. Keyes sold Saturday for the electric road at Fitchburg, 29 house lots, at an average price of $73 per lot. Although the day was cold and stormy, the attendance was very good and the prices were considered good for the new location.

SINGULAR STATEMENT.

From Mrs. Rank to Mrs. Pinkham.

The following letter to Mrs. Pinkham from Mrs. M. RANK, No. 2,354 East Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., is a remarkable statement of relief from utter discouragement. She says:

"I never can find words with which to thank you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me.

"Some years ago I had womb trouble and doctored for a long time, not seeing any improvement. At times I would feel well enough, and other times was miserable. So it went on until last October, I felt something terrible creeping over me, I knew not what, but kept getting worse. I can hardly explain my feelings at that time. I was so depressed in spirits that I did not wish to live, although I had everything to live for. Had hysteria, was very nervous; could not sleep and was not safe to be left alone.

"Indeed, I thought I would lose my mind. No one knows what I endured.

"I continued this way until the last of February, when I saw in a paper a testimonial of a lady whose case was similar to mine, and who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I determined to try it, and felt better after the first dose. I continued taking it, and to-day am a well woman, and can say from my heart, 'Thank God for such a medicine.'"

Mrs. Pinkham invites all suffering women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice. All such letters are seen and answered by women only.

BOND EMBEZZLER CAUGHT.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Oct. 17.—A secret service officer of Montreal has arrested R. A. Beaulieu, a defaulter from the Canadian metropolis. Up to last August Beaulieu was a discount clerk in the Montreal branch of the National Bank of Quebec. When an examination was made of the affairs of the branch by dominion officers it was found that there was a shortage. With the discovery Beaulieu and four other clerks disappeared. When an examination of the books had been completed a shortage of several thousand dollars was found. The four others implicated with Beaulieu were easily found and brought back to Montreal, where friends paid their share of the amount taken and the charge was not pressed.

BODY EATEN BY VERMIN.

Worcester, Oct. 17.—George W. Andrews, 87 years old, formerly of New York city, was found in the woods in a terrible condition. He was so weak he was unable to move, and his entire body was covered with vermin, which had eaten his flesh in various places. He was removed to the city hospital, where he died from alcoholism and exhaustion.

Andrews was a member of Munn lodge, F. and A. M., of New York. He had recently been employed by the New England Railroad company as delivery clerk. He had been drinking heavily and left his boarding place last Monday morning. Since that time nothing had been seen of him until his body was found.

STRIKES WILL BE FEWER.

New York, Oct. 17.—All the unions affiliated with the board of walking delegates have ratified the proposed agreement between the organization of employers known as the United Building Trades and the board, whereby sympathetic strikes are to be done away with and all questions in dispute will be settled by an arbitration board composed of an equal number of employers and employes.

This agreement will have no effect on the speculative builders who have an association of their own. It is thought, however, that the speculative builders will take similar action.

WELL KNOWN TO THE POLICE.

Providence, Oct. 17.—George R. Fearaby, alias James B. Allen, who was wanted by the Massachusetts district police for breaking and entering stores in the cape district, was arrested here last night. Fearaby is an alleged expert in silk stealing, and has been wanted by the Massachusetts police since last spring. He is known to the police all over New England, and has been several times in the Maine and Massachusetts state prisons and in the Massachusetts reformatory.

KILLED BY A FALL.

West Warren, Mass., Oct. 17.—Louis S. Conkey and Thomas Lavine of Brookfield were thrown from a carriage Sunday afternoon while driving down a steep hill. Conkey was instantly killed, wile Lavine received severe injuries about his head, which rendered him insensible for sometime. Conkey was 33 years old and leaves a widow and two children.

SHOT BY A HEN THIEF.

Fall River, Oct. 17.—Coleman Susmanovitz of this city found Joseph Auclair stealing hens Sunday morning, and in attempting to capture him was shot in the breast. The police succeeded in arresting Auclair, who confessed to the theft and claimed to have parents in Providence. He is 16 years old.

C. F. Keyes will hold his next special sale on Tuesday, Oct. 25. Make your entries before Thursday noon for the sale.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

THE FATAL INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL

Taken unsuspectingly in nerve tonics, has sent many a person to a drunkard's grave. This can be avoided by the use of Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, which is made ready by the simple addition of hot water. Nervous Prostration, Nervous Exhaustion, Constipation, Headache, and Indigestion are all cured by this wonderful remedy. Call on F. H. Butler, 265 Central and 391 Middlesex street, and get a trial package free. Large package, 25c.

Mr. Keyes will return to Fitchburg on Friday and Saturday of this week and sell the balance of the lots.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

575 Pieces of New Colored

DRESS GOODS

Are spread upon our counters and shelves today awaiting public inspection and sale. Of this number nearly 200 pieces were added to the stock last week, as the result of an exceedingly favorable purchase and the entire lot will be offered to day in four special lots at prices barely covering the cost of production.

Every New Color, Every New Shade, Every New Weave included in This Sale

LOT 1—36 inch Braided Effects, Satin Figured Suitings, and Fancy Jacquards, all in new, desirable fall colorings, a great bargain

At 19c. Per Yard.

LOT 2—40-inch Fancy Mixtures and new weaves in all the new fall shades, an exceptional bargain

At 25c. Per Yard.

LOT 3—36 to 44-inch New Plaids, suitable for Ladies' Waists and Misses' Dresses, in a beautiful range of colorings, positively the best value ever offered

At 50c. Per Yard.

LOT 4—45-inch All-Wool Serges in all the new fall shades, 40-inch Braided Novelties, 40-inch Venetta Mixtures in all the new weaves. These goods were actually made to retail at 75c.,

59c. Per Yard.

AN EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN IN BLACK DRESS GOODS.

FORTY pieces of Black Henrietta, Serges and Brocades, a regular 69c. value,

At 49c. Per Yard.

PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS.

TWENTY pieces of Black Brocade Silks in several different patterns, 18 to 22 inches wide, are extraordinary bargains

At 39c. and 49c. Per Yard.

OUR entire stock of Colored Taffeta Silks, plain and shaded, in every conceivable color,

At 79c. Per Yard.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

BASE BALL.

A meeting of the friends of the players of the Boston base ball team was held Thursday night and arrangements were made for a monster benefit and testimonial to be held at Music Hall, Boston, next Thursday night.

Various sub-committees were appointed and already talent enough has volunteered to make the affair a howling success. In addition to the pleasure of showing appreciation of the great work done by the boys on the ball team, those who go to the benefit will see an entertainment that will certainly surpass anything of the kind before held.

Hon. John F. Dever is chairman of the committee on arrangements and Michael T. Callahan will be stage manager. His Honor Mayor Quincy will be present and will congratulate the boys on behalf of the city of Boston. It is expected that Manager Frank Selee and Captain Hugh Duffy will reply for the boys. They will have to speak, though, as neither of claims to be a "speechifier."

Many prominent business men of the city have entered into the scheme to give the boys a grand reception and C. E. Osgood has agreed to furnish the printed programs.

The tickets will be 50 cents, $1 and $1.50. Every person who buys a ticket not at the box office will be charged $1 and that check when presented at the box office will be good for a $1 ticket. If a person wants a $1.50 ticket, he will have to present the check and 50 cents. Tickets will be for exchange at the box office at Music Hall tomorrow at 10 o'clock.

Charley Lewis is treasurer of the committee and he has kindly been given desk room at the store of C. E. Osgood on Washington street where checks and donations may be sent to him.

The committee of arrangements consists of J. F. Dever, chairman; William Emerson, T. J. Daly, C. E. Osgood, James Murphy "Tom" McCarthy, Dennis Mahoney, Minh Murphy, Robt. Callahan, Thomas J. Boiles, M. J. Sullivan, George Appleton, John Keenan, Charles J. Lavis, John Bruen, Joseph Sheehan, M. T. Callahan, M. W. O'Brien, Edward M. Curran, Hugh Devine, Charles Devine, Dr. O'Callahan, Daniel Sullivan, Michael J. Moore, Charles H. Bryant, Joseph Keough, Joseph Ricker, T. F. Galvin, John Drohan, Hon. J. F. Fitzgerald, J. Mitchell Galvin, Peter Conway, Edward Daly, Wilfred J. Doyle, Michael McCreerey, Thomas Donahue, Charles A. Kelley, Bernard Lennon, George Milbank, Daniel J. Kiley, Joseph Mahoney, C. James Connelly, John Irwin, William S. McNary, Alexander Hill, William Galvin, Dr. John Treanor, Edward Masterson, Edward F. McLaughlin, Captain William Daly, James Sullivan, Harry Dolan, Edward Gould, Dr. Coolidge, Dr. John Adams, James Russell, William Harrison, Hon. Joseph O'Neil, Hon. James A. Gallivan, Frank P. Norton, Arthur Dixwell and John Mahoney.

Coupons to be presented at the box office will be on sale at all the sporting places in the city and suburbs.

Charles F. Miles,
FLORIST,
492 MERRIMACK ST. LOWELL.
For the past 14 years with John Oliver.

AN ARRAY

Of Ladies' Shoes made to protect the feet from the inclemency of the weather, which is so prevalent at this time of the year.

They are HAND SEWED SHOES, made from plump Dongola stock, with half double soles and kid tips, very stylish and comfortable. They do away with the annoyance of rubbers.

$3 a Pair.

J. J. LONERGAN.
215 DUTTON ST.

MONEY BRINGS COMFORT

but you must know how to spend it. Get Dows' Headache Powders—3 for only 10c.—and you get head comfort. Instant relief. Never fails. 389 Central St.

E. C. Stanwood & Co.,

Bankers,

121 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

Investment Bonds.

Lists Sent On Application.

A BEDROOM SUITE

With bevel plate glass, nicely carved bed, fine antique finish, all complete, for

$15.00.

They are all right.

DINING TABLES.

An elegant Solid Oak Polished Top, 6 ft. Extension Table, for only

$5.00.

WOOD STOVES, only $2.50.
OIL STOVES for $3.00.

GAYNOR & CO.
95 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

SEEN BETTER DAYS

There are at least two local papers with less than one-fifth the circulation of THE SUN. They may have seen better days, but the only remnant of their former glory is the high price they charge for advertising.

If the price they ask is a fair one, THE SUN would be justified in asking five times as much, but we do not ask even twice as much. Don't you see why advertising in THE SUN is the cheapest in Lowell?

THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two papers in the city. It is in every respect

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

The Bostons have won the national base ball championship by a season of hard and honest work by which they did much to popularize and elevate the national game in the face of many obstacles.

Mayor Ramsdell of Lynn has been nominated for congress in the seventh district and will make a gallant battle for victory. His friends predict that he will be a member of the next congress.

We are to have a number of vassal states, including Hawaii, Porto Rico and Cuba, with the possibility of the Philippines coming in later, but only the possibility, for the United States has thus far captured only a single city of a territory that has a population of fifteen millions.

The city of Holyoke is greatly excited over the discovery that Tax Collector Keough has defrauded the city to the amount of $18,000. It is probable that his bondsmen will have to settle a large amount. The examination of the books shows that Mr. Keough had the privilege of doing as he pleased with the city's money. Holyoke has learned a valuable lesson although the experience is not likely to bring an immediate return.

Speaking of the democratic nominees on the state ticket, the Lawrence Tribune says:

"Lawrence should roll up a large majority for the democratic candidate for governor. Party considerations do not weigh so much as local pride. If Lawrence should not substantially appreciate the honor conferred by his nomination, it might be many a long day before a similar honor would come this way. Again, if Mr. Bruce's own city should give his candidacy ample recognition the fact would be of advantage to the city in many ways." Not only as a question of local but of party pride will Lowell give its loyal support to the entire ticket. Apart from local pride, there is ample reason for supporting the democratic ticket, when we consider that by outrageous gerrymanders the republican legislature has practically disfranchised half the voters of the state, so that a one-sided General Court can pass whatever measures the lobbyists demand and stand against all measures that would benefit the masses.

DRAW THE CURTAIN.

Nothing can show the farcical character of the war investigation more clearly, than the fact that whenever a witness states a fact that would reflect upon the war department, the commissioners at once become indignant; they catechize the witness in the most merciless manner and endeavor to disconcert him or else make him retract. This was peculiarly noticeable in the treatment of Dr. Seaman, who made some plain statements which the commission did not like. It is useless to carry the farce any further. Give up the whitewashing game and go home, gentlemen. Nobody expects an honest report.

THE MAIL'S QUIBBLING.

The Sun again protests against discussion of national issues like the silver question and the policy of expansion. Indeed we thought from what Mr. Flynn had to say in opposition to the republican party's attitude on these questions that he was quite willing to make his campaign along these lines. Evidently the democracy has heard something from—Mail.

The Sun has never protested against the discussion of the silver question or the proposition to restore the money of the constitution but what The Sun has protested against is the evident intention to delude the people by promising a speedy return of prosperity from the outlet for trade from the Philippines. The Philippines have not yet been taken by the United States, and if they had been there is no just ground for assuming that the Philippine market will bring back prosperity to this country. Such a prediction would be as preposterous and delusive as the promises of business revival made by the Mail, Mr. Knox, President McKinley, and all the republican shouters in the fall of 1896. McKinley's election did not bring back prosperity and it is foolishness to suppose that the future acquisition of the Philippines will afford the United States a market for surplus products.

The Van Wycks seem to have a great graft on New York. If Judge Van Wyck should happen to be elected governor of New York, then he and his brother will be a very important power, considering the large number of people they represent. The Van Wycks are born democrats and it was this fact that led to the selection of Judge Van Wyck as a candidate for governor while his brother rules the Greater New York.

THE MAIL'S OPPORTUNITY.

The Lawrence Tribune has answered the Lowell Mail's criticism of Senator Flynn as follows:

"The Lowell Mail wants to know what Senator Flynn has done that he should be sent to congress. It is a fair question. Mr. Flynn has been instrumental in having beneficent laws placed upon the statute book of Massachusetts. He has given the governor of the state the cue for a ringing veto of the Whitney gas bill—that gigantic conspiracy to control the gas interests of the state. He has placed the manufacturers of Massachusetts on record as not caring to have their books and papers examined while pleading poverty and cutting down the meagre wages of their helpless employes.

"It is a fair question to ask the Lowell Mail what Congressman Knox has done in the interest of the people of this district during the four years he served in congress.

REPORT OF DEATHS.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 15.

6—Thomas J. Higgins, 27, typhoid fever.
7—Anna Lynn, 65, heart disease.
8—Ruth E. Goldsmith, 80, old age.
Ann Baxter, 67, apoplexy.
Mary Kneisey, 40, nephritis.
Jennie E. Lyons, 29, pneumonia.
Katie T. Gill, 11, nephritis.
Arthur Garlick, 10, disease of vertebrae.
—— Coyle, 20 minutes, atelectasis.
9—Samuel Blood, 77, intestinal obstruction.
John A. Roe, 46, pneumonia.
Edward McNamara, 30, pneumonia.
Florence Leblanc, 1, chol. infl.
Yvonne Parent, 1, enteritis.
Joseph U. Desforges, 4 mos., diarrhœa.
Mary Leblanc, 18 days, scrofula.
10—William H. Parker, 81, heart disease.
Betsey A. Jones, 71, paralysis.
Patrick Hart, 69, paresis.
John F. Williams, 48, acute cardiac dilatation.
Henry W. Dixon, 42, suicide.
Michael Valleley, 41, pthisis.
Patrick E. Donahue, 28, peritonitis.
Mary C. Gluty, 20, consumption.
Mary Whaley, 19, typhoid fever.
Earl Oakes, 1, bronchitis.
Dora Fury, 1, tuberculosis.
Edward Hulslander, 2 mos., bronchitis.
11—Eliza A. Wescott, 76, apoplexy.
Jean B. Page, 19, gastro-enteritis.
Jason F. Greenleaf, 1, whooping cough.
Leo Mahan, 7 mos., bronchitis.
Martin A. Archambault, 4 mos., marasmus.
12—Elizabeth Farrell, 43, bronchitis.
Marie A. Rocheville, 1, brain disease.
John McCarthy, 10 mos., enteritis.
George A. Chounard, 3 mos., chol. infl.
13—Arabel Davis, 80, senile senilis.
Marie Lallumme, 70, senility.
Henry Woods, 29, endocarditis.
Henry Kearin, 16, phthisis.
Hannah McCarty, 16, peritonitis.
Camille Lacroix, 7, nephritis.
Joseph Smith, 4, heart disease.
14—Henry Stewart, 6 mos., whooping cough.
Arthur Rondeau, 2 mos., chol. infl.

Girard P. Dadman,
City Clerk.

COLLINSVILLE.

The Jolly Eight club of Collinsville will hold their annual concert and ball at Willow Dale, November 4, this year. John Laffey, the well known club swinger, has been elected general manager. It will be remembered by those who were to attend last year that the old pavilion at Willow Dale where the the dance was to have been held, was burned to the ground in the afternoon of the Jolly Eight evening. This time, however, the managers report that there will be nothing to burn but fun.

The closing of Willow Dale and Lakeview deprives the younger residents of the pleasure of the every evening dance.

A good story is going the rounds about a certain young man who attended one of the social functions of the town and became too interested about the time the last "caboose" was leaving for a spot on the map with a 24 hour miles distant from here, and was almost obliged to go a "Paul Revere walk" at midnight. The incident occurred some time ago but it is still fresh in the memory of those who know of it.

The Collinsville football eleven are seeking an acquisition to their team. In Jimmy Shines they will find a good strong man.

The social season will soon be inaugurated at the club house. All remember the good old dances enjoyed there.

A bowling club will soon be formed by James Rogers and Frank Kiernan for the purpose of entering in a Lowell tournament.

The Juniper Juniors, whose dances were thoroughly enjoyed last season, will soon reorganize for '98-'99. James Doherty presided at last year's meeting and it is probable that he will be re-elected.

Harry Burke, the local Sun agent, is doing a booming business. He has not the agency for more than a year and is rapidly increasing his list of subscribers.

CRISP GOSSIP.

If the gentleman who is making evening calls in School and Grove streets should find a door unfastened I wonder what he would do. Most likely he would enter uninvited, but then he might be welcome in some homes. If he would confide in some of our good, tired policemen and tell them what he is trying to discover, in the homes of that locality, those same tired policemen might be able to assist him.

I met Tom Ramsay of the Belvidere last night just out after a few days' illness. "I tell you," he said, "every soldier who comes home suffering from malaria should have a pension. He will need it to pay his doctor's bills if nothing else, for malaria is a disease that you can hardly ever completely overcome. It may let up for a year or so but it is sure to come back and hang on and on. I know its peculiar tenacity" said he with an air of personal knowledge that reminded me that he himself had contracted the disease many years ago and that he still suffers from it at irregular intervals.

A Tempter

of fickle appetites, a builder of muscles and nerves, a healthful, digestible, economical aid to every meal, between meals and for picnics and excursions

Favorite MILK BISCUIT. Sold everywhere. Made only by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

COLD BLOODED CRIME

Man and His Four Children Found Butchered.

Bodies Were Mutilated With an Axe—Wife and Mother Missing and Suspected—Gold Seeker Recovers Absconding Bride and Stolen Fortune.

Winnipeg, Oct. 17.—A Dominion City dispatch says that a cold blooded butchery took place in the Gallician settlement, east of there, sometime Saturday night. A Gallician and his four children were found dead in their house by a neighbor. The wife is missing, and is suspected to be guilty of the crime. The weapon used was an ax. The man's head was nearly severed from his body, and the children's bodies were more or less mutilated. It is understood the man and woman had frequently quarrelled.

Comptroller Tracewell of the treasury department has decided that postoffice inspectors are entitled to a per diem of $4 for expenses only when on duty outside of offices, as the law provides that they shall be actually engaged in the field in order to obtain such allowance. Before the act of congress, which went into operation July 1, inspectors received the per diem for every day they were on duty no matter what its character.

A HAPPY KLONDIKER.

New York, Oct. 17.—Charles Van Alstine, a Klondike miner, whose bride of a few months ran away and led him a lively chase across the sea, is again on American soil. Mrs. Van Alstine is with him.

Van Alstine "struck it rich" in the Klondike and sold out his interest in a claim for a cool $50,000 and started back home. He met a woman of whom he knew little beyond the fact that she lived in San Francisco, and married her. They came to this city, and he intrusted his wealth, consisting mainly of drafts, to her. She took a steamer for England at once as possible. Detectives traced her there, and her husband followed after her. There was a reconciliation in London, and the western man got his money back.

PEACE AND PROSPERITY

Must come soon. Until the war is ended we have concluded to bear our share of the war tax by putting our ROCHESTER LAGER at the

Ante Bellum Price,

$1.25 per case of 24 bottles. A large invoice of fresh beer just in.

JOHN M. PEVEY,
65-67 MIDDLE STREET.
Tel. 452-3.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

Middlesex, ss.

PROBATE COURT.

To PATRICK MAHONEY, executor of the will of MICHAEL HAYES, late of Billerica, in said county of Middlesex, deceased.

You are Required to sell at public auction, at any time within one year from the date hereof, the following described parcel of real estate of said deceased for the payment of his debts and charges of administration, to wit: 1. A parcel of land situated in Carlisle, in said county, being shown on plan of land entitled "Plan of the Parker Farm as surveyed for Evans Cushing, Geo. H. Robbins, Surveyor," bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone bound at the northwesterly corner of the premises at land now or formerly of said MICHAEL HAYES, thence running southerly on said Hayes' land 52 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly 5 rods to an angle; thence southerly 9 1-2 rods to an angle; thence in the same course 7 3-4 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly 6 rods to an angle; thence still in the same course 8 3-4 rods to a corner at land of one Brown; thence southwesterly along said Brown land 56 rods to an angle; thence southeasterly along said Brown land 16 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly along said Brown land and land of one Hilliard 48 rods to an angle; thence westerly along said last named land 13 3-4 rods to an angle; thence southerly along said last named land 11 rods to an angle; thence still in the same course 25 3-4 rods to the road leading from said Carlisle to Lowell in said county; thence running easterly, southeasterly and northeasterly along said road as shown on said plan to an angle; thence running northeasterly along said road 16 3-4 rods to an angle; thence still in the same direction 7 3-4 rods to a corner bound at land of one Hayes, supposed; thence northwesterly along last named land 23 rods to an angle; thence northeasterly 13 1-4 rods to an angle; thence still in the same course 10 rods to an angle; thence northerly 22 rods to an angle; thence northeasterly 12 rods to an angle still on said Hayes' land; thence northwesterly along said last named land 31 rods to an angle; thence northwesterly 6 3-4 rods to a stone bound to the point of beginning. Containing 57 acres, more or less. 2. Also a certain other lot of land containing 130 acres, more or less, with the buildings thereon situated in the southwest part of said Billerica, divided into two pieces and described as follows: The first piece contains 100 acres, bounded, beginning at the northeast corner, thence southerly on the Triple Cove Brook, so called, about 67 rods as the road runs to a corner of the wall at land of the late James Parker; thence northwesterly on said Parker's land about 29 rods to the corner of a wall; thence northerly on said Parker's land and land of the heirs of D. P. Winning to a corner; thence northwesterly on the wall on said heirs' land about 25 rods, more or less, to land of Stephen J. Nickless; thence northerly on said Nickless' land to the road leading by the dwelling house on the premises; thence on said road easterly to a point opposite said house; thence across said road nearly at right angles on land of Joel Dix about 5 rods to the corner of the wall; thence easterly on said Dix land to a corner of a wall thereon; southerly about 6 rod and across said road to a point opposite the easterly corner of the house; thence on said road again easterly to the point of beginning. The second piece contains about 30 acres, situated in the northerly part of said Carlisle, bounded: Beginning at the northeast corner thereof at land of the late Jonas Parker and heirs of D. P. Winning; thence southerly as the wall now stands on land of said Parker to the corner of the wall about 80 rods; thence westerly on said Parker land about 89 rods to a stake and stone at land now or late of W. Richardson; thence northerly on said Richardson land about 27 rods to a stake and stones at land of Asa Nickless; thence easterly on said Nickless land about 60 rods to the point of beginning.

You are required to give public notice of the time and place of such sale, by publishing a notification thereof once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell and, within one year after such sale, return your affidavit of having given such notice, with a copy thereof, to the Probate Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, at Cambridge, this sixth day of September, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

—S. H. Folsom, Register.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamers)
S.S. "CANADA" (New)
5000 Tons, has been appointed to sail as follows:
THURSDAY, SEPT. 29, 1:00 P. M.
S. S. New England
THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 3:00 P. M.
ST. LAWRENCE SERVICE.
Steamers from Montreal every Thursday.
Saloon passage $75 and upwards, according to location and steamer.
Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $35 to London $30. Steerage Passage $23.
For passage, plans and information apply to the company's office, 115 State street, Boston, or to Lowell to
Dennis Murphy, Agt., 18 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen streets; F. B. Lewis, 5 Prescott street; D. A. Bernstein, 790 Gorham street.

DRAWING SCHOOL MATERIALS

W. T. S. BARTLETT
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
153 Merrimack Street

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. Safe. Always reliable. Ladies ask druggist for Chi-ches-ter's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all druggists. PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Dun, C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER
is a positive and perfectly safe cure for baldness. NO DYE.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Merchants and Travelling Men
having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at
Hotel Albert, New York.
COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
[One block from Broadway cars.]
Rooms, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.
Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district.
Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.,
is the ONLY FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS and SHORTHAND TRAINING SCHOOL in this part of New England, dearer than Boston and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

BREVOORT HOUSE
NEW YORK,
Home-like Hotel of Envious Reputation.
FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.
The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unequalled for business and sight-seeing, all the cabs and rapid transit lines passing within two blocks of the door.
The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.
The regular tariff charge for each person will be: European Plan, $1 and upwards, American Plan, $3 and upwards.
JAMES & MEYER, Props.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Three Nights Commencing Monday, October 17, Matinee Wednesday.
Al. Reeves' BIG BURLESQUE CO.
Of 25—Whites—25 and 25 Blacks—25.
Presenting Comedy, Vaudeville, Minstrel, Opera and Burlesque. All New Scenery and Grand Electrical Effects.
Oct. 20, 21 and 22, with Saturday Matinee, the Musical Burlesque Company of the Twentieth Century, the
BUTTERFLY BURLESQUERS!
23—Handsome Ladies—23.
10—Great Comedians—10.
10—Strong Specialties—10.
Beautiful Wardrobe.
New and Elegant Scenery.

BIJOU THEATRE
Merrimack Street, Opposite City Hall.
Fellis vaudeville. Continuous show from 1 to 5 10 and 7 to 10.30 p. m. Admission—All down stairs 10c., gallery 5c. Ladies 5c. to any seat.

Expenses of Living Must Be Kept Down
We will help you. To commence with, we quote you a few prices which cannot help to draw you to our store. For 25c. you can buy
2 lbs. Round Steak, or
4 qts. Cranberries.
4 Classes Mustard.
20 lbs. Sweet Potatoes.
Half Bushel Beets.
Half Bushel Turnips.
3 lbs. Frankfurts.
3 lbs. Sausages.
3 lbs. Bologna.
Best Sirloin Steak 15c. to 20c. lb.
Roast Beef from 5c. to 12c. lb. Leg Lamb 12c. lb.
Central Cash Market, Cor. Central Charles Sts.

COME OVER AND HAVE COAL
Your Order With
WM. E. LIVINGSTON
15 Thorndike Street.
WHERE OTHERS OFTEN WOOD BEAL

BAY STATE Dye House
Poverty is no crime, but to be a penny wise and a pound foolish is what most of the people are and if they were not they would not throw their old clothes away when they are not half worn out, and this applies to the ladies as well as gents.
Now what we wish to say is that we know just where you can save dimes and often dollars by bringing your old winter clothing to the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
54 Prescott Street.
and when we get done with them they will look almost as good as new. Just give them a trial order and you will feel like thanking us for our advice.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the

TAX LIST FOR 1898,

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any taxable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.

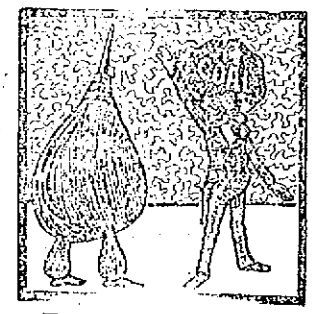
All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.



You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
FRANK BARNARD.
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
JAMES CALNIN.
D. T. FINNEGAN.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $18; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 Suits for $25. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 140 and 142 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Leo Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummuck, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of flats with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and repaired at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke for sale, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office will be promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6,031 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on demand all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St., Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

DR. DONEHUE, Runels Building.
DENTIST.

DRAWING PENCILS

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 5th, at No. 7 Park Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing, Painting and Medels, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
3 HILDRETH BUILDING.

HELP NOT REQUIRED

Government Fully Able to Provide for the Sick.

Sternberg Tells Why Supplies Were Sometimes Lacking—Letter to the President Says No Intervention is Necessary—The Commission Gone South.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The following letter from the surgeon-general of the army was written in reply to one sent to the president by A. D. Orr, vice-chairman of the Red Cross relief committee: "I have received the copy of your letter to the president. In answer to your question as to 'Why the intervention of the Red Cross relief committee should be longer needed, and why the government does not see to it that its own sick are provided for,' I would say: The emergencies of the war made the assistance of relief associations most valuable, notwithstanding the fact that it is the intention of the government to provide liberally for the care of sick soldiers, but, as you know, with ample means and good intentions supplies cannot always be provided at the proper place and time to meet an emergency. Moreover, at the outset of the war the arrangements made for providing light diet for the sick, which had proved satisfactory in time of peace, were inadequate, owing to the conditions which prevailed in our camps of instruction and among troops engaged in active operations. For this reason the presence of Red Cross agents, with their abundant supplies of delicacies for the sick, has been of inestimable value.

"But provision was made by a general order published Aug. 10 by which surgeons in charge of hospitals, general divisional or regimental, are enabled to draw 60 cents per day for each sick enlisted man of the army in lieu of his regular ration. Up to that time the commutation value of a ration was only 30 cents. The medical department does not supply food for the sick in hospitals. This is obtained from the commissary department, or by purchase wherever it can be procured. I enclose herewith a list showing the articles which can be purchased from the commissary, which list, as you will see, includes canned soups, tapioca, crackers, jellies, tea, butter, etc. Milk, chickens and eggs, fresh vegetables, etc., are purchased wherever they can be obtained.

"The medical department furnishes a few articles, under the head of 'hospital stores,' including condensed milk, sugar and tea; but no other food supplies are furnished by the medical department, or can be properly paid for from the medical and hospital appropriation. Of course, if the commissary department fails to provide these supplies and they cannot be purchased in the vicinity of a camp or hospital, the difficulty of providing proper food for the sick would be very great, and under such conditions the supplies of the relief associations have been most welcome; but the amount now allowed by the government is ample to provide everything necessary in the way of suitable diet for the sick, and when there is any failure to provide this it is a failure in administration by those immediately in charge, and not a failure of the government to provide the necessary means.

"You will no doubt agree with me that 60 cents a day for the raw material from which to prepare a proper diet for the sick is a most liberal provision. The experience of medical officers shows that it is not only ample, but excessive, and that for sick men, living for the most part upon milk, weak soups and farinaceous foods, this is much in excess of any reasonable requirement.

"Under the circumstances I think those patriotic and liberal citizens who have contributed so freely to aid in the care of our sick soldiers may now leave the matter in the hands of the government without any apprehension as to the results."

COMMISSION GONE SOUTH.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The war investigating commission left Sunday for the south. The party comprised 24 persons, who expect practically to live on the train during the absence from Washington. It has been fitted out with the view of rendering the party comfortable, and at the same time making it possible for the members to pursue their labors very much as if they were in their quarters in Washington. It consists of a combination baggage and parlor smoker, dining car, a sleeper composed exclusively of drawing rooms for the members of the commission, a 12-section double drawing room sleeper and the private car of General Dodge, chairman of the commission. Jacksonville was reached at noon.

GARCIA CALLED ON WOOD.

Santiago, Oct. 17.—General Calixto Garcia desires to contradict the statement made by several newspapers that he is receiving pay from the United States government for his assistance in disbanding the Cuban troops. He declares that he is a patriot and is not in need of money. Garcia had a long interview with General Wood yesterday, requesting transportation to San Cruz del Sur. He told General Wood it was important for him to be there "in order to frustrate the plot to overthrow the supremacy of those who had fought for Cuba for three years and to put in their places noncombatants and immigrants." General Wood agreed to provide him with transportation by the Bessie on her next trip to Manzanillo.

Saturday night five American teamsters got into an altercation with three policemen, with the result that one teamster was killed. Sometime afterward the other teamsters attacked a policeman, whom they disarmed and beat severely. The four are under arrest.

AN ERRONEOUS REPORT.

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 17.—A statement having appeared that the health of the army post at Sullivan's island was causing the commandant much concern, and that 400 men were sick in quarters, Colonel J. B. Rawles emphatically denies the truthfulness of the assertion. He says: "The sanitary features of the post and the sickness throughout the command have never been, nor are they now such as to occasion apprehension, for the ailments have not generally been of a nature to occasion concern."

DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY.

Madrid, Oct. 17.—The conservative organ renews the suggestion of a semi-official paper regarding arbitration between the United States and Spain. It says: "The negotiations at present are going on without touching the question of the Philippines, which is most obscure and which lends itself to the gravest dissensions. Owing to the vagueness and lack of clearness of the protocol, the commissioners are meeting with serious difficulties. It has been said that if our adversaries are obstinate in their exaggerated demands, Mr. Sagasta should address the European governments, asking arbitration at least upon the points as to which an agreement should not be reached; but in view of the electoral struggle now in full vigor in the United States and of the declamations of the jingo press, which affirms without limits the rights of the conqueror, it is safe to assume that a request for arbitration would be without avail and serve no other purpose than loss of time."

INSOLENCE OF INSURGENTS.

Manila, Oct. 17.—The insurgents at Lagaspi have prevented an American steamer from loading or unloading, on the ground that there were Spaniards on board. They also refused to allow an officer of the Raleigh to land without permission of General Aguinaldo.

COUNTERFEITER CAUGHT.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Chief Wilkie of the secret service has been informed of the arrest at Swainsboro, Ga., of Thomas F. Pierce, on a charge of having in his possession raised notes and moulds for making counterfeit coins. Pierce, representing himself as a private detective, wrote the bureau recently that he knew the hiding place of a fugitive counterfeiter. He informed a secret service detective, who was sent to investigate the matter, that he wanted $30 for expenses and a guarantee of $400 reward for the capture of the counterfeiter, which the detective was not authorized to furnish.

Pierce then repeated his offer to the bureau, adding that he had in his possession incriminating evidence against the counterfeiters, consisting of moulds for making coin and raised notes. The case looked so suspicious that Chief Wilkie ordered the arrest of Pierce, and he was taken to Atlanta. The detective found in his possession two $5 notes raised to $50, moulds for making silver dollars and 50-cent pieces, and a quantity of spurious coin.

BRUTES OF MEN.

London, Oct. 17.—With an important act enabling prisoners to testify in their own defense, which has hitherto not been permitted in England, there also came into operation a law framed with a view to ridding London of a vile phase of life which has increased rapidly in recent years. A magistrate may now sentence to hard labor as a rogue and vagabond a man whom the police know to be living off the proceeds of a woman's prostitution. Hitherto these women have been so degraded and terrorized that they would not prosecute these men even when brutally ill-treated by them.

The fellows hitherto have frequented nightly the haunts of impurity, knowing that the police did not dare to interfere with them. The new law is being rigorously enforced, and as a consequence the exodus of ruffians from the notorious quarters has already begun. They are mostly going to South Africa.

SUNDAY LAWS ENFORCED.

Buffalo, Oct. 17.—The police authorities, acting under instructions from the police board, enforced in the most rigorous manner yesterday every Sunday law, old or new, that was on their books. In consequence not a drink was to be had at any price; cheap clothing stores were tightly locked, and grocery and meat merchants were tied down to the letter of the law. Almost open defiance of the Raines law by hotels and saloons brought about the action.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs, only

"LONG LIVE ARMY"

The Cry That is Heard in France.

CHEERS FOR THE POWER THAT THREATENS REPUBLIC.

Appalling Corruption Among Army Officers.

Paris, Oct. 17.—The dedication of a monument to the soldiers of France who fell in the Franco-Prussian war, which took place Sunday at Chaumont, General Chanoine, the minister of war presiding, furnished an opportunity for a demonstration in favor of the army, which many societies seized, marching past the monument and shouting "Live the army."

The socialist party met and denounced governmental interference with the right to strike. A resolution was adopted declaring that "the whole socialist revolutionary party is united in defence of the republic, and will not permit the military conspiracy to lay its hand upon the liberties of the people." The socialists have organized a vigilance committee "to frustrate the military conspiracy."

The struggle between the military and civil powers, for that is the real nature of the crisis, has reached a dangerous stage, and a coup d'etat any time within the next month would be by no means an unnatural outcome. Given a man of even moderate popularity and ambition, and such an event would be the almost inevitable product of the present conditions. But while France still idolizes the army, the French temperament demands a single incarnation of its worship before it will tolerate forcible usurpation in any name or any cause. However, the military hero does not exist, and no committee of the general staff can take his place.

General Zurlinden is a dangerous figure, and has shown himself ready to use high-handed methods within a few weeks. Moreover, as governor of Paris, he possesses all the weapons necessary for seizing the government. He would be able if, as is probably the case, he could rely upon the troops he commands, to proclaim himself or his nominee military dictator tomorrow. He has been at it within ten days to fill Paris with soldiers. This nominally was done because of the strike, but everybody knows that this is absurd. The police, with the 20,000 men of the ordinary garrison in reserve, are ample to deal with any strike emergency that is likely to arise. He brought from the provinces 23 additional battalions of infantry and six cavalry regiments, which are quartered in the parks and public grounds, and the city is like an armed camp. Fully 40,000 soldiers now occupy the capital, and their presence naturally excites public uneasiness.

It is generally understood that the revision or the disclosure of the history of the Dreyfus case, whereto Mr. Brisson is committed, will reveal appalling corruption among the members of the general staff whose names have been mentioned, and it is now clear that they will stop short of nothing to avert the ruin which threatens them. Men who resort to forgery or false evidence would hardly hesitate, in a desperate situation, to undertake revolution, if they believed there was even a small chance of success, but the stern ascetic who is prime minister of France knows the men with whom he has to deal and knows their desperation.

FACTS AS TO SHIPPING.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Complete returns received by the navigation bureau of the treasury department show that the documented American merchant shipping on June 30 comprised 22,705 vessels of 4,749,788 gross tons, compared with 22,633 vessels of 4,769,020 tons on the like date in 1897. The decrease of 19,282 tons is more apparent than real, as 11,000 tons of this amount are due to dropping fractions of tonnage in the accounts, and 66,712 tons were sold to the navy and war departments to carry troops, supplies and provisions, and have merely changed employers. The total steam tonnage amounts to 6712 vessels of 2,371,023 tons, compared with 6539 vessels of 2,359,558 tons for the previous year.

Tonnage on the Atlantic and gulf coasts has dropped from 2,617,796 tons for 1897 to 2,563,739 tons for 1898. The great lakes tonnage amounted to 1,437,500 tons, as compared with 1,410,103 tons. The new Alaskan trade has increased the Pacific coast marine from 439,012 tons to 456,767 tons. Western rivers have decreased from 272,109 tons to 261,732 tons. New York state retains the first place, with tonnage reduced from 1,331,743 to 1,299,825 tons; Michigan is still second, with a reduction from 477,602 to 458,100 tons, and Ohio stands third, with 295,618 tons, an increase of about 6000 tons. The greatest increase is in Washington, from 97,976 to 152,187 tons, and Alaska, from 3921 to 9755 tons. New England shows a large decrease, and the gulf states an appreciable increase.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
Dr. Williams' Mfg. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Evening Classes Begin Oct. 17.
Special entrance examination in Arithmetic and English on Friday, Oct. 14, at 7 p. m.
Art Students Now Received.
Prof. George will continue his classes as usual both day and evening. Apply immediately.

WANTED.

WANTED—Salesmen on well-known line of lubricating oils and specialties. Address, Refinery, 705 Guiseppe Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—A good all round laborer. No amateurs need apply. Martin, 478 Market street.

WANTED—A partner with $100 to invest in a profitable amusement enterprise. Address M. E. Cushing, 106 Church street, Lowell, Mass.

WORK WANTED—Washing, ironing and house work wanted by Mrs. Brondel, 230 Main street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their old felt hats dyed and blocked in the latest shapes at the Hat Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street, up stairs.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 90 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. D. T. Hicks, Room 24, Ben Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred F. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT NOONAN'S?—Yes, you want Noonan's. It's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. F. Moore's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Dows, D. O'Brien's and Storey & Co's.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A horse blanket, in the vicinity of City Hall, Saturday night. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Frank Nugent, Merrimack street depot.

LOST—On Monday a pair of eye glasses. Finder will be rewarded at 364 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

TO LET—New house with eight rooms, 219 Stevens street. Furnace heat, cemented cellar, set tubs, and all modern improvements. Enquire of Walter B. Howe, 815 Summer street.

TO LET CHEAP—A small tenement opposite Highland hall. Inquire at 128 Branch street.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 255 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. G. H. Elliott, 50 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $18 a month. Apply at 818 High street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 262 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—81 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!
It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood, old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all regular self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago, Ill. Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

LANTERNS
FOR
House, Mill, Stable Carriage
And out-of-door use. Lantern Globes in white, red and blue. Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed, furnished.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

IF
PETER WATSON
Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.
Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.
Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

Our Stand
Is at 400 Merrimack St.
We can fit your feet with Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Reliable goods, lowest prices. That's the economy.
F. E. LABARGE, Prop.
CITY HALL SHOE STORE
400 Merrimack St.

It is Easy to Love
your neighbor as yourself when your neighbor is a pretty girl. It is just as easy to take Dows' Cough Wafers, because they're like candy. They relieve that hacking and coughing. 361 Central St.

Sewing Machines
For $24.00
You can buy the same machine that others sell for $40. We have no canvassers; you get the benefit of buying of the maker.
Ring's Big Store
221-229 DUTTON ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A first class confectionery store on one of the principal streets doing a good cigar, tobacco and fruit trade. Owner buying other business is obliged to sell. Call at this office.

FOR SALE—Trimmed hats of every description; lowest prices in Lowell. Turban, all trimmed, for $1.50 and $1.75. Ladies can save from 25 to 50 per cent. by buying their hats from Mlle. Maxine Lepine, the milliner, 537 Moody street, cor Race.

WAGONS—My immensing stock of high grade democrats, concords, square rig goes, panel side wagons, together with a variety of foul hand wagons, buggies, etc., will be offered at very low figures to close. J. F. Libby, 60 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—11 acre farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electric. Enjoy terms; price only $850. T. H. Elliott, 50 Central street.

CALL at 389 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 11 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 173 Lingoln street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 156 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 6000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 6000 feet, 60x100, on a 50 foot street, 11 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $450, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1123 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hairdressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 15 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSULT MADAM GLENDENING, scientific palmist. Advice on love, business, marriage, tells past and future, also locates diseases, etc. 161 Appleton street.

RENT PAYS FOR HOME.
WILL BUY or build for you both house and lot; comparatively nothing required down. For particulars call or write AMERICAN INVESTORS' CO., 137 Central St., Lowell. Office hours 2 to 8 p. m.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.
CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 165 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

If You Want Clean, Bright
COAL
Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the
Middlesex Coal Co.
6 FLETCHER STREET,
And order now.
H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.
Telephone 570-2.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choicest Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

YOUR WORN OUT
Carriage will be taken for what its worth in exchange for any carriage built by us.
We build to order only, and every carriage we build is guaranteed by us. We would like to talk with you about carriages.
SAWYER Carriage Company
Worthen St., Lowell.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Gately, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The Farragut has under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey (Clerks) H. Gervais

Millinery, Millinery
EVERYBODY IS TALKING MILLINERY.
So Are We
Our line of Millinery includes all the latest novelties in trimmed and untrimmed Hats, shapes, feathers, flowers and ribbons of all kinds and colors and all prices. Our new line of trimmed hats from the best houses in New York has just arrived and are now ready for your inspection and range in prices from $1.75 up to $8 and $10. Everybody ought to see the Hat we have for $3.98 and $4.98. These are two special bargains. Our $3.98 hat is equal to any $8 hat in Lowell and our $4.98 you can't duplicate in your down town stores for less than $10. Now we are right in it on Millinery and if you fail to visit
JOHN DRAIN'S,
111 Gorham St.
You make the mistake of your life.
Great bargains in Men's, Ladies' and Children's Underwear. All kinds and all prices. Our line of Hosiery is complete from the cheapest to the best.
One great bargain in Men's Heavy Blue Ribbed, our price only 15c., others ask 25c.; and hundreds of other bargains which space won't permit to mention.
As usual we are ready with a full line of Yarns of all kinds and all colors.
Scotch, Germantown, Saxony, Spanish. All kinds and the very best grades.
Remember the place,
JOHN DRAIN
IN BLOCK WITH McCARTIN'S BAKERY.

Stealing Your Coal?
Yes!
That's just what the old range is doing. Don't stand it any longer! Get a new range! You'll find friends, neighbors and lots of other bright people only too glad to tell you the "Good Things" about their
GLENWOOD
You will find it where you can get everything else you may need to furnish or beautify your home at
GOOKIN BROS.
66 Prescott Street.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER
Well! Well!
Have just received a large lot of Juno Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.
Bargains in All Departments This Week.
Banner Market
Prescott Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting
$5 to $10 a Set
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rubber Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 26, 28, Bunels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets
Fifty Cents Per Box
HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
Stop forever all weakening drains, the brain, replace wasted tissues, and set fire flesh-building blood boarding through every part of the system, making every organ and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and confident! The greatest MARVEL TO MAN ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALLIO DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

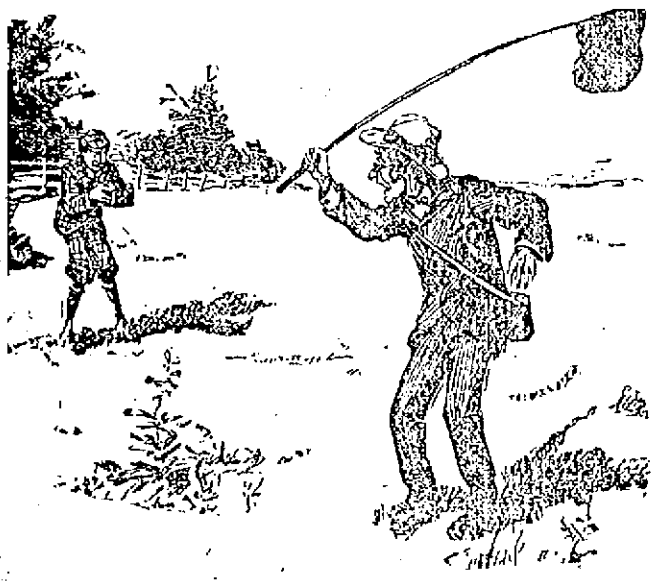
ONE AS BAD IN RESULT AS THE OTHER.

Zigg—Did his success as an inventor turn his head?
Zagg—No, but it led him into trying to build a flying machine, and that broke his neck!

AN APPORTUNIST.

"What's your new piece like?"
"D'know yet, m'dear. If the audience weep I shall call it a drama; if they laugh I shall advertise it as a farcical comedy."

ONE OF THE WOES OF A HUNTER OF SPECIMENS.



The Victim—Confound your impudence! Trying to take a snapshot at me?
Amateur Photographer—I've got it. Much obliged for the attitude and the expression. It'll be an interesting picture, I'm sure.

RETIRED WITH HONORS.

The kissing of heroes by some of our young ladies during the recent war recalls an incident in which the late General U. S. Grant figured, without, however, sharing the blushing honor. Just after the close of the Civil War the Union hotel at Saratoga Springs, Major William Leland, the proprietor of the hotel, had been chief commissary on the General's staff. He gave a banquet to General Grant and his wife. Many officers who were from the army of the Tennessee were present, as well as several prominent citizens. General Grant, with his family, went

During the dinner the guests were somewhat startled to see a Saratoga belle advance, with a gracious Grecian bend, and ask permission of the General to kiss him. There was only one there who received the General's salute. To that high person he now deferred. Turning, he said, "With Mrs. Grant's permission."

Mrs. Grant had, as every one observed, a drooping lid. She was obliged therefore to throw back her head to get a good look at the suppliant, who now had not only the eyes of all the distinguished company on her, but those of the other guests of the hotel as well.

After an embarrassing pause, in which Mrs. Grant had time to consider the offensive charge on her defenseless spouse and fortify herself against the fair enemy, she came to his relief and declined to capitulate. Nothing daunted, however, and to prove to those present that the American girl has nerve as well as mettle, the fair heroine seized the General's hand and said:

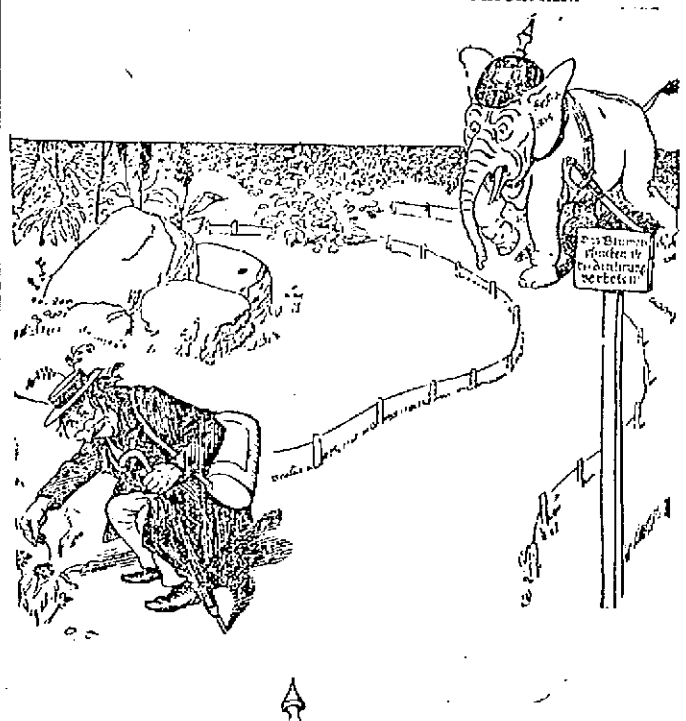
"Well, as you will not kiss me, I will shake your hand," and retired with all the honors of war—vanquished, but not subdued.—New York Mail and Express.

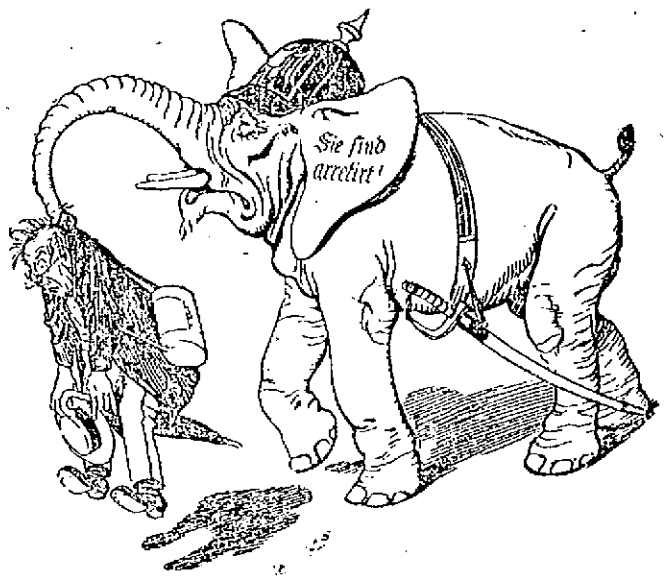
Never attempt all you can do, for he who attempts everything he can do often attempts more than he can do.

TOO DEGRADING A THOUGHT.

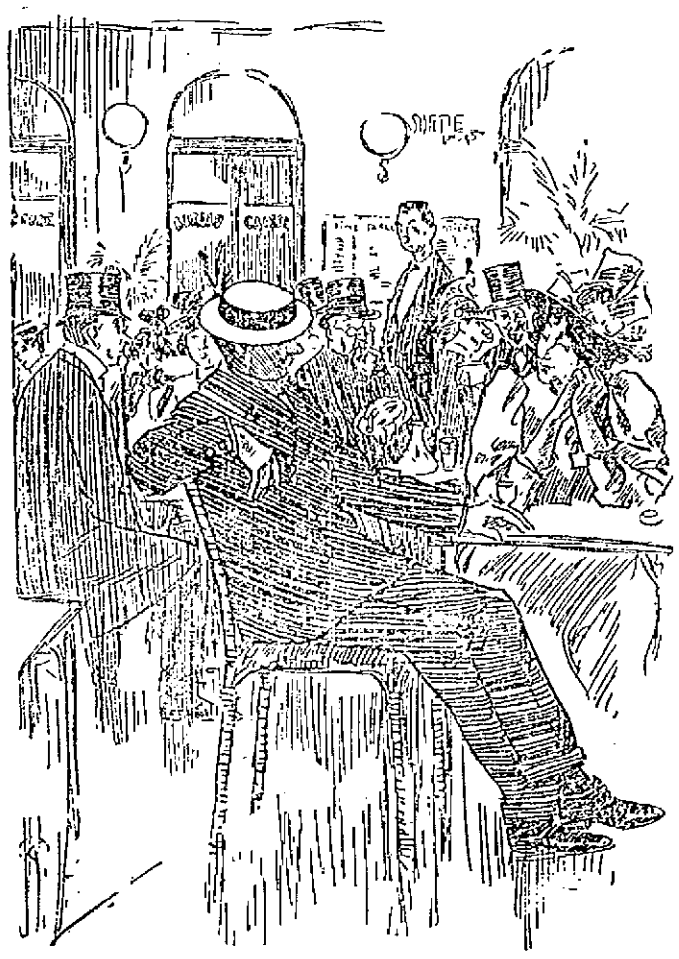
Bertie—Well, Susan, is this fair? We were going to play at lions and lambs, and they want me to be a sheep and them to be lions!

AN ELEPHANT AS A SPARROW POLICEMAN.





A FIGURE OF SPEECH.



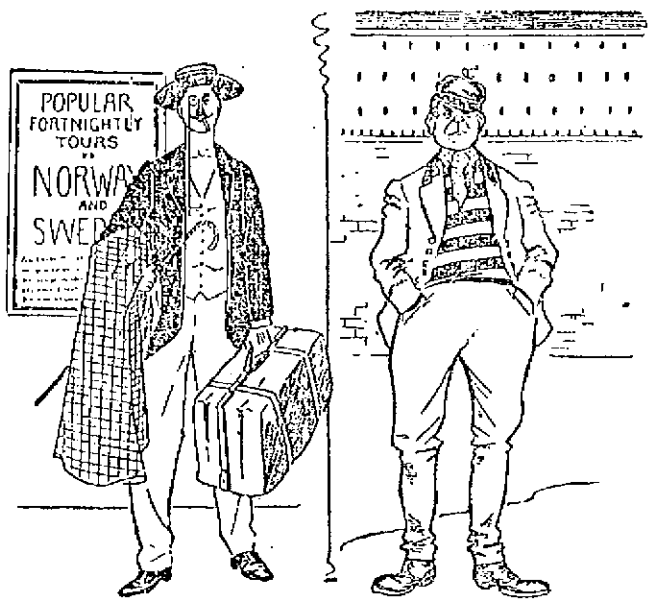
Mrs. Jones—Am I not an expensive little wife?
Jones (who has spent the morning and a small fortune at the Magasin du Louvre)—Well, you are a little dear!

FIRING A PARTHIAN SHOT.

Old Man of the Sea—Yes, every word I've told yer is gospel truth; an' I well remember once letting go of that very anchor for Admiral Lord Nelson at Trafalgar, an' 'e says to me, "Ben," 'e says, "I know it's agin' horders, but I must gie ye a trifle ter wet yer whistle arter wot ye've done." (Seeing his hopes of largess are futile.) Ah, that was afore your time, little missy, but I ain't a doubt the good lady wi' yer 'as a lively recollection of it.

Miss Backboard—Florence, continue your walk forthwith!

THE DIFFERENCE.



This goat has been out of town for a fortnight.

This goat has been out of town for fourteen days.

HIS INTERNAL ECONOMY.

"Never mind, old man, you'll soon get over the sickness."
"Oh, it's not that I'm minding; but I've paid a good price for my dinner."

SPEAKING OF THE FUTURITY.

From Judy.

Curate—Yes, my friend, we shall be angels some day.
North Country Miner (with a taste for pigeon-flying)—Will we both 'ave wings, mahster?
Curate—Ye'es, if we're good.
Miner—Then I'll flee thee for a p'und!

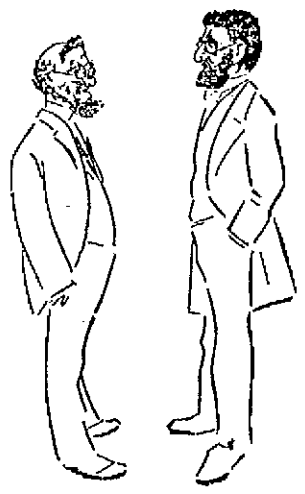
THERE'S SUCH A THING AS BEING FOOLISHLY CAREFUL.

"Hallo! some careless person has left that coal hole open.

"I'll just drop the cover back on it to be sure that no one—

—gets hurt."

MISFIT EARS.



First Sarcastic Party—Why don't you get your ears trimmed? They are too large for a man.
Second Sarcastic Party—Why don't you get your ears enlarged? They are too small for an ass!

THE KIND DOG.

"Have no fear. He'll miss you sure."

"What do they call the microbes that breed diseases, John?"
"Please, sir, germs."
"Correct—and what do they call the people who know how to handle germs in a scientific way?"
"Please, sir, Germans."

"My mistress has gone out for the day, but she's left a message for you, sir."
"What is it?"
"Oh, horrors! I've forgotten it. Ah, just excuse me a minute, sir, and I'll go and ask her."

Madison (a budding fictionist): "I hope you liked my new novel? It has a happy ending, at all events."
Miss Stumbles (enthusiastically): "Yes; I was so relieved when I came to the last chapter."

Never believe all you may hear, for he who believes all that he hears often believes more than he hears.
Never lay out all you can afford, for he who lays out everything he can afford often lays out more than he can afford.

THE AMERICANIZED SANTIAGO IS STILL CUBA'S PEST HOLE.

Surgeon Newkirk Declares That It Is Saturated With the Filth of Four Centuries.

An Expert on Yellow Fever Has a Poor Opinion of Cuba as a Place of Residence For Americans.

(Copyright, 1898.)

"CERTAIN parts of Cuba might be beautiful to live in at certain times during the year, but it will never do for the Anglo-Saxon race to undertake to inhabit the place. It is a pest spot from one end to the other. I lived in South America, in the Argentine Republic and Paraguay, for seven years at a time and would be willing to return there. The towns and cities in these countries are clean and well kept, and the people are of a higher intelligence than those to be found in Cuba. I would not care to return to Cuba, nor did I meet any Americans there who wanted to stay. They were all of the same mind and wanted to get back to the United States as quickly as possible. They would have nothing to do with the natives, but when the towns surrendered the American soldiers and those of Spain could be seen together everywhere."

The above is part of the statement of Dr. Charles T. Newkirk of Bay City, Mich., who was appointed assistant acting surgeon to the regular army and went to Santiago to treat the soldiers who were suffering with yellow fever, in which disease he is an expert. Dr. Newkirk arrived from Cuba a short time ago and went to Washington to confer with the authorities there. He was also obliged to return home on account of his health, which had become much impaired by the hard work in the hospitals and by an attack of the fever. Judging from the description given by the doctor of what he saw and had to contend with very little has been published as to the real hardships with which our troops had to cope.

It should be mentioned in passing that Dr. Newkirk was once surgeon general of the united armies of Brazil and was twice decorated by the late Dom Pedro, who was then emperor.

In speaking of Santiago, Dr. Newkirk said: "I believe that city to be the dirtiest spot in the world, and, while some improvements have been made to it since the American troops have been in charge, it is unsafe to live there. There is no sewerage in the place, and the streets abound in filth. The American officers have caused them to be cleaned, but it is absolutely impossible to keep the place in a habitable condition and to make it healthful. The sidewalks are narrow, and the earth is permeated with the accumulated dirt of four centuries. Disease lurks in every corner, and the only way the place could be made tenable would be to destroy the city and rebuild it on modern plans. The harbor is one of the most beautiful in the world and from the deck of a steamer looks like a garden of Eden. The city is hidden behind the high hills, which are covered with dark green foliage and surrounded by the old gray stone fortresses which have stood the tempests and the heat of centuries. The bay has a long sweep and is a grand sight, but here the beauties end. Caparral is the name of the tree that grows in abundance on the hills. It requires no cultivation, and if it did it would not get it from the natives, for they are an indolent lot. While the bay and harbor are grand the city detracts from the general beauty. Most of the houses have been built many centuries, and most of them show the wear of ages. The houses are painted green, and but few other colors are to be found. About 80 per cent of the population is composed of the natives, who are as far from being civilized as our Indians were at the time of the discovery of the country by Columbus. Of the native population not more than 7 per cent can read and write. They are slovenly and will not work. They constantly surround the American army headquarters to obtain food, and it is difficult to get them to work as long as food and clothing, of which they wear little, are supplied to them. The American soldiers are not in love with them. In fact, they are disgusted with the natives and will have as little to do with them as possible.

"With the Spaniards it is different, and it is not an uncommon sight to see Uncle Sam's troops arm and arm with the men with whom they recently did battle. The Spanish officers are gentlemanly and kind and have assisted in every way possible to relieve the suffering of the people. When the Cubans left Santiago previous to the surrender of the place, their suffering and misery were terrific, especially among the young children and infants. There was no milk to give them and very little food. They died in large numbers. The adults seemed used to privations. Thoroughly civilized people like our own could never have stood the hardships. There was more malaria fever than any other. It was of a malignant type, and when it did not destroy life entirely it left its victims wrecks, and only the best care under most favorable conditions can restore their health. All the suffering was not confined to Santiago, however. It was also to be found among the troops in the camps away from the city.

"We arrived at Siboney in July with a number of trained nurses and physicians and started in to relieve the suffering. The sights we met were beyond description. We carried a number of hospital tents and medical stores, for which there was great need. We found the number of doctors and nurses there totally inadequate to the wants of the sick and wounded. The physicians were brave and worked hard, but the strain told on them. Some of them were attending to as many as 300 patients at one time, and they were worn out with hard work. Our arrival marked a new era in the hospitals of that place. We erected our tents and organized the corps and commenced work. Our services were appreciated by the surgeons of the regular army, who were completely exhausted.

"Major La Gard, who was in command, placed everything at our disposal and offered every facility. Hard work broke him down, and he became very ill and had to be sent home. He was succeeded by Major Gargis, who also got sick and had to return to the United States. It was an up hill fight, and one by one the physicians were incapacitated until I was the only one left. The work was of an awful character, and it played havoc with the nervous system. Our hospitals were up in the hills and near a lake whose polluted waters caused a great deal of the malaria. Why, you could taste the malaria in the heat laden air. But it was the best place for our purpose that could be found in that section. We had not yet taken Santiago. The heat was intense, and it was dangerous to go out in the sun. Yet the death rate from sunstroke was extremely small. In fact, no epidemic ever attacked an army where the death rate was so small.

"We received great help from the Twenty-fourth Infantry. Many of them volunteered to come down to Siboney to take care of the sick and wounded. Major Markly, in command, who was at their head at the battle of San Juan, where they fought so bravely, offered us all assistance, and a more self sacrificing lot of men never lived than these. They fell sick in great numbers, and at one time only 40 were able to answer roll call. Many of those poor fellows found their last resting place in Washington cemetery, a beautiful spot in the green hills near Siboney. In this little God's half acre so far away from their native country are buried some of the bravest men of the United States army. Captain Charles Dodge, who was supposed to have been killed at the charge of San Juan Hill, really succumbed to the fever. His death cast a gloom over the entire camp and many of us questioned whether the cause was worthy of such precious blood. Scores of the brave fellows who had faced the bullets of the Spaniards gave way to grief when they heard of the death of Captain Dodge. He was a popular officer with both his brother officers and men, and his loss was keenly felt by all.

"There was very little yellow fever at Siboney and Fernica, and I don't believe that more than 2 per cent of the sickness was caused by that dread disease. Exhaustive diagnoses were made of the sickness which was called yellow fever, and it was shown to be something else. The army surgeons will bear me out in this. The report that so many of the cases of yellow fever existed was, I believe, one reason why General Shafter did not send his transports sooner, as he felt it would be dangerous to remove such patients.

"I saw the general personally and believe I convinced him to the contrary, for three days later the transports arrived, and we sent away 400 of the happiest mortals that ever lived. General Shafter treated me with every courtesy and did everything in his power to better the condition of the soldiers. He worked hard to relieve the suffering, and when he knew that it was not yellow fever that had prostrated them the men that were able to leave were sent to the United States. The arrival of the transports worked a wonderful change among the men, and it seemed that every one would get better. Some who previously could not move declared at once that they were strong enough to travel and take care of themselves, so anxious were they to get away from Cuba and the dreadful surroundings. Others cried with joy at the very idea of going home. We picked out those that we thought were really able to stand the sea voyage and most likely to be benefited thereby, and there is no doubt that 100 lives were saved by the timely arrival of the transports. I was sorry to learn when I arrived home of the sufferings and privations of the men on the vessels, and I hope the reports have been exaggerated.

"We had more trouble with malarial and thermic fevers than with any other sickness. There were 4,000 cases in the hospitals at different times. All cases were carefully examined, and when there was any symptom of yellow fever the patients were sent to the special hospital, away from the others, which was kept under strict quarantine. We were deterred from removing our sick to Santiago after that city surrendered on account of the yellow fever. All precautions were taken to prevent the disease from spreading. Cleanliness was imperative, and the soldiers were obliged to bathe and keep their quarters clean. When so many of them were stricken, a number of Cuban women were employed to do the work. The buildings were whitewashed and kept in as perfect condition as possible. When we finally got into Santiago, matters began to change, and there was improvement in the condition of the sick and wounded.

"There were sad scenes at Siboney which I shall never forget. Many of the young men were taken sick and succumbed to the fever. Cablegrams arrived every hour in the day inquiring for the men of the different regiments. We would frequently have to reply that they were dead and had been buried in our little cemetery, which soon grew to alarming proportions. The suffering was fearful and was caused in a great measure by our inability to obtain ice. One who has not been on the scene cannot understand it or know of the tortures these poor fellows went through. It was heartrending to hear the heat stricken soldiers coming from the front in ambulances and on litters beg for ice or something cooling, and it was hard for us to know that it could not be had.

"I sincerely hope the boys of the United States army will never have to pass through such an ordeal again. There was never an army assembled better than the one sent to Santiago. It was composed of well educated men, and, while the majority of them were used to every comfort and luxury, they never complained of the hardships.

"The vermin near the camps, and, for that matter, everywhere, made existence almost insufferable. Insects of all kinds annoyed the men almost to the point of madness. They came in swarms from the waters of the pond and the surrounding country. It was impossible to get rid of them, and between them, the ravages of the fever and the excessive heat life was anything but a holiday. There were any number of scorpions, land crabs and tarantulas, and they struck terror to the hearts of the female nurses. The land crabs would strut into the tents with all the airs and dignity of a major general, and when you kicked them they would fall to pieces. The crabs were harmless, but they were annoying. The tarantulas and scorpions would get into the beds, and a careful watch had to be maintained to keep the sick from being bitten or stung by them. Numbers of the men refused to go to bed on that account.

"A great many of the sick were long without attendance. They presented a fearful sight. Some were so weak that they could not get to the hospitals and were found lying along the roads and in the woods, where they had crawled to escape the scorching rays of the sun. Some were found in a semiconscious state, while others were delirious. Their mouths, eyes, noses and ears were filled with guagnos, a species of maggot, which crawled into them as the men lay prostrate. Such of them as had been exposed to the elements any length of time had the flesh eaten away about their mouths, noses and ears by these insects.

"We had medical supplies in abundance, and I believe everything was done by the medical department to furnish us with everything needful. There was a friendly rivalry between the surgeons in charge of the different hospitals to see which would have the lowest death rate, and everything that could be thought of for the relief of the sick and wounded was done. It was a happy day when we took our charges to Santiago and ended this dark chapter in the Hispano-American war. Guy Poole, a brave young lad from Bay City, Mich., was the last man to die in the camp. When we moved, property worth many thousands of dollars was destroyed by the government to prevent the spread of disease.

"It is greatly to be regretted that the American boys did not take better care of themselves in the tropical climate. They relied too much upon their strength and vigor, and they grew careless as to their food. They were too free and frequently did not even observe the ordinary sanitary rules that they follow when at home.

"I sincerely hope the day is not far distant when the American troops will be removed from Cuban soil, as it is no climate for Anglo-Saxons. The Spanish soldiers died in large numbers from disease, and I fear the same will be the result with our men.

"Americans have been in the civilizing business a long time and have had some very satisfactory experiences, but it is my belief that we will never be able to civilize the Cubans or make their country habitable."

FREDERIC A. VERDU.

ASSISTANT SURGEON CHARLES T. NEWKIRK, ONE OF THE MEDICAL HEROES OF SANTIAGO.

[The illustration also shows the new method of street cleaning inaugurated by General Wood, U. S. A.]

They Tell of Good Times.

"Diamond dealers say that the condition of business in this country may be correctly gauged by the volume of the importation of precious stones from abroad.

When times are good, the demand for diamonds is large; when times are bad, the stones, being a luxury, are less in demand, and the importation of them correspondingly decreases.

Just at present there is a largely increased demand for diamonds, and if there be any merit in the claim made in the saying quoted then this should be an indication of good times ahead. The treasury bulletin recently issued in Washington corroborates distinctly the claim of enlarged importations of diamonds. Here are the figures for the two fiscal years ending July 1 of 1897 and 1898 of diamond importations into the United States: 1897, $1,956,810; 1898, $6,955,789. The increase of importations of diamonds is, however, not the only one in the line of "decorative jewelry," so to speak. The importations for the two years of other precious stones—rubies, sapphires, emeralds, pearls, opals, etc.—are as follows in amount: 1897, $1,678,783; 1898, $3,140,076.

The two chief foreign ports from which diamonds are sent to this country are Amsterdam and Antwerp. From Great Britain a considerable amount of jewelry is exported to the United States, but much of it comes from England in transit, particularly from Switzerland, a country having few direct trade relations with the United States. In the fiscal year of 1891, following the depression caused by the financial disturbances of that year, the exports of jewelry to the United States fell off one-half in amount. The exportations of French jewelry fell off two-thirds and from Holland four-fifths, but the losses sustained in the amount of the exports have been more than covered this year, as the treasury figures show.

The largest country of export of uncut diamonds to the United States is Holland, and England follows through the development of the diamond interests in Africa.

A Strange Prison.

A party of scouts from the stations on Bledsoe's creek, in Sumner county, Or., was on a tour of observation for Indian signs. As they prepared to camp late one winter afternoon Captain Jennings, who was of the number, started out to kill a buffalo from a herd which was near by. There was a heavy sleet on the ground, and he found it difficult to get in good range on account of the noise of his feet on the crackling ice, but after following the game for several miles he at last killed a very large bull. Fearing that the meat might be injured if left until the next morning, he skinned the animal and took out the viscera. By the time he was done night had come, and he decided to remain with his quarry instead of seeking camp in the darkness. So, wrapping the huge hide around him, flesh side out, he lay down and slept very comfortably until morning. On waking he found himself tightly imprisoned in the hide, which had frozen hard and now resisted all his efforts to escape.

Hour after hour rolled by in agony to the captain. He yelled at the top of his voice for help and strained and kicked with all his might at the rawhide inclosure, but it proved stubborn to the last degree. He doubtless swore many a bitter oath, for he was of too irascible a temperament to submit tamely. He expected his companions to search for him, and they did, but with a great deal of caution, fearing that he had been killed by the Indians. His prolonged absence could be accounted for in no other way. He gave up all hope of extricating himself as the hours wore away, but help which he had not thought of was to save him from a death which would have been extremely mortifying, at the least, to a man who had escaped Indian bullets and swum icy rivers like a beaver. We will let him relate the issue in his own words:

"Well, the sun came out in the afternoon, and this softened the hide on the top so I could get one arm out, and when I got one arm out I worked like pizen until I got my body through."

Venezuela Wants Immigrants.

The Venezuelan government has contracted for the importation of 15,000 families from the north of Italy. Lands and houses will be given them, and they will be assisted in a financial way. It is expected that they will develop the cultivation of fruits and cereals and will pay special attention to the growing of vines and manufacture of wine. Each immigrant will get 14 acres, and it is asserted that this amount of land is too small for growing cereals. The United States consul at Caracas says that when the fruit producing capacity of this cloud of immigrants is developed a market must be sought in the United States. There is none in Venezuela.

FACTS OF INTEREST.

The house in which Corneille was born at Rouen on June 6, 1606, is now for sale, and the public authorities are anxious to acquire it. The house has hitherto been a small restaurant, and the only thing which marked it as the birthplace of Corneille was a bust of the poet over the entrance. It was in this house that Corneille wrote his best plays and welcomed Moliere and Pascal.

A cousin of the assassinated Austrian empress is a captain in the Seventh United States regiment of Immunes. He was known in the Austrian court and in the Dutch army, in which he had held a commission, as Baron William Anton Hubert Waldeck de Villeneuve.

O. H. Venner of Bluehill, Me., claims the distinction of having built from newspapers three years ago what is now said to be the best boat in town. His material was 36 thicknesses of newspapers pasted together.

Mr. Curzon's term as viceroy of India will last five years. His salary is about $100,000 a year, with $16 expenses paid by the government, and he is expected to live in great magnificence. This salary and perquisites seem small compared with the incomes of three of the native princes who are allies of Great Britain, each of whom has $15,000,000 a year.

General Ignacio Andrade, now president of the republic of Venezuela, has unveiled a monument to the Americans who fell in the fight for Venezuela in 1806. It had been erected at the instance of General Andrade, whose regard for Americans made him desire that these heroes should not be forgotten.

Clarence Greathouse, chancellor of Korea and personal adviser to the king of that country, is a Kentuckian, but lived for years on the Pacific coast and has only been in Korea since 1893. He won favor with the oriental monarch through being a splendid story teller and because of his great fund of general information. He is about 55 years old.

Garrison Y. Shall, a convict in the Connecticut state prison, knows all of Shakespeare's plays by heart, having learned them during the past 14 years of his imprisonment.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6; sets, 4:55.
Moon sets—7:07 p. m.
High tide—12 a. m.; 12:30 p. m.

The weather yesterday was fair and clear except in parts of the western valleys, where showers occurred. These unsettled conditions are moving slowly eastward, and promise partly cloudy to cloudy weather Tuesday, with showers in the evening or night; it will be warmer Tuesday, with southerly winds, probably followed during the night or Wednesday by colder westerly winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OUR ANNUAL OFFER.

A coal hod and shovel with a pound of Tea; 10 pounds of Granulated Sugar $1. Dickson Bros. Tea store, 66 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 16 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade Piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins, 223 Central street.

Save interest and cost by paying your taxes at once.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-1.

Already there are many applications for the fair grounds for football matches.

Already the threat is made in local republican clubs that a city messenger candidate will be presented against Mr. Going.

Addison Putnam, William P. Brazer and J. J. Judkins are Lowell citizens who have been in business continuously 50 years.

Are you satisfied with your coal? If not, give Rourke & Sullivan a trial. Offices, 233 Central street and 981 Gorham street.

College fountain pens, never leak and soil your fingers, always ready, easy writers, $1.00. Harris, 10 Appleton St.

Miss Blanche Whitcher will attempt next Tuesday to beat the half-mile unpaced record. T. P. Hall of the American league of wheelmen will act as one of the judges.

Farmers in towns near Lowell are shipping this year apples to the west, where the supply is limited. Baldwin apples were sold in Billerica this week at $1 a barrel and the purchaser had to pick them from the trees.

The city treasurer's office will be open Friday and Saturday evenings, Oct. 14, and 15, from 7 to 8 o'clock, and Monday Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Oct. 17, 18, 19, and 20, from 7 to 9 o'clock, for the receipt of taxes.

A RECEPTION.

The Workingmen's Protective league has appointed a committee to arrange a smoke talk and reception to Private Connolly of Company C, Sixth regiment, and Private Dickey of Company M, Ninth regiment, when the Sixth returns home.

THANKSGIVING PARTY.

The women interested in the Rhode Island table of the colonial festival for St. John's hospital are planning for a festival of their own to be held in Associate hall about Thanksgiving. They will have a few tables and there will be a concert, followed by dancing. Chas. L. Marren is at the head of the men's auxiliary of the affair, which is an assured success already.

REV. MR. DENNEY'S CALL.

Rev. O. H. Denney is considering a call from the First Free Baptist church of Elmira, N. Y. Mr. Denney was pastor of this church for about four years previous to locating with the Mt. Vernon church. The Elmira church has been anxious for his return as pastor for three years and there is a possibility of Mr. Denney's settling with them January 1, if not before.

POSTAL CLERKS MEET.

The Merrimack Valley Postal Clerks association held its regular meeting in Lawrence Sunday afternoon and the usual routine business was transacted. Members of the Lowell association attended.

Some time ago this association withdrew from the National Association of Postal Clerks and the special business of yesterday was to hear the report of President Murray giving the reasons why the Merrimack Valley association severed its conection with the national body.

ENTERTAINED FRIENDS.

At the social and cake walk of the Merrimack club last week, the prize cake was won by the clever walkers—Miss Margaret Hughes and Mr. John Martin. Last evening the cake was cut and an enjoyable evening was passed at Miss Hughes' home, 29 Tremont street. There was quite a large company present and during the evening the following entertained: John B. Nalon, trick violinist of New London, Conn.; Billie Clark, impersonator; George Myers, vocalist; Mr. and Miss Markham, musical team; Miss McFarland, pianist.

BANK LIQUIDATION.

As is well known, the liquidation of nine of the national banks in Boston is in progress and a new and big bank is expected to succeed to their business. Kidder, Peabody & Co. represent the syndicate which is doing the work, whi syndicate which is doing the work, which was undertaken at the instance of various savings banks. These banks are considerable holders of national bank stock which they do not care to keep any longer. Already five of the national banks have passed into the hands of the syndicate and the deal will be consummated on bank day in January.

The big savings banks in Boston have disposed of their holdings and others all over the state are doing the same. The Lowell banks which have parted with their shares in the liquidating process are the Central and City Institution for Savings.

Dr. Lebourveau DENTIST 81 MERR ST.

PRIVATE JAMES DUFFY, Co. M, Ninth Regiment.

PRIVATE JAMES DUFFY

SURPRISED WITH GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN.

Private James Duffy, one of the returned members of Company M, was pleasantly surprised with a gold watch and chain and several useful articles Saturday evening. A large party of his young friends including a number of his comrades in arms, assembled at his home, 18 Keene street, early in the evening and formally presented the young soldier with the gifts. After a short presentation speech by one of the donors and a neat response by the recipient the party took possession of the pleasant home of their soldier boy and passed the evening with dancing and singing. Refreshment were served by the young ladies to whom the great success of the affair was due.

Private Duffy proved to be one of the bravest boys of the "Fighting Ninth Regiment." He was with his company from the time they were mustered into the service and withstood the ravages of the fever at Santiago and always appeared at the daily drill at that place. The aftermath, a slight attack of malaria, visited him upon his arrival in Lowell, but now, however he is enjoying good health.

At one time, during the Santiago campaign, news coming from an unofficial source reached his parents that he had been shot in battle but a contradiction came a few days afterward.

NEW HOME READY

For Chronic Consumptives at Roxbury

TO BE DEDICATED ON NEXT THURSDAY.

Everything That Will Benefit Patients Provided.

Boston, Oct. 19.—The new free home for consumptives in Dorchester will be dedicated next Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, by His Grace, Most Rev. Archbishop Williams.

The dedication ceremonies will be of a most interesting character, the distinguished visitors on the occasion including Rt. Rev. Bishops Harkins of Providence, Healy of Portland, and Bradley of Manchester, N. H., and Very Rev. Mgr. Gillin of Worcester.

A religious procession will start from the old home to the new one at 8 o'clock, the altar boys wearing different colored cassacks, carrying lights. The sanctuary choir from St. James' church will also assist and sing during the blessing of the home.

Immediately afterward the dedication exercises will be held. First will come the salutation "O ni Creator" by a choir of 65 voices from the Mission church. Words of congratulation from the archbishop of Boston and the visiting bishops follow. A tableau of faith, hope and charity to the strains of soft music will be shown. A representation of the angel Gabriel and the sounding of the trumpet will illuminate the title and this will be followed by fireworks or rockets and the sending up of balloons to which dedication cards will be attached. Colored lights will illuminate the grounds in the vicinity of the home.

After an address by some of the clergy, the door of the building will be formally opened and then the Magnificat will be recited, after which Archbishop Williams will bestow his blessing on those assembled. The program will close with the Te Deum and then the visitors will be allowed to make a personal inspection of the building.

A band will render the music on the grounds and an orchestra will be inside the building. The grounds will be illuminated with electric lights, artistically decorated and with Chinese lanterns.

The new building is on the grounds of the present home and is 197 feet long. The architecture is of colonial style with broad piazzas on the south side from which an elegant view of the harbor and Nantasket can be had. The home is intended to accommodate 600 patients.

It will be open to all poor consumptives regardless of creed or color, no paying patients being admitted. The rooms are all connected, one with another and there is a rotunda with balcony on the second story.

Everything that modern science could suggest has been provided for in the new home, the plumbing being open, with handsome brass fittings and the steam heating and ventilation of the very best. There is a fan and blower attachment to keep the air pure.

The rooms are tinted in soft green, so as not to injure the eyes and some of the special rooms are delicately painted. The home is lighted by electricity and gas. The kitchen and laundry are especially interesting.

Every facility for treatment known to the best European hospitals will be contained in the home which will form an ideal sanitarium for consumptives. In size and equipment the institution is certain to prove a delightful and welcome surprise to the public.

It will depend for support on charity and on donations, dues and the proceeds of entertainments. For sustenance it appeals entirely to the charity of the public and certainly such a noble charity is not likely to be neglected by the community.

The Young Ladies' Charitable society connected with the home not only helps to support it, but its members also visit the homes of the sick poor, in all kinds of weather, alleviating the sufferings of the poor people. Upwards of 500 persons are cared for in this way annually so that the management of the home has an excellent claim on the public to attend the dedication on Thursday evening.

The most important sale in years will be the Column Sale on Wednesday, Market street at 2; Merrimack street at 3 o'clock.

If You Want

A nice Suit or Overcoat in the correct goods and style, and the worth of your money, you can get them all by placing your order with

LOUIS ALEXANDER

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York,

IMPORTER AND TAILOR,

65 CENTRAL STREET.

PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.

The Isaac Pitman

School of Shorthand

F. Blanche Hard, principal, Hildreth building, Lowell, Mass. Shorthand and Typewriting exclusively taught. Send for catalogue.

M. J. SHARKEY & CO.

44 CENTRAL ST. LOWELL.

Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Insurance in the leading companies. Office hours 8 to 5 o'clock. 12 to 1.30, or 7.30 to 9 p. m. Drop a postal if unable to call.

On Tuesday, about noon, we will have on exhibition in our window a Tooth Pick Machine, which will grind out of rustic logs (6000) six thousand tooth picks a minute, all of which will be given FREE to our customers.

THE PLACE OF RARE BARGAINS

THE BON MARCHE

DRY GOODS CO.

MERRIMACK AND KIRK STREETS.

ORIGINAL PRICE CUTTERS

We've Been Waiting for the Weather

Jupiter Pluvius has played havoc with our prospects—Now it is cut and slash—the jobbers and manufacturers are in the worst kind of a fix—Large stock and no apparent outlet—We have always been the much-wanted people on just such occasions—As Distributors, as an Outlet, as Handlers of Large Quantities. Following are a few things that come to us on that account.

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES.

Such as Blankets, Comforters, Spreads, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Towels, Crashes, etc.

1 Case of Honey Comb Towels, regular 5c. quality, for 39c. a dozen.

64 1-2 dozen Linen Huck Towels, worth 15c., for 10c. (one day only.)

Comforters for 25c. each, crib size, or foot warmers.

2 bales of Comforters for 49c. each.

1 case of Fine Comforters, fancy quilted, worth $1.00, for $1.25 each.

1 case of White Spreads, the "Clarendale," always a dollar, for 79c. each.

1 case of all Mixed Feather Bed Pillows, for 49c. each.

100 Mattresses, regular $5.00, soft top, two yard, for $2.79. (Only 100 to be sold.)

700 Pillow Cases, full size, standard cotton, for 8½c. each, worth 12½c.

1 case Table Oil Cloth, 6-4, all colors, white and marble, 12½c. a yard.

1 Case Outing Flannel, 7c. quality, for 5c. yard.

1 Case Domet Flannel, 8c. quality, for 5c. (Monday afternoon only.)

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES.

2 Cases Outing Flannel Skirting, embroidered and plain in all lengths, full 1 yard wide, worth 12½ to 20c., for 9c. a yard.

36 5-12 doz. Tray Cloths, all linen Damask, worth 25c., for 15c. each.

1 Case of Crash: Twill Crash, 18-inch, for 1½c. a yard.

A few pieces of Irish Linen Table Damask (absolutely all linen), half bleached, worth 69c. for 12½c. a yard.

Three bundles of Mates' Turkey Red Table Damask, in a variety of patterns, worth 15c. a yard, for 8½c. a yard.

1 Case of 18-inch Diaper (Birds' Eye Linen, worth 45c. for 23c. a piece.

210 Centre Table Covers, fancy woven damns, worth 40c., for 19c. each.

Here Are a Few Other Necessities.

At prices that you've been waiting for.

One hundred (100) Ladies' Dress Skirts made for us from short skirt patterns mill end of Dress Goods, no skirt worth less than $5, some worth $6 and $7, yes, even $8. On Monday your choice of any in the lot for

$2.69 EACH.

At Dress Good Dept.

Did you hear about the great sale of yarns?

The best 12½c. Germantown Yarn, in all the best colors and black, selling at just one-half price. Come before it's all gone and get it at

6 1-4c. A SKEIN.

THE SALE OF DRESS GOODS

STILL ON THIS WEEK.

Specimens in window.

The two large items placed on special counters for the convenience of our patrons.

Large Item No. 1 is 50c. (mostly 50c), Dress Goods, in new Novelty Cloths, raw silk and wool, and all pure wool, etc. Also plain Cashmeres, Serges, Flannels, etc., for

29c. A YARD.

Large Item No. 2 is $1 and $1.25 Silk and Wool Poplins, Matalasse, Tufted Cloths, 54-inch Serges, all pure wool, Granite Cloths, etc., all 48 to 54 inches wide and the price is just half about what these goods are worth.

See them in window.

59c. A YARD.

All Goods Warranted as Represented.

Money Back When Requested.

The New Book (American Navy, Cuba and Hawaii) which we give away, we wish to announce that this offer will cease on and after November 1st. All customers with cards completed can have a book free by presenting same at our office or to any of our ushers.

BOXING GOSSIP.

It does one good sometimes to listen to confessions from men who have won championships to hear them tell of blows which have done business and describe the sensation, says the New York Evening Journal.

Lavigne recently was telling in his droll way of his first bout with Griffo, when the uncanny cleverness of that degenerate Australian made the "Kid," believe that his opponent had either dozens of hands, or else the spectators were throwing gloves at him.

"But they didn't hurt," said the "Kid" in conclusion. They were only bumps. I dont believe he could put a man out if he hit him on the jaw for a week."

After a laugh and a moment's silence Corbett looked up and asked: "Who did McCoy ever knock out by hitting them on the jaw?" No one seemd to know the answer and Jim went on:

"Now I may lose—and then Jim smiled broadly—"but I am willing to bet it will not be from being hit on the jaw. I guess I've got a real tough jaw. I got a wallop there once that it seems to me would have done the trick if it could be done that way."

"Who?" asked someone.

"Joe Choynski," replied Jim "and it was the best punch I ever got in my life. He caught me as fair on the point as any one ever was caught and I guess you'll all agree Joe can hit a bit. He knocked one of my teeth out, that's all. But as true as I live, beyond one gash, it never phased me. I doubt if to this day Joe knows how hard he hit me. I honestly believe that my jaw is one of the tough ones."

"Say," said Lavigne, in his odd little way, "were you ever hit square in the back of the neck, good and hard? Well, I was. Everhardt belted me there once just at the close of the round and I saw four or five Everhardts the next second.

"When I turned to go to my corner, I saw five corners and to save my soul I couldn't tell which was the right one. I took a chance on the one ahead of me and it happened to be the right one. I had no more sat down than things got straight, but I tell you, I was all mixed up there for a few seconds. That was the only punch which dazed me and I have been hit on the jaw twice as hard many a time.

ROOFING PAINT.

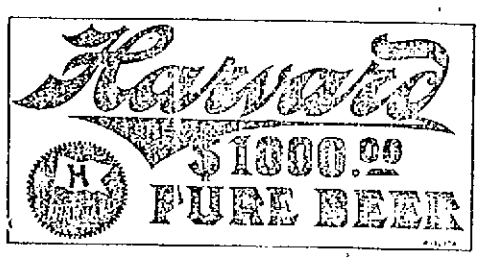
When you get genuine dark red slate paint you get the

BEST ROOFING PAINT MADE.

Its reputation has been won by real merit, and merit is the result of not trying to see how cheap this paint can be made, but how good and by use of only best materials in proper proportion to secure permanent results. It is ready for use, contains no tar, requires no heating, will not crack, run or wash off, and has been in use 25 years. It is an exceptional and unexcelled ROOF PAINT for tin, iron, shingles or felt. One coat preserves and protects the surface and STOPS ALL LEAKS at small expense. Write for catalogue.

C. E. Climes, 134 West Broadway, N. Y. Agents wanted.

Holding on to a Good Thing.



We have that much money, a thousand dollars, for anyone who can prove our statement as to the materials used in the brewing of Harvard Beer, to be untrue.

Harvard Beer is not only pure, it is also fully aged as lager beer should be. We commenced brewing Harvard Beer in March; we are now offering it for sale in Lowell for the first time. Figure it out for yourself. The officials of the U. S. Internal Revenue Service know what goes into our beer as well as we do. Our thousand dollar offer is open to them.

Harvard Brewing Co.,

LOWELL, MASS. U. S. A.

☞ Our Ale Brewery brews fine ale. Have you tried it?

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

BLANKETS

AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

11-4 White Wool Blankets good weight and quality, sold elsewhere at $2.50 a pair, our price only $1.98.

11-4 White Wool Blankets extra quality and weight, bound with silk, red, pink and blue borders, sold elsewhere at $4 a pair, our price $2.95.

California White Wool Blankets, red, blue, pink and gold borders, bound with silk, worth $5.00 a pair, our price $3.69.

10 cases Cotton Blankets, in white or gray, all perfect, worth 50c. a pair, at 35c.

Down Puffs, filled with laminated cotton down, satine covers, handsomely designed, at $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00 and $3.25. These are from 50c. to $2 under their actual value.

Hotel and boarding house managers and every lady in Lowell are cordially invited to inspect our stock.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Possible Prices.

HOW CAN WE DO IT?

We've got the cash! We've got the goods! And we've got the people's confidence. Every dollar's worth of goods is bought under our closest scrutiny and for CASH on the NAIL.

That's why we can offer such values and show such an assortment.

NEW SUITS.

New Tailor-Made Suits received every day from New York. Serge Suits at $5.75, $6.95 and $8.75. We always warrant the fitting.

We have just opened a beautiful line of fine Venetian Cloth, high grade suits in all colors. Special price $14.75, regular price $20.

JACKETS.

Black and Blue Kersey Jackets, lined throughout with colored satin, $4.98, worth $7.50.

Kersey Jackets, with strap seams, a beauty in fit and finish, lined throughout, $6.75, worth $10.

FUR JACKETS.

Seal and Electric Seal Jackets, made specially for us in the month of May, when the furriers were not busy. They are all lined with superior lining that is guaranteed. Prices $14.48, $17.50, $19.50, $21.50, $22.50, $24.50, $27.50, $29.50, $32.50 up to $50.00. Positively worth from $19.50 to $75. Superior quality of Alaska Seal Jackets at $165.

New York Cloak & Suit Co.

No. 12 JOHN STREET.

Star Performances. This house is continually inaurating star performances. It is continually trying to outdo the whole city in value giving, and very frequently it comes dangerously near doing it. For this week some particularly skilful price carving has been done, and there isn't a woman in Lowell who will not find something to interest her if she is in need of anything in Millinery. We won't quote prices, but you'll find them surprisingly small, quality considered. Best line of trimmed Toques, Bonnets and Dress Hats in the city.

N. B.—Store closed Friday evening. Try and get your orders in as early in the week as possible.

HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS.

169 MERRIMACK STREET.

SECOND HAND PAPERS.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy the Lowell Sun.

THE LOWELL SUN

WHY THEY BUY IT.

People buy THE SUN because it is lively, newsy and truthful. It outsells all rivals and that is why it is

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

PRIVATE D. C. WILLIAMSON, Who Returned Home Saturday Night

AQUINALDO'S VIEWS

In Relation to the Situation in the Philippines.

Given Out by His Representative Before the Peace Commissioners—Filipinos Have a Reorganized Government and Want Independence.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Philippino Agoncillo, the representative of Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader of the Philippine Islands, was interviewed here today by the correspondent of the Associated Press. Agoncillo has engaged apartments at the Hotel Continental, on the same floor as the rooms occupied by the United States commissioners. He is desirous of seeing them and placing Aguinaldo' views of the future of the Philippines before our commissioners.

"Would the Philippinos accept annexation or a protectorate of the United States?" was asked. He answered:

"We want independence, but the Filipinos have a recognized government of which Aguinaldo is president and it will determine our attitude towards a protectorate or annexation."

"Should the United States take all or part of the Philippines, would the Filipinos fight the United States as they have fought Spain?"

"I cannot answer without possible error but I think it would be most unwise in the United States to divide the Philippines. They should take all or none."

"If the United States gives up the Philippine Islands, will the Filipinos continue to fight the Spanish?"

"I think so."

"Is it true that the Filipinos do not object to the continuance of the native priests?"

"Yes."

"And what of the orders—religious—would the Filipinos accept any peace with the United States and Spain which did not provide for the expulsion of the orders?"

"The presence and acts of the orders were the chief determining cause of the insurrection. It would be impossible for the Filipinos to become reconciled with Spain. We have vainly and repeatedly sought the rights of citizenship, employing all legal means and we have risen in insurrection twelve times in a century to secure them and we are now enjoying them. Peace is only possible under any government by the abolishment of the orders, which as I have said were the chief determining cause of the abuses and oppression and therefore the rebellions."

Agoncillo, contrary to the generally accepted version of his visit to the United States, says he has not come here to seek a hearing before the commission but to learn the determination of the commissioners regarding the Philippine Islands and to communicate it to Aguinaldo. Agoncillo thus far has not communicated with our commission and the Spanish committee, while unwilling naturally to summon Agoncillo, is exceedingly anxious to know what representations, if any, he will make to the Americans.

The American commissioners held their usual morning session today and entered upon the sixth joint session at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

POLICE COURT.

Today was visitors day and a full house of out-of-town drunks were heard.

There were 39 drunks, of which 14 were fined $1, six $5 and one $3. One was lucky enough to be released.

Seven women offenders were present.

Sentences to the state farm for indefinite terms were passed upon Ellen J. Sullivan, Arthur Harvey of Crescent City, Antonie Brosseau, Jeremiah Sullivan, Angeline Howe and Edward Allen.

Patrick McManus, attired in the uniform of a union soldier, was fined $1 for drunkenness. "I haven't the dollar to pay" he replied to the clerk, and speaking further he told the court he had just arrived in Lowell from the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, Mich., and had served in the civil war. On mention of the latter, a young corporal of Co. M, who had seen service in Santiago, immediately paid the fine of the veteran, saying that although he had never seen he offender before he was willing to aid a man who fought under the United States flag.

John A. O'Brien, for drunkenness, paid $10.

Hannah McNamara one of the party of carousers arrested by Officers Clements and Cawley, was sent to the workhouse for one month.

After a few words of advice a French boy named Ducharme, aged 17 years, was released by the court. Ducharme was arrested yesterday by Officer Breault in a drunken stupor on Moody street.

A COAL HOD Given away with one Pound of 60c. Tea at O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone connected. Free delivery.

WE MADE IT HOT FOR THEM

After delivering us 25, which we sold in four days, through a business complication the contract to deliver us 100 "OUR UNION" RANGES could not be filled. But we raised such strong and forcible objection to their going back on their contract, that they gave us a larger and better range in place of the Union, but a trifle more in cost.

Let Us Make It Hot For You With One of Them. It's a Beauty

It has a large mantle shelf. It is warranted a good baker. Do you want a full size range for half size price? Then buy an

Eastern Crescent Range. The Price $19.50.

No discount for cash. No extra charge when sold on instalments.

ALBERT E. O'HEIR, 16 Merrimack St.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK.

ANOTHER SHIP LOST

British Ship Blengfell Destroyed By Fire

While in Tow Off Margate—Nine of the Crew Perished—Explosion of Naphtha Caused the Disaster.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Margate, Eng., Oct. 17.—The British ship Blengfell, Captain Johnson from New York September 19th for London, was destroyed by a sudden fire off this place early this morning. Nine of the crew, including the captain of a pilot, perished. The survivors are landed here and at Dover.

The Blengfell was passing here in tow on her way to London at about 6.30 a. m., and was about four miles off the coast. Suddenly she was enveloped in flames and smoke poured from her hatchways. Two life boats immediately put off to her assistance but before they were able to reach the burning vessel her mast fell and she was burned to the waters' edge. The hull eventually drifted upon the Goodwin sands.

The captain's wife and child and the first and second mates were among those who lost their lives.

The Blengfell was an iron vessel built at White Haven in 1876. She registered 1117 tons, hailed from Liverpool and was owned by J. Edgar & Co.

The Blengfell had a small quantity of naphtha on board that smelled strong during the voyage, especially aft, so much so that the officers of the ship had to shift their quarters yesterday evening. An explosion occurred just as the captain of Blengfell had engaged a tug, which saved the survivors. The vessel burned so quickly that her crew had no time to lower the boats.

MANY SAD SCENES

When News of the Mohegan Reached London

RELATIVES OF THE VICTIMS FLOCKED TO FALMOUTH.

Robbers Strip the Dead of Valuables.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 17.—The distressing scenes witnessed at the office here of the Atlantic Transport company when the news of the wreck of the steamer Mohegan near the Lizard first became known to those who had friends or relatives aboard, were renewed this morning. There were many weeping women present, several with infants in their arms appealing for news of the missing. Most of them were the wives of members of the crew. Some of them went away still hoping that their husbands had escaped, but the majority gave way to despair.

SCENES AT FALMOUTH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Falmouth, Eng., Oct. 17.—Relatives and friends of victims of the Mohegan disaster are arriving here by every train. They proceed to St. Keverine through the heavy rain and over sodden roads to identify the remains that are lying in the church of St. Keverine where many heartrending scenes have been witnessed.

Terrific weather has been prevailing on the east coast of Great Britain. There have been several wrecks and rescues of crews.

The life boat belonging to Cambois, Northumberland, was overturned while proceeding to the rescue of the crew of a French ketch. The life boat crew with the exception of one man, who was drowned, were rescued by the rocket apparatus.

A dispatch to the Star from Falmouth says cruel robbery of the dead has been perpetrated by unknown parties. An American, Dr. Fallows, according to the correspondent, tucked a bundle of £50 notes into his breast when the Mohegan struck. His body was subsequently found, but the notes were missing. Several of them were put in circulation on Sunday and the police are investigating the matter.

STATE BOARD AWARDS.

The state board of education has announced the scholarships in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for 1898-99. Among the awards, each senatorial district being given one full or two half scholarships, are the following:

Frederick Henry Sexton, Billerica; half; Henry Robbins Gilson, Groton; half; Henry Abbott Ferrin, Lowell half; Harold Baker Mayhew, Tisbury, half.

AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Constantinople, Oct. 17—The Imperial yacht Hohenzollern with the Emperor and Empress of Germany on board arrived in the Straits of the Dardanelles with her escorts this morning. She was saluted by the forts and crew of the Turkish warship Izzieden and other Turkish vessels cheered her. The Germans responded.

FELL FROM TREE

Probable Fatal Accident to Edward Morse

ONE OF NORTH BILLERICA'S LEADING RESIDENTS.

Accident Occurred at So. Billerica Yesterday.

Edward Morse, one of North Billerica's most popular young men and secretary of the Mathew Institute of No. Billerica, met with an accident yesterday afternoon at South Billerica which it is feared will prove fatal.

In company with Mr. Fred Hannon, also of North Billerica, Mr. Morse went to South Billerica yesterday afternoon for the purpose of gathering chestnuts.

They had arrived at their destination and Mr. Morse had ascended a tree when suddenly the limb upon which he had climbed gave way and he fell to the ground, striking on his head.

He was picked up in an unconscious condition by Mr. Hannon and taken to the home of Colonel Fowler where he remained unconscious all night and up to the time of this writing.

It is feared that he sustained a fracture of the skull.

FUNERALS.

HOWE—The funeral of Aaron P. Howe took place Saturday afternoon from his home 36 Elliott street. Burial was in the Edson cemetery. The bearers were George H. Capron, E. P. Hoole, Samuel Smith and Dr. J. F. Burdick. Services were held at the residence, Rev. Smith T. Ford officiating.

KEARIN—The funeral of Henry Kearin took place Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. At St. Peter's church, services were conducted by Rev. Fr. McKenna. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery. The bearers were William Jordon, John Smith, Sylvester Riley, Michael Hederman, George Santry and James Lyons. Among the floral tributes were: Pillow inscribed "Brother," sisters of the deceased; a spray of 16 roses representing the age of the deceased, Miss Lizzie Guthrie, and a spray of pinks from a friend.

WOODS—The remains of the late Henry Woods who died Thursday at his home, 108 Common street were interred in the Catholic cemetery, Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The funeral took place from the late home of the deceased and services were held at St. Patrick's church, Rev. John J. McHugh officiating. Prominent among the floral pieces were pillows inscribed "At Rest," "Cousin," from the family and Mary E. Woods, respectively. The bearers were James McCann, John Downs, Anthony, Cunningham, Frank Cunningham, James Winn and Thos. Kilkenny.

GOLDEN—The funeral services of Luke Golden, who died Saturday at his home, 27 West Fifth street, were held this morning at 9 o'clock at St Michael's church, Rev. Fr. Boland officiating. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. The bearers were John McCurtell, John Henry, James Lynch, Fred Healey, and Frank Golden.

A SILK THIEF

Arrested in Providence is Wanted Here

FOR ALLEGED BURGLARY IN BILLERICA CENTRE.

Alleged Dishonest Watchman Under Arrest.

The following dispatch from Providence, R. I., tells of the arrest of a noted silk thief who is wanted here as follows:

"George R. Fearaby, alias James B. Allen, who was wanted by the Massachusetts district police for breaking and entering in the cape district, was arrested here tonight.

Fearaby is an expert in silk stealing and has been wanted by the Massachusetts police since late last spring. He was located here by the Providence detective force and will be taken to Massachusetts to answer to the complaints of A. B. Hogen of Taunton and A. B. Leteney of Hyannis. Fearaby has a long criminal record. He is known to the police all over New England and has several times been in the Maine and Massachusetts state prisons and the Massachusetts reformatory."

On December 28, 1896, the store of John E. Bull of Billerica was entered and several hundred dollars worth of goods, principally silk, were taken. The selectmen offered a reward of $200 for the arrest of the burglars. Chief of Police Martin Conway, Jr., investigated the case and was convinced that Fearaby, whose right name is James B. Allen, had a hand in it, although he could not locate him. He will now work up a case against him.

Allen's picture is No. 193 in the local rogues' gallery. He is a native of Montreal and was a medical student when first arrested in Montreal in 1895.

STOCKINGS STOLEN.

Officer John W. Fox made a clever capture Sunday morning which led to another arrest later in the day. While near Davis Square about 6 o'clock, he noticed two suspicious looking men coming towards him and stopped them. They declined to state where they had been. Then the officer opened their coats, and a couple of boxes of stockings fell out. They were placed under arrest and gave their names as James Duff, 29 years, of Gorham street, and Edward D. Quinlan, 23 years, of Central street. They claimed that a watchman at the Shaw hosiery gave them the stockings.

The inspectors investigated their story and as a result, arrested William McLean, aged 34 years, residing on Main street on the charge of larceny. He is a watchman at the hosiery and admitted having given Quinlan and Duff stockings on several occasions for liquor and other things.

GRAND JURY TODAY.

The grand jury will meet at the new court house this forenoon to act on criminal cases brought before it. They will probably report their findings the latter part of the week.

QUIETED A DISTURBANCE.

Officers Clements and Cawley visited a house of Charles street Sunday morning where a disturbance was going on and quieted the locality by arresting on the charge of drunkenness Ellen J. Sullivan, Clara Burke, alias Hamilton, Hannah McNamara, Angeline Howe, Delia Cahill.

LIQUOR SEIZURE.

Officers Donaldson and Bumps made a descent upon a house in Little Canada Sunday and seized a quantity of liquor. They arrested Claude and Joseph Vassilon on the charge of illegally keeping liquor.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Thursday, Nov. 3, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from Nov. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8. a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.

Middlesex St, Cor. Post Office Avenue.

Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

O. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

"All Coons"—Look Alike.

But all Cigars do not taste alike or smoke alike.

DOWD'S HONEST 10

Is the Cigar to smoke. It is different from other 10c. Cigars—Better, sweeter and more fragrant.

T. J. DOWD, Mfgr., Nashua, N. H.

FOUND—Female fox terrier. Call at Sun office.

FOUND—A fox hound with strap collar, no name. Owner can have by calling at 5 Richmond ave., off Lawrence street.

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.

MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

REV. DR. ALEXANDER BLACKBURN, a Former Lowell Pastor Who Goes to Portland, Oregon.

Yesterday Rev. Dr. Alexander Blackburn tendered his resignation as pastor of the First Baptist church, Cambridgeport. He has held the pastorate with much success for six years. Dr. Blackburn closes his Cambridge work to accept the pastorate of the First Baptist church of Portland, Ore. Dr. Blackburn six years ago came to Cambridge from Lowell, where he had filled a pastorate for about six years. He served in the civil war, being past state department chaplain of the G. A. R.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

The following officers of the Girls' battalion were appointed by Mrs. Huntley:

Majors, Edith Richardson and Martha McMahon. Captain Company A, Miss Florence Gray; 1st Lieut. Co. A, Miss Harriet Whittaker; 2nd Lieut. Co. A, Miss Stevenson.

Captain Co. B, Miss Bessie Adams; 1st Lieut. Co. B, Miss Lora Cosant; 2nd Lieut. Co. B, Miss Parker.

Captain Co. C, Miss Alice Livingstone; 1st Lieut. Co. B, Miss Ella Collins; 2nd Lieut. Co. B, Miss Farrell.

Captain Co. D, Miss Mabel Walsh; 1st Lieut. Co. D, Miss Katherine Miskella.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

About 30 young friends of Miss May Gildee were entertained at a birthday party at the latter's home, 11 Milk street Saturday. The event was in celebration of Miss Gildee's seventh birthday. Vocal solos were rendered by Misses Rose Duff and Mary A. Connell and George Duff, Leo Morris and James McMahon. Misses Mamie McCarol, Grace Fee and May Golden received the guests and were assisted by the parents of the little hostess. Miss Flossie Driscoll poured. Miss Gildee was the recipient of a large number of handsome presents.

Putnam & Son

New Winter Top Coats

A most remarkable showing of stylish Coverts, Whipcords, black, brown and olive Kerseys, in short lengths, beside our display of regular length Overcoats. Prices from $5.00 to $30.00.

TOP COATS in Men's and Young Men's sizes, made from heavy weight coverts in the newest olive and brown mixtures; handsome plaid backs, finished with very deep pure satin yoke and sleeves, broad satin pipings, deep bottom facing, buckhorn buttons, cut very short and natty, full backs, with velvet or cloth collars. As handsome as any fifteen dollar coat, for

$10.00.

The greatest coats ever shown in America for this price.

WINTER COVERTS. Heavy Covert Coats in the new brown mixtures; heavy Whipcords in new shades, lined or with fancy plaid backs, with cloth or velvet collars, short, trig and natty, $5.00, $10.00, $13.00 up to $20.00.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK.

A GRAND SPECTACLE

Will be the Monster Parade in Chicago Tonight.

Mayor Harrison Will Lead 12,000 Bicyclists Through the Streets—Magnificent Arches to the War Heroes.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Two of the jubilee arches, the Dewey at State and Monroe street, and the Frist regiment, at Michigan avenue, were blown down yesterday by the high wind prevailing. No one was injured by either collapse. The Michigan avenue structure was badly broken and will have to be rebuilt. The painted canvass depicting the adventures of Col. Turner's men was torn in a dozen places. The Dewey arch was nearly completed. Only the surmounting ornaments were to be put in place. When the arch went down, the laborers were at work on Rough Riders' arch at State and Madison street and thus escaped being carried down with the framework.

Mayor Harrison will lead 12,000 wheelmen through the streets of Chicago tonight. Every man in the line will ride on a decorated wheel. The path is to be through a blaze of electrical effects. Overhead will be a festoon of brilliancy arched across the streets. Every building will have a flood of light. On some of the arches through which they pass, the features of war heroes will be seen through the brilliancy of red, white and blue globes. On every wheel Japanese lanterns will swing as signal lights of the passing show. Many famous riders will be in line. There will be all kind of wheels, including sextettes and motor cycles. There will be a few carnival floats. Some of them will resemble scenes from fairyland. One motor cycle will be accompanied by a band. Another will be in the form of a swan with a seating capacity of fifteen. It is to be in many respects a cosmopolitan parade. People of all nations and from every walk in life will participate. The policemen and firemen will ride, as will the letter carriers and soldiers. Zouaves in red will wheel alongside the athletic turners in white. Every club in Chicago will be represented in the parade. From the West Side will come John Sinnan at the head of 3,000 men. From the North, 1,000 members of the Turn Geminde, will swell the 3,000 riders behind Marshal A. T. Heywood. The South Side will need J. F. Hally with a clan of 4,000. Nobody has attempted to estimate the number of unattached riders that will participate. With the formation of the parade at 7 o'clock, Simon Meyer, grand marshal, will start the parade, preceded by Mayor Harrison.

Chief Sweenie of the fire department has promised to have 150 firemen turn out.

Two hundred police mounted will be the advance agents of the parade.

A moving electric arch, the bases of which will be supported by two triplets, will be a brilliant spectacular feature of the parade.

President McKinley will review the parade from the stand at the auditorium.

THE SIXTH RETURNS

Ordered Home by Gen. Brooke as Reported.

Will Come to Boston Direct on Furlough—Changes in Sixth—Privates Williamson and Ashworth Arrived Home Saturday Night.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 17—Secretary Alger, wired instructions on Saturday to Major-General Brooke, commanding the United States forces in Porto Rico, to send the Sixth Massachusetts regiment directly to Boston, and it is expected that under these instructions, the regiment will embark from Ponce within two or three days.

It was expected that the regiment would have Sunday but Colonel Bird of the quartermaster general's office said Saturday that two transports, the Mississippi and the Manitoba, could not get away before Monday or Tuesday. Colonel Bird said that he could not tell which of these ships the regiment would embark in, as that was a matter to be determined by the commanding officer at Porto Rico. He added, however that both were good ships and either was quite large enough to accommodate the whole Sixth Massachusetts regiment comfortably.

Adjutant General Corbin said that when the regiment reached Boston, it would be given a furlough of sixty days. He could not say whether the regiment would be mustered out at the end of that time but he thought the chances were 100 to 1 that it would be. The sixty days' furlough would bring the service of the regiment up to Christmas time when, in all probability the treaty of peace would be signed and the government would not be in further need of the service of this regiment.

Adjutant General Corbin stated also that as soon as the treaty of peace was concluded, the terms of service of the volunteer regiments would be ended, although there was a clause in the law which enabled the president to retain them in service until the "object of the war" shall have been accomplished. Of course there is nominally a condition of war between the United States and Spain, and the United States is keeping up her large army as an insurance against a recurrence of hostilities.

As soon as the treaty of peace is signed, there could be a large reduction in the forces of the United States. Troops will be needed for a long time, of course in the Philippines, in Cuba and in Porto Rico, but congress will soon be in session and the president can make such arrangements as he desires with regard to the size of the army and congress, will of course, give him the number of troops he says is necessary.

The regular army of the United States, is entitled on a war footing to 61,000 men. It now has 51,000 men under enlistment. The recruiting is going on steadily and the regiments are rapidly filling up.

The president, under the present law, can keep this body of regular troops in the service for some time yet, under the authority given him in the words of the law "until the object of the war shall be accomplished." Meanwhile congress of course, will be called upon to increase the size of the regular army of the United States.

As soon as the peace treaty is an accomplished fact, the camps in the United States can be abolished and the troops mustered out of the service as soon as there is no further need for their services. Of course the troops in Cuba and Porto Rico, Manila and Honolulu will have to remain for some time yet, but it is noticeable that not very many volunteer troops are to be sent to either Cuba or Porto Rico. Indeed, all the volunteer regiment now at Porto Rico are to be sent home as soon as their places can be taken by other regiments.

The so-called immunes are being sent to these places and it won't be long after a treaty of peace is signed before the volunteer regiments will be pretty nearly all mustered out of the service.

CHANGES IN SIXTH.

Lieut. George R. Barnstead of Company H, Sixth regiment, U.S.V., Stoneham, now at Porto Rico, has written under date of October 3rd, a newsy letter to Frank L. Whittier of Stoneham. He says:

"Quite a change has been made in the officers of the regiment, and by the promotion of the sergeant-major there is a change in the non-commissioned officers of our company. Lieut. F. E. Gray has been commissioned captain of Company K, in place of Captain Goodell, who resigned. Sergeant-Major Pearson has been commissioned second lieutenant and assigned to Company I, as the second lieutenant of that company. He has been confined to the hospital for several weeks. Lieut. Hart is home on a furlough. Sergt. J. L. Gilson has been promoted to regimental sergeant major. Sergt. W. D. Desmond is first sergeant, of Company H, and Corporal R. W. Barnstead to sergeant. This leaves one corporal to be appointed.

SOLDIERS RETURN.

Privates Donald C. Williamson and Thomas Ashworth, who were on the firing line of Company C, Sixth Massachusetts regiment, in the first battle in Porto Rico, returned to Lowell Saturday night from Fort Monroe hospital. Private Abbott of the company continued his railroad journey to Fryeburg, Me. where his relatives reside.

Private Williamson was four weeks in Utuado hospital suffering from typhoid malarial fever before he was brought to Fort Monroe in the hospital ship Relief. Private Williamson weighed 163 pounds when he left Lowell four months ago. He is now a shadow of the active young man who volunteered at the state armory.

Mr. Williamson speaks highly of his treatment in the Utuado hospital, on the ship Relief and at Fort Monroe hospital, where he was attended by Dr. Bell. He says there are three members of Lowell companies of the Sixth yet in Fort Monroe hospital.

Private Bagley of Company M, Ninth regiment he said, was recovering, but Private Carr, he was told, was not getting as strong as expected.

Lieut.-Col. Ames, Mr. Williamson says was able to be around before he left Porto Rico. He saw him the day before he sailed.

NINTH'S MUSTERING OUT.

Major Quinton of the Boston recruiting office for the infantry regiments, has received a letter from Assistant Adjutant General Wood, informing him that the men of the Ninth Massachusetts volunteers will be mustered out at the expiration of their furloughs.

The war department call renewed attention to its desire that men mustered out of the Ninth and other volunteer regiments should be encouraged to join the regulars, in which case the time they have passed in the volunteer regiments will count in their periods of service.

Corporal Tuttle and Private Fred D. Hastings left the General hospital Saturday much improved after their treatment there. Private Hastings gained twelve pounds in three weeks and is much better.

DEATHS.

DEVINE—Dennis Devine, aged 70 years, died this morning at his home, 74 Elm street. He leaves two sons and three daughters. Funeral will be held Wednesday morning.

KELLEY—Dennis Kelley died yesterday at his home, 76 Fourth avenue, aged 38 years. Two brothers and two sisters survive him. Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at St. Patrick's church.

NANCY GUILFORD

AGAIN REMANDED IN LONDON AWAITING PAPERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 17.—At the Bow street police court today, Dr. Nancy Guilford midwife of Bridgeport, Conn., whose extradition is being asked for on the charge of murder in the second degree in connection with the death of Emma Gill was again remanded a week pending the arrival of papers in the case.

THE HAYES ESTATE.

IT WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON TUESDAY.

C. F. Keyes will sell on Tuesday, commencing at 10 o'clock, the Michael Hayes estate in West Billerica, a homestead and 205 acres. Immediately after selling the real estate, I shall sell the personal property, consisting of eight cows, two horses, 200 hens, 60 ton English hay, farm wagons, mowing machines, and all of the farm implements.

This is considered one of the best farms within nine miles of Lowell.

The sale will take place rain or shine it being an administrators' sale.

CRICKET TEAM.

REMEMBERS ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL —29 SOLDIERS TREATED.

The Sisters of Charity of St. John's hospital make grateful acknowledgement of the receipt of $17 from the United States Boating Cricket club, a share of the proceeds of the recent game played for the benefit of local hospitals. They appreciate the gift but more especially the kind and humane sentiment which prompted it.

Two more soldiers were received at the hospital Saturday, making 29 in all entered upon its records since the cessation of hostilities.

TRACKS TAKEN UP.

The tracks of the old Lowell and Dracut Street Railway company which extended from corner of Merrimack and Cabot streets down around Little Canada and over Aiken street bridge have been removed. This has been made necessary by the improvements which are to be made in Aiken street. The removal of the tracks affords a pleasant relief as there have been no cars run over them for a number of years and they have been a decided nuisance.

NATURALIZATION COURT.

Judge Pickman will hold special sessions of police court tomorrow and Wednesday for naturalization purposes, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 12 p. m., and 2 p. m. to 4 p m.

BUT FIFTY RESCUED

One Hundred Victims of the Mohegan Disaster.

JOHN HYSLOP of New York, One of the Survivors of the Mohegan, Lost on the British Coast Saturday.

The Steamer was Far From Her Course—How She Diverged is Still a Mystery—Launching of Boats Impeded by Double Rails.

London, Oct. 17.—The Atlantic Transport company issued the following statement last night regarding the fate of the passengers and crew of the Mohegan, which was wrecked Friday night off the Lizard: "Of the passengers 11 have been saved; 10 bodies have been recovered and 33 are missing. Of the crew and cattlemen 39 have been saved, 14 bodies have been recovered and 51 are missing."

Since this statement was issued nine other bodies have been picked up, including two that have been identified as the bodies of passengers. The reports of the various correspondents differ widely as to the rescues, recoveries and losses, though none has been able to obtain the exact numbers of those saved or of the bodies recovered.

The latest advices from Falmouth say that 38 bodies have been identified, mostly the bodies of sailors. Four are as yet unidentified, including those of two elderly ladies. One appears to be a German. She wore a watch and a wedding ring, both engraved "1871." The other wore a silver brooch, with "D" in pearls. This is probably the body of Mrs. Charles Duncan.

The cause of the disaster remains the profoundest mystery. Nobody attempts to explain how the Mohegan got so far north of her true course—from six to seven miles. There was no fog at the time; while the wind on her port quarter was not sufficient to prevent her answering the helm. It has been suggested that her compass was faulty, but daylight lasted long after Eddystone light was passed. The sailors say the fact that the Lizard light was not visible should have served to give the alarm. The masts of the Mohegan, which are above water, show that her stern is landward, causing a theory that the navigating officer, on discovering that he was in the bay, suddenly turned seaward. Two engineers, who are saved, declare, however, that they never slackened speed.

Remarkable stories of rescues continue. Robert Barrow, a seaman, performed the feat of swimming unaided through the roughest water to Coverack point, a distance of two and one-half miles. He climbed up the ragged cliff, where a searching party found him early the next morning, completely exhausted. A. C. L. Smith of Oregon, a passenger, surrendered to a woman in the water wreckage that was supporting him, and swam ashore unaided. The woman was saved. Her name is reported as Miss Webb, but no such name appears in the company's list.

Messrs. Smith and W. J. Bloomingdale say there was the greatest difficulty in launching the boats. The ropes were new and stiff, and the blocks would not work. Four or five times as many sailors as should have been necessary struggled to lower each boat. The lockers were hard to open. The crew, in a chivalrous effort to save the women, made the mistake of undermanning the boats. There were only four sailors in one boat, which capsized as soon as it was launched. Messrs. Smith and Bloomdale say that Captain Griffiths had appeared ill all day.

The death of T. W. King, who was a newspaper proprietor in Nantucket, Mass., and of his family, including Mrs. King, her mother, Mrs. Weller, and his sons, Rufus, aged 11, and Anthony, aged 7, has caused deep sorrow at Penzance, where the family had a summer cottage, and were very popular. Joseph O'Rourke, Mr. King's valet, who was saved, says he was on deck when the crash came. The lights went out immediately. Rushing to the saloon he heard Mr. King exhorting his family to keep cool. O'Rourke, with seven others, clung to the rigging until 6 o'clock Saturday morning, when a lifeboat took him off. He identified the bodies of the Kings and Mrs. Weller, and will have them embalmed and taken to the United States in accordance with cabled instructions from relatives of the family.

[The description, in the London dispatch, of T. W. King as "a newspaper proprietor at Nantucket, Mass., is probably erroneous. Inquiry shows that the proprietors of the local papers in Nantucket and its vicinity bear other names. In Boston newspaper circles Mr. King's name is unfamiliar. Probably he was a wealthy summer resident at Nantucket.]

LAUNCHING WAS IMPEDED.

Falmouth, Eng., Oct. 17.—John Hyslop, a New York yachtsman, who was saved, in the course of an interview condemned the double railing around the ship's boats, which, he says, impeded the launching. The masthead light, in his opinion, should have been an oil instead of an electric lamp, as in that event it would not have been extinguished, but would have furnished a beacon to guide the lifeboats.

Mr. Williams, the company's manager, says the disaster is utterly inexplicable. The vessel was new and, he asserts, well found, while the captain and crew were most reliable. He says the crews of the company's vessels have constant boat practice, and he is indignant at the insinuations regarding the condition of Captain Griffiths.

Called It Cancer

A Sore Rapidly Grows Worse Until Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I had what was said by a physician to be a cancer on my breast. It grew worse very fast and I made some salve and used it, but it did no good, and none of the remedies I bought did any good until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Before I had finished the first bottle of this medicine the sore began to heal. I kept on taking the medicine until I was cured. Some time afterward I had another sore on my left cheek. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla again and it had the same good effect." MRS. MARCELINE PAQUETTE, 307 Court Street, Brockton, Mass.

Get only **Hood's Sarsaparilla**

America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

WATER PIPE BURST.

A water pipe in the Bon Marche Dry Good Store burst last evening, directly over the cotton underwear department. The water came down in torrents and by the time the night watchman came the floor in this vicinity was ten inches deep, damaging the cotton underwear stock more or less. Mr. Munn, the night watchman, immediately telephoned Mr. C. A. Mitchell and with the assistance of Mr. Stevens and Mr. Campbell, the day janitor who happened to be present, they immediately stopped the flow by shutting off the water at the main shut-off in the basement. The water flowed down into the basement and made sad havoc among the goods displayed there. But for the timely arrival of Mr. Munn a fearful flow might have happened, as it was, there was a damage done, mainly to the cotton underwear department and the basement. The entire force were busy this morning, straightening out the wet goods, and putting them away to dry. The amount of damage will surely amount to $500 or $900.

SECRETARY SMITH

Advocates A Change in the Assessor's Department.

HE WRITES ON THE LATEST FEATURES

In Connection With the Proposed Change.

James T. Smith, secretary of the board of trade, has been a vigorous advocate of a change in the election of assessors. He writes as follows of the latest feature:

"Possibly the ordinance is not perfect. We should have but little legislation if this objection was regarded as fatal. It is wise to leave something to experience. Experience will disclose defects, if defects there be, and suggest the remedy. The best legislation is thus matured.

"Two rumors from Capital square have found expression through the press.

"First—That the interests of the party must be first reconciled with the proposed legislation. If the party is the great body of voters, their wishes cannot be mistaken. There can be no doubt as to their interests in the premises.

"Second—That a serious obstacle to agreement will be the preference of members, as to who shall compose the reorganized board of assessors.

"It is natural that members should differ as to the capacity and efficiency of candidates for retention. Unquestionably, there are as capable and trustworthy officials among the assistant assessors as on the board of principal assessors. But the selection of those who are to remain, vests in the city council by ordinance, and under the charter the city council may remove any assessor when in its judgment the interests of the city require such action. Self-respect will naturally restrain the city council from withholding legislation for such a reason. There is nothing in the proceedings thus far to raise a suspicion that any member regards the claims of personal friendship as superior to those of the voters who selected him to represent them and guard their interests. Such rumors are but journalistic curry and are thrown in to give a zest to a newspaper column.

"A most absurd objection to a reorganization of the assessors' department a pure bluff, is that pending a controversy over a corporation tax, the force cannot be reduced. First, the assistant assessors which the ordinance legislates out of office have nothing whatever to do with the corporation tax; the valuation is made by the principal assessors. Second, if either the principal or assistant assessors are required in court, a summons will bring them as readily out of office as in.

"There are as staunch friends of economy in the board of aldermen as out of it, and we wait the action of that board with full confidence that the trust placed in the members by their fellow-citizens be not misplaced.

FOOT BALL.

GAMES PLAYED SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

The Institute of Technology won from the Glenmores by a score of 6 to 0. The game was held on Fair Grounds Saturday afternoon, and was played to a small crowd, a number who had bought tickets remaining away because of the inclement weather.

All the scoring was done in the first half when by losing the ball and finding it again, only to have it grasped from them, the locals hung up a cipher, while the Techs gained and kicked a goal.

The Bostons having their kick-off in the first half, it was the Glenmores' turn in the last. Some fine plays were made in this half by both teams. The locals tried very hard for a score but at the call of time the ball was on the Techs' ten yard line. It was a brilliant game and those who witnessed it got their moneys' worth. The summary:

GLENMORES.	TECHNOLOGY.
F. Emerson (capt.)	l. e. l. e, Cowing
Trask, lt	lt. Eager
Crosby, lg	lg, Kennard
Gill, c	c. Cross
Willis, rg	rg, Evelyn
Egan, rt	rt, Jeffords
Murphy, re	re, Dorsey
Allen, qb	qb, Derby
Donahue, lhb	lhb, Arnold
Whittaker, rhb	rhb, Haley
Meiklejohn, rhb.	
Fisher, fb	fb. (capt.) Dunforth

Umpire, Fowle; referee, Crosby; linesmen, Low and Curtin; score, Technology 6; Glenmore 0; touchdown, Haley.

The Almonts and Big Sevens played a first class game to a tie on the South common. Harrington and Jacques of the Almonts led in scientific plays and saved their team from defeat.

The Big Seven Ponies defeated the Collins Pets by a score of 27 to 0.

SAW DOUBLE.

AND PETER BENNETT GOT INTO THE WRONG HOUSE.

Peter Bennett, aged 28 years, of Varnum avenue, drank early and often Saturday night and as a result when he started for home, his condition was decidedly "off color." As he got near his house, he was looking double and could see several of his houses.

He took a chance at one of them and banged at the door receiving no answer This angered him and he broke in the door and entered. There was no one there to welcome him and in order to raise a little excitement, he threw a flat-iron through one of the windows.

Mr. Bennett in taking that chance, made a bad move, for he struck the wrong house his own being some little distance below and when the family occupying the house returned and found the mud-bedraggled Bennett over one of their fancy couches, they practically kicked and notified the police. When Lieut Palmer and Officer McNabb awakened Bennett, the latter was greatly shocked at the news that he was in the wrong house. He was arrested for drunkenness.

While he was enjoying his sleep in the neighbor's house, his own folks heard that he had come home and went to look for him with a lantern. They found out his whereabouts from the police.

It will be well to bear in mind the hour and date of the sale of three acres of land in three lots at Middlesex Village this week, Thursday. The hour is 3.30, and the sale absolute. So say J. E. Conant & Co.

WONDERFUL FEAT

By George L. Hubbard's Horse Today.

FELL INTO CANAL FROM THE RAILROAD

And Swam Against Stream to Shore.

A bay horse belonging to George L. Hubbard, left standing unharnessed in front of Swett's blacksmith shop near the northern depot this morning, became frightened by a passing engine and dashed up the track over the canal bridge. Part of the boards of the bridge had been removed by workmen making repairs there and on reaching this point the horse lost his footing and after rolling over, plunged headlong into the canal. Everybody thought the force of the current would carry the animal under the bridge where he would be drowned among the spiles, but no, with remarkable instinct, equal or superior to the intelligence a human being would have shown under the circumstances, the excited animal struck out against the stream for a part of the shore low enough to land and in a short time regained the bank about fifteen yards distant. The spectators pronounced the feat one of the most remarkable ever witnessed. The animal was led peaceably back to the stable but slightly injured by scratches and greatly subdued by the dip in the canal.

POLITICAL NOTES.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

20th Representative Convention, Associate Building, Monday evening, October 17th, 7.30 p. m.

25th Representative Convention Tuesday evening, Oct 18th, Associate Building, 7.30 p. m.

SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Seventh district democratic senatorial convention will be held in the banquet hall, Associate building, at 7.30 tomorrow evening.

Here is what a Lawrence paper has to say of Marcellus H. Fletcher, who has been nominated for councillor from the district:

Lawrence democrats know Marcellus H. Fletcher, who was nominated for councillor by the democratic convention at Lowell yesterday. Mr. Fletcher is a war horse of democracy, tried and true and it will be a pleasure for his democratic friends in this city to give his candidacy the recognition it deserves. It is too much to hope, perhaps, that he will be elected as the district is substantially republican. But every democrat in Lowrence, Methuen, Andover, and North Andover should make a point of marking a cross against the name of Marcellus H. Fletcher of Lowell for councillor at the polls on election day. Give him a complimentary vote. That would please Marcellus more than if he should be elected.

LAWRENCE REPUDIATES KNOX.

Mr. Knox's papers do not conceal their alarm over the congressional situation. They term the dissatisfaction on the republican side as "over confidence, which is one way of whistling to keep up their courage. The Lowell Courier says:

"We are badly off at the best. Are we alive to the fact that we must get out the republican vote to insure success?"

And the Lawrence Telegram appeals to gold democrats to come to the aid of Mr. Knox in order to prevent Mr. Flynn's election. Why should these frantic appeals be made in behalf of a candidate who two years ago was elected by more than 6,000 majority? The reason is obvious. Mr. Knox's broken promises to the people, the responsibility of his party for the distressed condition of the cotton and woolen industries and for the starvation of the volunteer soldiers during the late war. Lincoln's remark about fooling the people comes in aptly to describe the situation. Mr. Knox fooled the people two years ago when he said prosperity would return before snow fell if McKinley was elected president and he was returned to congress. The people are not to be caught with chaff from that source any more.—Lawrence Tribune.

CITY HALL NEWS.

Samuel A. McPheters, son of a former city clerk of that name, takes Mr. Carpenter's place in the purchasing agent's office.

Bugler Bentley of Company M, Sixth regiment, visited city hall this morning.

26TH DISTRICT.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION WILL BE HELD THIS EVENING.

The 26th district democratic representative convention will be held in the Democratic Headquarters at 7.30 o'clock this evening. All delegates are requested to be present.

CONANT'S SUCCESS.

The Worcester papers have been saying a great many very complimentary things of the method, manner, and thoroughness with which J. E. Conant & Co., conducted the most successful sale of tickets the Worcester Musical Festival ever had. The total receipts from the sale amounted to over $6,200.

CONVENTION DATES.

The 27th district democratic convention, representative, will be held tomorrow afternoon in democratic headquarters.

Joseph F. Gormley, chairman of the 25th democratic district committee sends out a call for a convention to be held in Democratic Headquarters, Associate Building, tomorrow evening at 7.30.

Miss Emma Lucas will be pleased to meet her friends at Madame Gregoire's, Merrimack street.

THE HON. JOSEPH H. CHOATE of New York, who Delivered the Address at the Unveiling of the statue of Rufus Choate, in Boston.

THE AMERICANS

Responsible for Typhoid Fever at Porto Rico.

SAYS DR. CHADWICK OF WALTHAM

In Relating Their Experiences There.

Dr. H. D. Chadwick of Waltham who arrived home Tuesday from Porto Rico, where he has been doing efficient work in the army hospital at Ponce, gave an interesting account of his experiences to a Waltham News reporter. Some of the most striking portions of his story are where he declares that any typhoid fever that exists or has existed among the troops in Porto Rico, was brought to the island by the soldiers, who carried it from the disease infested camps of the South and where he tells of good feeling that exists among all classes of people in Porto Rico, for "American Guano" or the "good Americans."

"I left New York on board the hospital ship Relief seven weeks ago in company with Dr. Greenwood," said Dr. Chadwick.

"We arrived at Ponce, Porto Rico, after a voyage lasting four days, during which almost everybody on board suffered considerably from seasickness, as the Relief is a heavy boat, which rolls fearfully. It would rock to and fro on the slightest excuse, even if the sea was as smooth as the Charles river.

"I found the climate of Porto Rico to be good. The air is dry and salubrious, and it agreed with me perfectly. There was considerable sickness among the soldiers when Dr. Greenwood and myself arrived and the hospital was full. Medical attendance and nurses were scarce, too. Much of the sickness was caused by the indiscriminate manner in which the men ate everything that came to hand as soon as they landed. A trip of four or five days or more on a crowded transport sharpened their appetites for everything fresh or green.

"Bananas, oranges or other fruit is to be had for the picking it off the trees and many of the men gorged themselves with these things, besides drinking rum and eating other native delicacies which they were unused to. The result of this was that hundreds were taken down with diarrhoea and stomach troubles sometimes in exceedingly virulent form. It was nothing more than might have been expected.

"But with the typhoid cases it was different. Typhoid had never been known in Porto Rico. The local doctors know nothing about the disease and when they meet it, are at a loss what to call it. The conditions are against typhoid, as the land is high and dry and the air pure. Therefore it cannot be doubted that the disease was brought to the island by the soldiers who came infected with it from the camp in this country. It broke out and spread quite rapidly for a while so that the hospital was filled with typhoid patients.

"Dr. Greenwood and myself went to work in the hospital at once and were kept busily employed. The surgeons wore a sort of white canvass suit with blue stripes on the arm and blue shoulder straps. There was no time to waste in the hospital as the number of physicians was far inadequate. Nevertheless, the hospital patients were given good care. There were no complaints from the men. The wards were full of patients all the time.

"While in the hospital I had as a patient Henry Watterson, Jr., a son of the great southern newspaperman and journalist. Young Watterson had a slight attack of typhoid and I pulled him out of it all right, so that he was able to leave Ponce on the steamer that I came on. We were good friends. The young man is a corporal in the First Kentucky volunteers, and his brother is a private in the same regiment. When they enlisted their father told them that if they wanted to go they would have to go as privates. No doubt the old gentleman could have easily secured commissions for his sons, but he isn't that kind of man. He didn't want his boys to have the advantage over anybody else through his influence.

"Life at Ponce was very dull and uneventful. There were plenty of troops around all the time, but army life is dull at best, when there is no active work going on. There was little or no social life. There is a club in Ponce which was much frequented by the American officers, but outside of this there was absolutely nothing in the way of social diversionement. But even if there was it wouldn't have benefitted the doctors much as they were constantly employed.

"There is a wonderfully good feeling toward the Americans evinced by the people of all classes. There are no distinctions drawn now. The people call themselves Porto Ricans and believe that the Americans will make everything prosperous and happy. They speak of us as the 'Americanos Guanos' which means the good Americans. A regimental band gave a concert one night during which national airs were played of course. The next day all the colored boys were whistling 'Yankee Doodle.' A nurse was attracted by the bright appearance of a Porto Rican boy and asked him his name. 'Yankee Doodle Porto Rico' was the ready reply.

"The people live in poor thatched cottages. They have but few comforts of life, but the products of the soil are so numerous that there is no necessity of starving. All classes are very immoral. Immorality is not considered immorality there. High and low are just alike in this respect. It is also a matter of remark that well to do people have everything there is, and the poor people have nothing. Except for a few small tradesmen there is no middle class whatever. Everybody wondered at the American horse. The only animal of the equine race to be seen in Porto Rico are small in size and an American horse is far superior to them in evry respect, a different sort of an animal entirely.

"I was unable to get away from the island until a reenforcement of surgeons arrived. Dr. Greenwood, of course was allowed leave of absence, as he had been ill. We started for home last Friday on the former American liner Berlin. There wer 206 convalescents on board, 40 per cent of whom were still quite sick and required medical attendance. I was placed in charge of the whole number, but was greatly assisted by Dr. Greenwood, who volunteered his service, although he was under no necessity of doing so. When we reached New York most of the men were recovered almost entirely and only 16 per cent of them needed medical attendance.

"The Berlin stopped at Santiago for a short time on the return voyage. It is a wonderful harbor. The scenery in every direction is grand. I procured a conveyance and visited the battle ground where I obtained a number of mementos of the engagement. There were many members of the 16th Pennsylvania volunteers on board, and these were met at New York by the governor of that state and many friends, who took them in charge at once.

"Some of the men were taken to the house of the National Relief association which is maintained almost entirely by Miss Helen Gould. Twelve of the very sick were taken to the hospital at Bedloe's island. I am glad to be home again although I enjoyed the experience. I have sent my resignation to Washington."

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough. It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

WIGGINVILLE YOUNG MEN.

The Wigginville Young Men's social union has been organized and twenty young men signed the constitution. They will occupy the Brookside school which was generously offered by Deacon W. H. Wiggin. The following were elected officers: Kenneth McKinnon, president; Wm. Bennett, vice president; David Allan, secretary; Willard G. Parker, treasurer; Gaddord Carlson and Thomas Bennett, sergeants-at-arms. Meetings are to be held on Friday evenings.

ORDER FOR DRUMMERS.

A new order has been received by baggage masters of the Boston & Maine stations to the effect that all drummers will be forbidden hereafter to open or show their goods in the baggage room.

THE BALL SEASON

Schedule Completed With Saturday's Game.

REVIEW OF THE SEASON'S SUCCESS.

The Game Was Quite Profitable This Year.

Boston, Oct. 17.—The curtain was rung down Saturday, closing the National league season of 1898. As not one of the clubs could better its position in the race, little interest was manifested in the closing games. The New Yorks wound up the season by defeating the Washingtons in an 11-inning game, while the Brooklyns finished with a victory over the Philadelphias. The Bostons downed the Baltimores, and the Louisvilles beat the Clevelands. In three cities attempts were made to play second games, but darkness stopped the contests before the required number of innings could be played. Cold weather interfered with the games in Pittsburg.

Not only has the season been a great success in Boston from a playing standpoint, but financially the game has been exceedingly profitable. The club has made more money than any other team, and the three owners will receive good sized dividends. The Baltimore club, on the other hand, has had a disastrous season, and, though the club has finished second, the season has been a financial failure, resulting in a loss of fully $15,000. But for the Sunday ball some of the clubs would have fared far worse than has been the case. Chicago and Cincinnati had record-breaking crowds, and Louisville played to far better business than the previous year. New York and Pittsburg joined the Sabbath-playing clubs, the former only playing Sunday games at home at the close of the season. This left the Boston and Philadelphia clubs as the only ones that did not play Sunday ball.

The double umpire system proved a success, and will undoubtedly be retained another season. The choice of incumbents was not happy in all cases, and the men were not noted as well as could have been desired. One great fault of the system was that the umpires did not work intelligently together.

The Atlantic league managers have applied for protection for Worcester.

Hallman says he won't stand the transfer to Milwaukee.

Detroit had four managers and 39 players in the past season.

It looks as if Catcher Zimmer would be divorced from the Clevelands.

The slate makers have "Connie" Mack down to manage the Brooklyns in '99.

The contract of Tom News with the New York club has been promulgated.

The Bostons will pass the week in making a dollar on the road. They have designs on Bridgeport, Torrington, Northampton, Spencer, Webster and Grafton.

"No better play could be made for New York than to take Joyce out and put Anson in charge of the club," says a veteran. "Anson is a card and a character with a great following—just the man for a city like New York, but he must be his own master to be successful."

Interest on taxes begins October 20th.

A. O. H. DEMONSTRATION

A GRAND MASS MEETING OF THE ORDER.

An important meeting of the central council of the A.O.H. was held yesterday afternoon to make final arrangements for their great demonstration, which will take place next Thursday night in their hall on Prescott street. Ex-Alderman John H. Boland of Waltham, Mass., president of Division 19 of that city, will attend the mass meeting of the order in Lowell. He will be accompanied by the degree staff of Waltham for the purpose of exemplifying the new ritual of the order. The officers will be met at the northern depot by a committee of the Lowell divisions and escorted to the American House. A reception will be held in Hibernian hall at 7.30. The exercises will commence promptly at 8 o'clock and later in the evening a smoke talk and literary exercises will take place and addresses will be delivered by prominent Hibernians of the county as well as local members.

The demonstration is the outcome of the Trenton convention and will mark a new era in Hibernianism in this county as well as throughout Massachusetts—a united A.O.H. The old members should attend this meeting and witness the result of their labors of 31 years ago when they founded this order in Lowell, which has done so much for good citizenship in this city. All Lowell Hibernians are expected to be in the hall in time to attend the reception. The reception committee comprises the presidents of the five Lowell divisions: John A. O'Hearn, of Div. 1; Michael T. McMahon, Div. 2; John Hendricks, Div. 11; Joseph McQuade, Div. 28; John O'Neil, Div. 8.

Doctors now agree that consumption is curable.

Three things, if taken together, will cure nearly every case in the first stages; the majority of cases more advanced; and a few of those far advanced.

The first is, fresh air; the second, proper food; the third, Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with hypophosphites.

To be cured, you must not lose in weight, and, if thin, you must gain. Nothing equals Scott's Emulsion to keep you in good flesh.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

THE REGISTRATION.

NAMES ADDED TO LISTS SATURDAY.

The registration Saturday afternoon and evening was quite heavy. The following names were added to the list:

Ward 1—Walter R. Gove, 36 Massachusetts corporation; Edward E. Farris, 65 Worthen; Joseph Lefevre, 22 Lee; Dennis Leblanc, Jr., 42 Lee; William T. Ermin, 39 Worthen; John Hickey, 97 South; Fred Farnell, 30 First; Walter E. Thompson, 24 West Third; Herbert R. Baker, 24 West Third; Edward A. Shea, 40 Bridge; Daniel Burns, 196 Merrimack; Fred A. Wales, 264 Appleton.

Ward 2—Julius Brown, 22 Common; Michael Wall, 129 Tremont; George W. Haye, 19 Tremont corporation; John J. O'Connor, 135 Merrimack corporation; Joseph H. O'Brien, 54 Common; Michael Kearney, 177 Tremont.

Ward 3—Joel E. Billings, 292 Chelmsford; Arthur S. Edwards, 31 Rock; Warren Simonds, 115 Branch; Charles E. Montgormery, 23 Coral; Michael H. Sullivan, 659 Broadway; Michael Moraham, 130 Cross; John Meehan, 451 Broadway; Thomas B. Lesuer, 44 Franklin.

Ward 4—Bernard Campion, 75 Urion; Edward J. O'Hare, 13 Kidder; Thomas J. Boyle, 122 Howard; Frank E. McOsker, 50 Union; Francis J. Loncraft, 36 Mead; Joseph A. McKenna, 17 Pine Hill; Matthew D. Doyle, 67 Whipple.

Ward 5—John E. O'Garra, 67 Warren; Joseph Callahan, 550 Central; Joseph P. Wright, 101 Gorham; James T. Healey, 29 Pleasant; Daniel F. O'Callahan, 550 Central; Nicholas Hulpin, 196 Gorham.

Ward 6—Charles E. Holmes, 9 Varley avenue; Fred Lefaivle, 61 Ludlam; Ephraim H. Blanc, 212 Tenth.

Ward 7—Harry E. Hallowell, 11 Fourth avenue; Albert Bergeron, 325 Mammoth road; Augustus T. Holmes 170 Mt. Hope; Michael H. Donavan, 9 Hampton avenue; Exphir Forget, 70 Ford; Martin E. Hall, 48 Wannalancit.

Ward 8—Fred C. Brown, 104 Blossom; George H. Chamberlin 1372 Middlesex; George W. A. Butters, 11 Burt; Charles E. Chamberlain, 3 Dudley court; John C. Cook, 29 C street; Walter H. Withum, 40 Wilburn; Daniel Emerson, 114 London; John Gleason, 331 Lincoln; William B. Price, 11 Hadley; Frank S. Pearson, 166 London; Irving W. Morgan, 43 Leverett; Herbert A. Butler, 15 Harding; Charles T. Frost, 20 Marginal; Daniel Ellis, 146 Hale.

Ward 9—George E. Winter, 1104 Lawrence; James F. Monaghan, 18 Bleachery; Patrick F. Reddan, 19 South Whipple; James Regan, 34 Bourne; Daniel F. Welch, 728 Lawrence; Robert W. Bell, 61 South Whipple.

MUSIC HALL

If you wish to visit Santiago de Cuba, Porto Rico or the Philippines or in other words the much talked of scenes of the late war, it will be brought to you at the new Music Hall tonight when Al. Reeves' big double company, greater and grander than ever, makes its first appearance this season. The show this season stands without a peer with now scenery, handsome wardrobes and electrical effects. The performance will commence with a very laughable satire entitled "The Ladies of Life," in which 25 whites and 25 blacks appear, making a total number of 50 voices, introducing such people as Harry Emerson, Mitchell and Joss, Copa Sisters, Barton and Ashley, Miss Fanny Fern Thatcher, De Graf Sisters, Unique Quartette, late of the Primrose & West Minstrels, Alice Gray, phenomenal lady cornetist; Miss Zoa Ball, phenomenal contralto of her race; and last but not least, the world's greatest banjoist and comedian, Al. Reeves, concluding with an up-to-date opera burletta, "America, How Are You?" The show will be entirely clean and unsuggestive throughout. It is a refined one and such as can be attended by ladies without escorts.

SECOND BOILER TEST

CONDEMNED HIGHLAND SCHOOL BOILER STANDS 400 POUNDS PRESSURE.

The second test of the condemned boiler of the Highland school which a so-called expert pronounced unfit for service and dangerous with over five pounds of steam on was made at the city yard Saturday in the presence of several interested spectators and it knocked the statement of the expert into a cocked hat. At a test last week 200 pounds was reached. Saturday the pressure went up to 400 pounds before the supports of the crown heads were started. The boiler is 18 years old, and has thus been shown to be all right for practical use, as is the boiler at the Varnum school.

The judges were the same as before: Engineer Lyman of the Lowell Manufacturing company; F. S. Allen of the Hartford Boiler and Inspection Insurance company; Homer B. Nay, superintendent of motive power at the Lowell Machine shop.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

ENDORSED BY THE POPULISTS.

The executive council of the People's party Saturday adopted the following:

Voted, That the executive committee of the state central committee of the people's party, having been charged with the powers of the state convention for 1898 as to nominations, and the democratic party having, as we think, substantially adopted the principles for which we stand, we therefore deem it inexpedient to make nominations for state officers.

George F. Washburn, Chairman.
D. P. P. Field, Secretary.

HAMILTON GETS SECOND.

The wind-up of the New England Amateur circuit was held Saturday at Hillsgrove track at Providence. A high wind and extreme cold weather prevented fast time. J. F. Ingraham, the Lynnfield fast rider, whom Claude Hamilton of this city, had a chance of defeating, carried off the honors, winning both the mile open and the five mile handicap races. Hamilton, who has been suffering from the results of being fouled by the former at the races in Brockton, over a week ago, was not riding in usual form and the best he could do was to capture third position in the mile open and a very handsome second in the five mile handicap, both men riding from the scratch.

C. F. Keyes sold Saturday for the electric road at Fitchburg, 39 house lots, an average price of $78 per lot. Although the day was cold and stormy, the attendance was very good and the prices were considered good for the new location.

SINGULAR STATEMENT.

From Mrs. Rank to Mrs. Pinkham.

The following letter to Mrs. Pinkham from Mrs. M. Rank, No. 3,354 East Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., is a remarkable statement of relief from utter discouragement. She says:

"I never can find words with which to thank you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me.

"Some years ago I had womb trouble and doctored for a long time, not seeing any improvement. At times I would feel well enough, and other times was miserable. So it went on until last October, I felt something terrible creeping over me, I know not what, but kept getting worse. I can hardly explain my feelings at that time. I was so depressed in spirits that I did not wish to live, although I had everything to live for. Had hysteria, was very nervous; could not sleep and was not safe to be left alone.

"Indeed, I thought I would lose my mind. No one knows what I endured.

"I continued this way until the last of February, when I saw in a paper a testimonial of a lady whose case was similar to mine, and who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I determined to try it, and felt better after the first dose. I continued taking it, and to-day am a well woman, and can say from my heart, 'Thank God for such a medicine.'"

Mrs. Pinkham invites all suffering women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice. All such letters are seen and answered by women only.

BOND EMBEZZLER CAUGHT.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Oct. 17.—A secret service officer of Montreal has arrested R. A. Beaulieu, a defaulter from the Canadian metropolis. Up to last August Beaulieu was a discount clerk in the Montreal branch of the National Bank of Quebec. When an examination was made of the affairs of the branch by dominion officers it was found that there was a shortage. With the discovery Beaulieu and four other clerks disappeared. When an examination of the books had been completed a shortage of several thousand dollars was found. The four others implicated with Beaulieu were easily found and brought back to Montreal, where friends paid their share of the amount taken and the charge was not pressed.

BODY EATEN BY VERMIN.

Worcester, Oct. 17.—George W. Andrews, 37 years old, formerly of New York city, was found in the woods in a terrible condition. He was so weak he was unable to move, and his entire body was covered with vermin, which had eaten his flesh in various places. He was removed to the city hospital, where he died from alcoholism and exhaustion.

Andrews was a member of Munn lodge, F. and A. M., of New York. He had recently been employed by the New England Railroad company as delivery clerk. He had been drinking heavily and left his boarding place last Monday morning. Since that time nothing had been seen of him until his body was found.

STRIKES WILL BE FEWER.

New York, Oct. 17.—All the unions affiliated with the board of walking delegates have ratified the proposed agreement between the organization of employers known as the United Building Trades and the board, whereby sympathetic strikes are to be done away with and all questions in dispute will be settled by an arbitration board composed of an equal number of employers and employes.

This agreement will have no effect on the speculative builders who have an association of their own. It is thought, however, that the speculative builders will take similar action.

WELL KNOWN TO THE POLICE.

Providence, Oct. 17.—George R. Fearaby, alias James B. Allen, who was wanted by the Massachusetts district police for breaking and entering stores in the cape district, was arrested here last night. Fearaby is an alleged expert in silk stealing, and has been wanted by the Massachusetts police since last spring. He is known to the police all over New England, and has been several times in the Maine and Massachusetts state prisons and in the Massachusetts reformatory.

KILLED BY A FALL.

West Warren, Mass., Oct. 17.—Louis S. Conkey and Thomas Lavine of Brookfield were thrown from a carriage Sunday afternoon, while driving down a steep hill. Conkey was instantly killed, wile Lavine received severe injuries about his head, which rendered him insensible for sometime. Conkey was 38 years old and leaves a widow and two children.

SHOT BY A HEN THIEF.

Fall River, Oct. 17.—Coleman Sugmanovitz of this city found Joseph Auclair stealing hens Sunday morning, and in attempting to capture him was shot in the breast. The police succeeded in arresting Auclair, who confessed to the theft and claimed to have parents in Providence. He is 16 years old.

C. F. Keyes will hold his next special sale on Tuesday, Oct. 25. Make your entries before Thursday noon for the sale.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

THE FATAL INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL.

Taken unsuspectingly in nerve tonics, has sent many a person to a drunkard's grave. This can be avoided by the use of Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, which is made ready by the simple addition of hot water. Nervous Prostration, Nervous Exhaustion, Constipation, Headache and Indigestion are all cured by this wonderful remedy. Call on F. H. Butler, 265 Central and 391 Middlesex street, and get a trial package free. Large package, 25c.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

575 Pieces of New Colored

DRESS GOODS

Are spread upon our counters and shelves today awaiting public inspection and sale. Of this number nearly 200 pieces were added to the stock last week, as the result of an exceedingly favorable purchase and the entire lot will be offered to day in four special lots at prices barely covering the cost of production.

Every New Color, Every New Shade, Every New Weave Included in This Sale

LOT 1—36 inch Braided Effects, Satin Figured Suitings, and Fancy Jacquards, all in new, desirable fall colorings, a great bargain

At 19c. Per Yard.

LOT 2—40-inch Fancy Mixtures and new weaves in all the new fall shades, an exceptional bargain

At 25c. Per Yard.

LOT 3—36 to 44-inch New Plaids, suitable for Ladies' Waists and Misses' Dresses, in a beautiful range of colorings, positively the best value ever offered

At 50c. Per Yard.

LOT 4—45-inch All-Wool Serges in all the new fall shades, 40-inch Braided Novelties, 40-inch Venetta Mixtures in all the new weaves. These goods were actually made to retail at 75c.,

59c. Per Yard.

AN EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN IN BLACK DRESS GOODS.

FORTY pieces of Black Henrietta, Serges and Brocades, a regular 69c. value.

At 49c. Per Yard.

PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS.

TWENTY pieces of Black Brocade Silks in several different patterns, 18 to 22 inches wide, are extraordinary bargains

At 39c. and 49c. Per Yard.

OUR entire stock of Colored Taffeta Silks, plain and shaded, in every conceivable color,

At 79c. Per Yard.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

BASE BALL.

A meeting of the friends of the players of the Boston base ball team was held Thursday night and arrangements were made for a monster benefit and testimonial to be held at Music Hall, Boston, next Thursday night.

Various sub-committees were appointed and already talent enough has volunteered to make the affair a howling success. In addition to the pleasure of showing appreciation of the great work done by the boys on the ball team, those who go to the benefit will see an entertainment that will certainly surpass anything of the kind before held.

Hon. John F. Dever is chairman of the committee on arrangements and Michael T. Callahan will be stage manager. His Honor Mayor Quincy will be present and will congratulate the boys on behalf of the city of Boston. It is expected that Manager Frank Selee and Captain Hugh Duffy will reply for the boys. They will have to speak, though, as neither of claims to be a "speechifier."

Many prominent business men of the city have entered into the scheme to give the boys a grand reception and C. E. Osgood has agreed to furnish the printed programs.

The tickets will be 50 cents, $1 and $1.50. Every person who buys a ticket not at the box office will be charged $1 and that check when presented at the box office will be good for a $1 ticket. If a person wants a $1.50 ticket, he will have to present the check and 50 cents. Tickets will be for exchange at the box office at Music Hall tomorrow at 10 o'clock.

Charley Lewis is treasurer of the committee and he has kindly been given desk room at the store of C. E. Osgood on Washington street where checks and donations may be sent to him.

The committee of arrangements consists of J. F. Dever, chairman; William Emerson, T. J. Daly, C. E. Osgood, James Murphy "Tom" McCarthy, Dennis Mahoney, Miah Murphy, Robt. Callahan, Thomas J. Bolles, M. J. Sullivan, George Appleton, John Keenan, Charles J. Lavis, John Bruen, Joseph Sheehan, M. T. Callahan, M. W. O'Brien, Edward M. Curran, Hugh Devine, Charles Devine, Dr. O'Callahan, Daniel Sullivan, Michael J. Moore, Charles H. Bryant, Joseph Keough, Joseph Ricker, T. F. Galvin, John Drohan, Hon. J. F. Fitzgerald, J. Mitchell Galvin, Peter Conway, Edward Daly, Wilfred J. Doyle, Michael McCreevey, Thomas Donahue, Charles A. Kelley, Bernard Lennon, George Milbank, Daniel J. Kiley, Joseph Maloney, C. James Connelly, John Irwin, William S. McNary, Alexander Hill, William Galvin, Dr. John Treanor, Edward Masterson, Edward F. McLaughlin, Captain William Daly, James Sullivan, Harry Dolan, Edward Gould, Dr. Coolidge, Dr. John Adams, James Russell William Harrison, Hon. Joseph O'Neil, Hon. James A. Gallivan, Frank P. Norton, Arthur Dixwell and John Mahoney.

Coupons to be presented at the box office will be on sale at all the sporting places in the city and suburbs.

Mr. Keyes will return to Fitchburg on Friday and Saturday of this week and sell the balance of the lots.

Charles F. Miles,
FLORIST,
492 MERRIMACK ST. LOWELL.
For the past 14 years with John Oliver.

AN ARRAY

Of Ladies' Shoes made to protect the feet from the inclemency of the weather, which is so prevalent at this time of the year.

They are HAND SEWED SHOES, made from plump Dongola stock, with half double soles and kid tips, very stylish and comfortable. They do away with the annoyance of rubbers.

$3 a Pair.

J. J. LONERGAN.
215 DUTTON ST.

MONEY BRINGS COMFORT

but you must know how to spend it. Get Dows' Headache Powders—3 for only 10c.—and you get head comfort. Instant relief. Never fails. 339 Central St.

E. C. Stanwood & Co.,
Bankers,
121 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.
Investment Bonds.
Lists Sent On Application.

A BEDROOM SUITE

With bevel plate glass, nicely carved bed, fine antique finish, all complete, for

$15.00.

They are all right.

DINING TABLES.

An elegant Solid Oak Polished Top, 6 ft. Extension Table, for only

$5.00.

WOOD STOVES, only $2.50.
OIL STOVES for $3.00.

GAYNOR & CO.
95 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

SEEN BETTER DAYS

There are at least two local papers with less than one-fifth the circulation of THE SUN. They may have seen better days, but the only remnant of their former glory is the high price they charge for advertising.

If the price they ask is a fair one, THE SUN would be justified in asking five times as much, but we do not ask even twice as much. Don't you see why advertising in THE SUN is the cheapest in Lowell?

THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two papers in the city. It is in every respect

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

The Bostons have won the national base ball championship by a season of hard and honest work by which they did much to popularize and elevate the national game in the face of many obstacles.

Mayor Ramsdell of Lynn has been nominated for congress in the seventh district and will make a gallant battle for victory. His friends predict that he will be a member of the next congress.

We are to have a number of vassal states, including Hawaii, Porto Rico, and Cuba, with the possibility of the Philippines coming in later, but only the possibility, for the United States has thus far captured only a single city of a territory that has a population of fifteen millions.

The city of Holyoke is greatly excited over the discovery that Tax Collector Keough has defrauded the city to the amount of 113,000. It is probable that his bondsmen will have to settle a large amount. The examination of the books shows that Mr. Keough had the privilege of doing as he pleased with the city's money. Holyoke has learned a valuable lesson although the experience is not likely to bring an immediate return.

Speaking of the democratic nominees on the state ticket, the Lawrence Tribune says:

"Lawrence should roll up a large majority for the democratic candidate for governor. Party considerations do not weigh so much as local pride. If Lawrence should not substantially appreciate the honor conferred by his nomination, it might be many a long day before a similar honor would come this way. Again, if Mr. Bruce's own city should give his candidacy ample recognition the fact would be of advantage to the city in many ways."

Not only as a question of local but of party pride will Lowell give its loyal support to the entire ticket. Apart from local pride, there is ample reason for supporting the democratic ticket, when we consider that by outrageous gerrymanders the republican legislature has practically disfranchised half the voters of the state, so that a one-sided General Court can pass whatever measures the lobbyists demand and stand against all measures that would benefit the masses.

DRAW THE CURTAIN.

Nothing can show the farcical character of the war investigation more clearly than the fact that whenever a witness states a fact that would reflect upon the war department, the commissioners at once become indignant; they catechize the witness in the most merciless manner and endeavor to disconcert him or else make him retract. This was peculiarly noticeable in the treatment of Dr. Seaman, who made some plain statements which the commission did not like. It is useless to carry the farce any further. Give up the whitewashing game and go home, gentlemen. Nobody expects an honest report.

THE MAIL'S QUIBBLING.

The Sun again protests against discussion of national issues like the silver question and the policy of expansion. Indeed we thought from what Mr. Flynn had to say in opposition to the republican party's attitude on these questions that he was quite willing to make his campaign along these lines. Evidently the democracy has heard something drop.—Mail.

The Sun has never protested against the discussion of the silver question or the proposition to restore the money of the constitution but what The Sun has protested against is the evident intention to delude the people by promising a speedy return of prosperity from the outlet for trade from the Philippines. The Philippines have not yet been taken by the United States, and if they had been, there is no just ground for assuming that the Philippine market will bring back prosperity to this country. Such a prediction would be as preposterous and delusive as the promises of business revival made by the Mail, Mr. Knox, President McKinley, and all the republican shouters in the fall of 1896. McKinley's election did not bring back prosperity and it is foolishness to suppose that the future acquisition of the Philippines will afford the United States a market for surplus products.

The Van Wycks seem to have a great graft on New York. If Judge Van Wyck should happen to be elected governor of New York, then he and his brother will be a very important power, considering the large number of people they represent. The Van Wycks are born democrats and it was this fact that led to the selection of Judge Van Wyck as a candidate for governor while his brother rules the Greater New York.

THE MAIL'S OPPORTUNITY.

The Lawrence Tribune has answered the Lowell Mail's criticism of Senator Flynn as follows:

"The Lowell Mail wants to know what Senator Flynn has done that he should be sent to congress. It is a fair question. Mr. Flynn has been instrumental in having beneficent laws placed upon the statute book of Massachusetts. He has given the governor of the state the cue for a ringing veto of the Whitney gas bill—that gigantic conspiracy to control the gas interests of the state. He has placed the manufacturers of Massachusetts on record as not caring to have their books and papers examined while pleading poverty and cutting down the meagre wages of their helpless employes.

"It is a fair question to ask the Lowell Mail what Congressman Knox has done in the interest of the people of this district during the four years he served in congress.

REPORT OF DEATHS.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 15.

6—Thomas J. Higgins, 27, typhoid fever.
7—Anna Lynn, 65, heart disease.
8—Ruth H. Goldsmith, 80, old age.
Ann Baxter, 67, apoplexy.
Mary Kneesey, 40, nephritis.
Jennie E. Lyons, 29, pneumonia.
Katie T. Gill, 11, nephritis.
Arthur Carlick, 10, disease of vertebrae.
—— Coyle, 20 minutes, atelectasis.
9—Samuel Blood, 77, intestinal obstruction.
John A. Roe, 46, pneumonia.
Edward McNamara, 30, pneumonia.
Florence Leblanc, 1, chol. infl.
Yvonne Parent, 1, enteritis.
Joseph U. Desforges, 4 mos., diarrhoea.
Mary Leblanc, 13 days, scrofula.
10—William H. Parker, 81, heart disease.
Betsey A. Jones, 71, paralysis.
Patrick Hert, 69, paresis.
John F. Williams, 48, acute cardiac dilatation.
Henry W. Dixon, 42, suicide.
Michael Valteley, 41, phthisis.
Patrick E. Donahue, 28, peritonitis.
Mary C. Ginty, 20, consumption.
Mary Wholey, 19, typhoid fever.
Earl Oakes, 1, bronchitis.
Dora Fury, 1, tuberculosis.
Edward Hulslander, 2 mos., bronchitis.
11—Eliza A. Wescott, 70, apoplexy.
Jean B. Page, 19, gastro-enteritis.
Jason P. Greenleaf, 1, whooping cough.
Leo Mahan, 7 mos., bronchitis.
Marvin A. Archambault, 4 mos., marasmus.
12—Elizabeth Farrell, 43, bronchitis.
Marie A. Rocheville, 1, brain disease.
John McCarthy, 10 mos., enteritis.
George A. Chounard, 3 mos., chol. infl.
13—Asahel Davis, 80, actor senilis.
Marie Lallamme, 70, senility.
Henry Woods, 29, endocarditis.
Henry Keurin, 16, phthisis.
Hannah McCarty, 15, peritonitis.
Camille Leroix, 7, nephritis.
Joseph Smith, 4, heart disease.
14—Henry Stewart, 6 mos., whooping cough.
Arthur Rondeau, 2 mos., chol. infl.

Girard P. Dadman,
City Clerk.

COLLINSVILLE.

The Jolly Eight club of Collinsville will hold their annual concert and ball at Willow Dale, November 4, this year. John Laffey, the well known club swinger, has been elected general manager. It will be remembered by those who were to attend last year that the old pavilion at Willow Dale where the the dance was to have been held, was burned to the ground in the afternoon of the Jolly Eight evening. This time, however, the managers report that there will be nothing to burn but fun.

The closing of Willow Dale and Lakeview deprives the younger residents of the pleasure of the every evening dance.

A good story is going the rounds about a certain young man who attended one of the social functions of the town and became too interested about the time the last "caboose" was leaving for a spot on the map which is four miles distant from here, and was almost obliged to go a "Paul Revere walk" at midnight. The incident occurred some time ago but it is still fresh in the memory of those who know of it.

The Collinsville football eleven are seeking an acquisition to their team. In Jimmy Shines they will find a good strong man.

The social season will soon be inaugurated at the club house. All remember the good old dances enjoyed there.

A bowling club will soon be formed by James Rogers and Frank Kiernan for the purpose of entering in a Lowell tournament.

The Juniper Juniors, whose dances were thoroughly enjoyed last season, will soon reorganize for '98-'99. James Doherty presided at last year's meeting and it is probable that he will be re-elected.

Harry Burke, the local Sun agent, is doing a hustling business. He has had the agency for more than a year and is rapidly increasing his list of subscribers.

CRISP GOSSIP.

If the gentleman who is making evening calls in School and Grove streets should find a door unfastened I wonder what he would do. Most likely he would enter uninvited, but then he might be welcome in some homes. If he would confide in some of our poor, tired policemen and tell them what he is trying to discover, in the homes of that locality, those same tired policemen might be able to assist him.

I met Tom Ramsdy of the Belvidere last night "just out after a few days' illness. "I tell you," he said, "every soldier who comes home suffering from malaria should have a pension. He will need it to pay his doctor's bills if nothing else, for malaria is a disease that you can hardly ever completely overcome. It may let up for a year or so but it is sure to come back and hang on and on. I know its peculiar tenacity" said he with an air of personal knowledge that reminded me that he himself had contracted the disease many years ago and that he still suffers from it at irregular intervals.

A Tempter
of fickle appetites, a builder of muscles and nerves, a healthful, digestible, economical aid to every meal, between meals and for picnics and excursions.
Favorite MILK BISCUIT. Sold everywhere. Made only by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

COLD BLOODED CRIME

Man and His Four Children Found Butchered.

Bodies Were Mutilated With an Axe—Wife and Mother Missing and Suspected—Gold Seeker Recovers Absconding Bride and Stolen Fortune.

Winnipeg, Oct. 17.—A Dominion City dispatch says that a cold blooded butchery took place in the Galician settlement, east of there, sometime Saturday night. A Galician and his four children were found dead in their house by a neighbor.

The wife is missing, and is suspected to be guilty of the crime. The weapon used was an ax. The man's head was nearly severed from his body, and the children's bodies were more or less mutilated. It is understood the man and woman had frequently quarreled.

Comptroller Tracewell of the treasury department has decided that postoffice inspectors are entitled to a per diem of $4 for expenses only when on duty outside of offices, as the law provides that they shall be actually engaged in the field in order to obtain such allowance. Before the act of congress, which went into operation July 1, inspectors received the per diem for every day they were on duty no matter what its character.

A HAPPY KLONDIKER.

New York, Oct. 17.—Charles Van Alstine, a Klondike miner, whose bride of a few months ran away and led him a lively chase across the sea, is again on American soil. Mrs. Van Alstine is with him.

Van Alstine "struck it rich" in the Klondike and sold out his interest in a claim for about $60,000 and started back home. He met a woman of whom he knew little beyond the fact that she lived in San Francisco, and married her. They came to this city, and he intrusted his wealth, consisting mainly of drafts, to her. She took a steamer for England as soon as possible. Detectives traced her there, and her husband followed after her. There was a reconciliation in London, and the western man got his money back.

PEACE AND PROSPERITY
Must come soon. Until the war is ended we have concluded to bear our share of the war tax by putting our ROCHESTER LAGER at the
Ante Bellum Price,
$1.25 per case of 24 bottles. A large invoice of fresh beer just in.
JOHN M. PEVEY,
55-57 MIDDLE STREET.
Tel. 452-3.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
50c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, ss.

PROBATE COURT.

To PATRICK MAHONEY, executor of the will of MICHAEL HAYES, late of Billerica, in said county of Middlesex, deceased.

You are licensed to sell, at public auction, at any time within one year from the date hereof, the following described parcel of real estate of said deceased for the payment of his debts and charges of administration, to wit: 1. A parcel of land situated in Carlisle, in said county, being shown on plan of land entitled "Plan of the Parker Farm as surveyed for Evans Cushing, Geo. H. Robbins, Surveyor," bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone bound at the northwesterly corner of the premises at land now or formerly of said MICHAEL HAYES, thence running southerly on said Hayes' land 50 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly 8 rods to an angle; thence southerly 3 1-2 rods to an angle; thence in the same course 7 3-4 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly 8 rods to an angle; thence still in the same course 5 3-4 rods to a corner at land of one Brown; thence northwesterly along said Brown land 27 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly along said Brown land 15 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly along said Brown land and land of one Hildreth 28 rods to an angle; thence westerly along said last named land 14 3-4 rods to an angle; thence northerly along said last named land 11 rods to an angle; thence still in the same course 22 3-4 rods to the road leading from said Carlisle to Lowell in said county; thence running easterly, southeasterly and northeasterly along said road as shown on said plan to an angle; thence running northeasterly along said road 53 1-2 rods to an angle; thence still in the same direction 7 3-4 rods to a stone bound at land of one Hayes, supposed; thence northwesterly along last named land 27 rods to an angle; thence northeasterly 19 1-4 rods to an angle; thence still in the same course 10 rods to an angle; thence northerly 32 rods to an angle; thence northeasterly 12 rods to an angle still on said Hayes' land; thence northwesterly along said last named land 51 rods to an angle; thence northwesterly 6 3-4 rods to a stone bound to the point of beginning. Containing 35 acres, more or less. 2. Also a certain other lot of land containing 130 acres, more or less, with the buildings thereon situated in the southwest part of said Billerica, divided into two pieces and described as follows: The first piece contains 100 acres, bounded, beginning at the northeast corner, thence southerly on the Triple Cove Brook, so called, about 32 rods as the road runs to a corner of the wall at land of the late Jonas Parker; thence northwesterly on said Parker's land about 20 rods to the corner of a wall; thence northerly on said Parker's land and land of the heirs of D. P. Winning to a corner; thence northwesterly on the wall on said heirs' land about 25 rods, more or less, to land of Stephen J. Nickless; thence northerly on said Nickless' land to the road leading by the dwelling house on the premises; thence on said road easterly to a point opposite said house; thence across said road nearly at right angles on land of Joel Dix about 8 rods to the corner of the wall; thence easterly on said Dix land to a corner of a wall thereon; southerly about 6 rods and across said road to a point opposite the easterly corner of the house; thence on said road again easterly to the point of beginning. The second piece contains about 30 acres, situated in the northerly part of said Carlisle, bounded: Beginning at the northeast corner thereof at land of the late Jonas Parker and heirs of D. P. Winning; thence southerly as the wall now stands on land of said Parker to the corner of the wall about 80 rods; thence westerly on said Parker land about 80 rods to a stake and stone at land now or late of W. Richardson; thence northerly on said Richardson land about 77 rods to a stake and stones at land of Asa Nickless; thence easterly on said Nickless land about 60 rods to the point of beginning.

You are required to give public notice of the time and place of such sale, by publishing a notification thereof once in each week for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell and, within one year after such sale, return your affidavit of having given such notice, with a copy thereof, to the Probate Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, at Cambridge, this sixth day of September, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

—S. H. Folsom, Register.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S.S. "CANADA" (New)
2600 Tons, has been appointed to sail as follows:
THURSDAY, SEPT. 27, 1.30 P. M.
S. S. New England
THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 3.00 P. M.
ST. LAWRENCE SERVICE.
Steamers from Montreal every Thursday.
Saloon passage $75 and upwards, according to location and season.
Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $35.50; return $69.75; Steerage Passage $25.
For passage, plans and information apply to the company's office, 10 State street, Boston, or in Lowell to
Dennis Murphy, Agt., 18 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market corner Worthen streets; F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, O. A. Bransten, 780 Gorham street.

DRAWING SCHOOL MATERIALS
W. T. S. BARTLETT
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
653 Merrimack Street.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. Safe, Always Reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Phila., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass.
Jenzmi Aprelis

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER
Is a positive and perfectly safe cure for baldness. NO DYE.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Merchants and Travelling Men
having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at
Hotel Albert, New York,
COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
[One block from Broadway cars.]
Rooms, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.
Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district.
Half portions served, making it possible for One to dine alone at moderate cost.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.,
is the ONLY FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS and SHORTHAND TRAINING SCHOOL in this part of New England, nearer than Boston and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

BREVOORT HOUSE
NEW YORK,
Homelike Hotel of Envious Reputation.
FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.
The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unequalled for business and sight-seeing, all the cable and rapid transit lines passing within two blocks of the door.
The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.
The regular tariff charge for each person will be: European Plan, $1 and upwards, American Plan, $3 and upwards.
JAMES & MEYER, Props.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Three Nights Commencing Monday, October 17, Matinee Wednesday.
Al. Reeves' BIG BURLESQUE CO.
Of 25—Whites—25 and 25 Blacks—25.
Presenting Comedy, Vaudeville, Minstrel, Opera and Burlesque. All New Scenery and Grand Electrical Effects.
Oct. 21, 22 and 23, with Saturday Matinee, the Musical Burlesque Company of the Twentieth Century, the
BUTTERFLY BURLESQUERS!
25—Handsome Ladies—25.
10—Great Comedians—10.
10—Strong Specialties—10.
Beautiful Wardrobe.
New and Elegant Scenery.

BIJOU THEATRE
Merrimack Street, Opposite City Hall.
Fifty vaudeville. Continuous show from 1 to 6.30 and 7 to 10.30 p. m. Admission—All down stairs 10c., gallery 5c. Ladies 5c. to any seat.

Expenses of Living Must Be Kept Down
We will help you. To commence with, we quote you a few prices which cannot help to draw you to our store. For 25c. you can buy
2 lbs. Round Steak, or
4 qts. Cranberries.
4 Classos Mustard.
20 lbs. Sweet Potatoes.
Half Bushel Beets.
Half Bushel Turnips.
3 lbs. Frankfurts.
3 lbs. Sausages.
3 lbs. Bologna.
Best Sirloin Steak 15c. to 20c. lb.
Roast Beef from 5c. to 12c. lb. Leg Lamb 12c. lb.
Central Cash Market, Cor. Central Charles Sts.

COME OVER AND HAVE COAL
Your Order With
WM. E. LIVINGSTON
15 Thorndike Street,
WHERE OTHERS OFTEN OD EAL

BAY STATE
Dye House
Poverty is no crime, but to be a penny wise and a pound foolish is what most of the people are and if they were not they would not throw their old clothes away when they are not half worn out, and this applies to the ladies as well as gents.
Now what we wish to say is that we know just where you can save dimes and often dollars by bringing your old winter clothing to the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
54 Prescott Street.
and when we get done with them they will look almost as good as new. Just give them a trial order and you will feel like thanking us for our advice.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the

TAX LIST FOR 1898,

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.

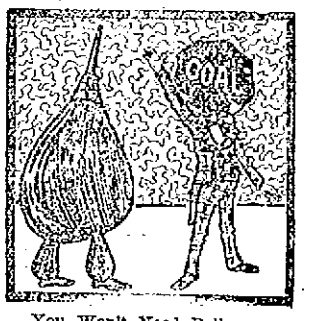
All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.



You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
FRANK BARNARD.
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO.
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
JAMES CALNIN.
D. T. FINNEGAN.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice, For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 Suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 162 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Spragues, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Gummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 0.25 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 800 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. All prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 8 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St., Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Hanson Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

DR. DONEHUE, Runels Building.
DENTIST.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 8th, at No. 7 Rank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat or from Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

HELP NOT REQUIRED

Government Fully Able to Provide for the Sick.

Sternberg Tells Why Supplies Were Sometimes Lacking—Letter to the President Says No Intervention is Necessary—The Commission Gone South.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The following letter from the surgeon-general of the army was written in reply to one sent to the president by A. E. Orr, vice-chairman of the Red Cross relief committee: "I have received the copy of your letter to the president. In answer to your question as to 'Why the intervention of the Red Cross relief committee should be longer needed, and why the government does not see to it that its own sick are provided for,' I would say: The emergencies of the war made the assistance of relief associations most valuable, notwithstanding the fact that it is the intention of the government to provide liberally for the care of sick soldiers, but, as you know, with ample means and good intentions supplies cannot always be provided at the proper place and time to meet an emergency. Moreover, at the outset of the war the arrangements made for providing light diet for the sick, which had proved satisfactory in time of peace, were inadequate, owing to the conditions which prevailed in our camps of instruction and among troops engaged in active operations. For this reason the presence of Red Cross agents, with their abundant supplies of delicacies for the sick, has been of inestimable value.

"But provision was made by a general order published Aug. 10 by which surgeons in charge of hospitals, general divisional or regimental, are enabled to draw 60 cents per day for each sick enlisted man of the army in lieu of his regular ration. Up to that time the commutation value of a ration was only 30 cents. The medical department does not supply food for the sick in hospitals. This is obtained from the commissary department, or by purchase wherever it can be procured. I enclose herewith a list showing the articles which can be purchased from the commissary, which list, as you will see, includes canned soups, tapioca, crackers, jellies, tea, butter, etc. Milk, chickens and eggs, fresh vegetables, etc., are purchased wherever they can be obtained.

"The medical department furnishes a few articles, under the head of 'hospital stores,' including condensed milk, sugar and tea; but no other food supplies are furnished by the medical department, or can be properly paid for from the medical and hospital appropriation. Of course, if the commissary department fails to provide these supplies and they cannot be purchased in the vicinity of a camp or hospital, the difficulty of providing proper food for the sick would be very great, and under such conditions the supplies of the relief associations have been most welcome; but the amount now allowed by the government is ample to provide everything necessary in the way of suitable diet for the sick, and when there is any failure to provide this it is a failure in administration by those immediately in charge, and not a failure of the government to provide the necessary means.

"You will no doubt agree with me that 60 cents a day for the raw material from which to prepare a proper diet for the sick is a most liberal provision. The experience of medical officers shows that it is not only ample, but excessive, and that for sick men, living for the most part upon milk, weak soups and farinaceous foods, this is much in excess of any reasonable requirement.

"Under the circumstances I think those patriotic and liberal citizens who have contributed so freely to aid in the care of our sick soldiers may now leave the matter in the hands of the government without any apprehension as to the results."

COMMISSION GONE SOUTH.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The war investigating commission left Sunday for the south. The party comprised 24 persons, who expect practically to live on the train during the absence from Washington. It has been fitted out with the view of rendering the party comfortable, and at the same time making it possible for the members to pursue their labors very much as if they were in their quarters in Washington. It consists of a combination baggage and parlor smoker, dining car, a sleeper composed exclusively of drawing rooms for the members of the commission, a 12-section double drawing room sleeper and the private car of General Dodge, chairman of the commission. Jacksonville was reached at noon.

GARCIA CALLED ON WOOD.

Santiago, Oct. 17.—General Calixto Garcia desires to contradict the statement made by several newspapers that he is receiving pay from the United States government for his assistance in disbanding the Cuban troops. He declares that he is a patriot and is not in need of money. Garcia had a long interview with General Wood yesterday, requesting transportation to San Cruz del Sur. He told General Wood it was important for him to be there "in order to frustrate the plot to overthrow the supremacy of those who had fought for Cuba for three years and to put in their places noncombatants and immigrants." General Wood agreed to provide him with transportation by the Bessie on her next trip to Manzanillo.

Saturday night five American teamsters got into an altercation with three policemen, with the result that one teamster was killed. Sometime afterward the other teamsters attacked a policeman, whom they disarmed and beat severely. The four are under arrest.

AN ERRONEOUS REPORT.

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 17.—A statement having appeared that the health of the army post at Sullivan's Island was causing the commandant much concern, and that 400 men were sick in quarters, Colonel J. R. Rawles emphatically denies the truthfulness of the assertion. He says: "The sanitary features of the post and the sickness throughout the command have never been, nor are they now such as to occasion apprehension, for the ailments have not generally been of a nature to occasion concern."

DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY.

Madrid, Oct. 17.—The conservative organ renews the suggestion of a semi-official paper regarding arbitration between the United States and Spain. It says: "The negotiations at present are going on without touching the question of the Philippines, which is most obscure and which lends itself to the gravest dissensions. Owing to the vagueness and lack of clearness of the protocol, the commissioners are meeting with serious difficulties. It has been said that if our adversaries are obstinate in their exaggerated demands, Mr. Sagasta should address the European governments, asking arbitration at least upon the points as to which an agreement should not be reached; but in view of the electoral struggle now in full vigor in the United States and of the declamations of the jingo press, which affirms without limits the rights of the conqueror, it is safe to assume that a request for arbitration would be without avail and serve no other purpose than loss of time."

INSOLENCE OF INSURGENTS.

Manila, Oct. 17.—The insurgents at Lagaspi have prevented an American steamer from loading or unloading, on the ground that there were Spaniards on board. They also refused to allow an officer of the Raleigh to land without permission of General Aguinaldo.

COUNTERFEITER CAUGHT.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Chief Wilkie of the secret service has been informed of the arrest at Swainsboro, Ga., of Thomas F. Pierce, on a charge of having in his possession raised notes and moulds for making counterfeit coins. Pierce, representing himself as a private detective, wrote the bureau recently that he knew the hiding place of a fugitive counterfeiter. He informed a secret service detective, who was sent to investigate the matter, that he wanted $30 for expenses and a guarantee of $400 reward for the capture of the counterfeiter, which the detective was not authorized to furnish.

Pierce then repeated his offer to the bureau, adding that he had in his possession incriminating evidence against the counterfeiters, consisting of moulds for making coin and raised notes. The case looked so suspicious that Chief Wilkie ordered the arrest of Pierce, and he was taken to Atlanta. The detective found in his possession two $5 notes raised to $50, moulds for making silver dollars and 50-cent pieces, and a quantity of spurious coin.

BRUTES OF MEN.

London, Oct. 17.—With an important act enabling prisoners to testify in their own defence, which has hitherto not been permitted in England, there also came into operation a law framed with a view to ridding London of a vile phase of life which has increased rapidly in recent years. A magistrate may now sentence to hard labor as a rogue and vagabond a man whom the police know to be living off the proceeds of a woman's prostitution. Hitherto these women have been so degraded and terrorized that they would not prosecute these men even when brutally ill-treated by them.

The fellows hitherto have frequented nightly the haunts of impurity, knowing that the police did not dare to interfere with them. The new law is being rigorously enforced, and as a consequence the exodus of ruffians from the notorious quarters has already begun. They are mostly going to South Africa.

SUNDAY LAWS ENFORCED.

Buffalo, Oct. 17.—The police authorities, acting under instructions from the police board, enforced in the most rigorous manner yesterday every Sunday law, old or new, that was on their books. In consequence not a drink was to be had at any price; cheap clothing stores were tightly locked, and grocers and meat merchants were tied down to the letter of the law. Almost open defiance of the Raines law by hotels and saloons brought about the action.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat;
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

"LONG LIVE ARMY"

The Cry That is Heard in France.

CHEERS FOR THE POWER THAT THREATENS REPUBLIC.

Appalling Corruption Among Army Officers.

Paris, Oct. 17.—The dedication of a monument to the soldiers of France who fell in the Franco-Prussian war, which took place Sunday at Chaumont, General Chanoine, the minister of war presiding, furnished an opportunity for a demonstration in favor of the army, which many societies seized, marching past the monument and shouting "Live the army."

The socialist party met and denounced governmental interference with the right to strike. A resolution was adopted declaring that "the whole socialist revolutionary party is united in defence of the republic, and will not permit the military conspiracy to lay its hand upon the liberties of the people." The socialists have organized a vigilance committee "to frustrate the military conspiracy."

The struggle between the military and civil powers, for that is the real nature of the crisis, has reached a dangerous stage, and a coup d'etat any time within the next month would be by no means an unnatural outcome. Given a man of even moderate popularity and ambition, and such an event would be the almost inevitable product of the present conditions. But while France still idolizes the army, the French temperament demands a single incarnation of its worship before it will tolerate forcible usurpation in any name or any cause. However, the military hero does not exist, and no committee of the general staff can take his place.

General Zurlinden is a dangerous figure, and has shown himself ready to use high-handed methods within a few weeks. Moreover, as governor of Paris, he possesses all the weapons necessary for seizing the government. He would be able if, as is probably the case, he could rely upon the troops he commands, to proclaim himself or his nominee military dictator tomorrow. He has seen fit within ten days to fill Paris with soldiers. This nominally was done because of the strike, but everybody knows that this is absurd. The police, with the 20,000 men of the ordinary garrison in reserve, are ample to deal with any strike emergency that is likely to arise. He brought from the provinces 23 additional battalions of infantry and six cavalry regiments, which are quartered in the parks and public grounds, and the city is like an armed camp. Fully 40,000 soldiers now occupy the capital, and their presence naturally excites public uneasiness.

It is generally understood that the revision or the disclosure of the history of the Dreyfus case, whereto Mr. Brisson is committed, will reveal appalling corruption among the members of the general staff whose names have been mentioned, and it is now clear that they will stop short of nothing to avert the ruin which threatens them. Men who resort to forgery or false evidence would hardly hesitate, in a desperate situation, to undertake revolution, if they believed there was even a small chance of success, but the stern ascetic who is prime minister of France knows the men with whom he has to deal and knows their desperation.

FACTS AS TO SHIPPING.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Complete returns received by the navigation bureau of the treasury department show that the documented American merchant shipping on June 30 comprised 22,705 vessels of 4,718,738 gross tons, compared with 22,633 vessels of 4,759,020 tons on the like date in 1897. The decrease of 19,282 tons is more apparent than real, as 11,000 tons of this amount are due to dropping fractions of tonnage in the accounts, and 66,713 tons were sold to the navy and war departments to carry troops, supplies and provisions, and have merely changed employers. The total steam tonnage amounts to 6712 vessels of 2,371,023 tons, compared with 6599 vessels of 2,358,559 tons for the previous year.

Tonnage on the Atlantic and gulf coasts has dropped from 2,647,796 tons for 1897 to 2,553,729 tons for 1898. The great lakes tonnage amounted to 1,437,500 tons, as compared with 1,410,103 tons. The new Alaskan trade has increased the Pacific coast marine from 439,012 tons to 490,767 tons. Western rivers have decreased from 272,169 tons to 261,732 tons. New York state retains the first place, with tonnage reduced from 1,231,743 to 1,230,825 tons; Michigan is still second, with a reduction from 477,602 to 458,100 tons, and Ohio stands third, with 395,618 tons, an increase of about 6000 tons. The greatest increase is in Washington, from 97,976 to 152,167 tons, and Alaska, from 2324 to 9755 tons. New England shows a large decrease, and the gulf states an appreciable increase.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Evening Classes Begin Oct. 17.
Special entrance examination in Arithmetic and English on Friday, Oct. 14, at 7 p. m.
Art Students Now Received.
Prof. George will continue his classes as usual both day and evening. Apply immediately.

WANTED.

WANTED—Salesmen on well known line of lubricating oils and specialties. Address, Refiner, 705 Dunham Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—A good all round tailoress. No amateurs need apply. Martin, 478 Market street.

WANTED—A partner with $500 to invest in a profitable amusement enterprise. Address M. E. Cushing, 104 Church Street, Lowell, Mass.

WORK WANTED—Washing, ironing and house work wanted by Mrs. Brendel, 236 Main street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their old felt hats dyed and blocked in the latest shapes at the Hat Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street, up stairs.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 30 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 81, Bon Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—600 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT NOONAN'S?—Yes, you want Noonan's. He's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. F. Moor's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Dows, D. O'Brien's and Storey & Co's.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A horse blanket, in the vicinity of City Hall, Saturday night. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Frank Meehan, Merrimack street depot.

LOST—On Monday a pair of eye glasses. Finder will be rewarded at 781 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

TO LET—New house with eight rooms, 212 Stevens street. Furnace heat, cemented cellar, set tubs, and all modern improvements. Enquire of Walter H. Howe, 315 Summer Street.

TO LET CHEAP—A small tenement opposite Highland hall. Inquire at 128 Branch Street.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 258 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $16 a month. Apply at 318 High street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 224 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlets free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN., Chicago, Ill. Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

LANTERNS
FOR
House, Mill, Stable Carriage
And out-of-door use. Lantern Globes in white, red and blue. Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed, furnished.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

IF
PETER WATSON
Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.
Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.
Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

Our Stand
is at 400 Merrimack St.
We can fit your feet with Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Reliable goods, lowest prices. That's our economy.
F. E. LABARGE, Prop.
CITY HALL SHOE STORE
400 Merrimack St.

It is Easy to Love
your neighbor as yourself when your neighbor is a pretty girl. It is just as easy to take Dows' Cough Wafers, because they're like candy. They relieve that hacking and coughing. 389 Central St.

Sewing Machines
For $24.00
You can buy the same machine that others sell at $60. We have no canvassers; you get his commission by buying at our store.
Ring's Big Store
221-229 DUTTON ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A first class confectionery store on one of the principal streets doing a good cigar, tobacco and fruit trade. Owner having other business is obliged to sell. Call at this office.

FOR SALE—Trimmed hats of every description; lowest prices in Lowell. Turban, all trimmed, for $1.50 and $1.75. Ladies can save from 25 to 40 per cent. by buying their Hats from Mdle. Maxime Lepine, the milliner, 887 Moody street, cor Race.

WAGONS—My remaining stock of high grade democrats, Concords, square wagons, panel side wagons, together with a variety of 2nd hand wagons, buggies, etc., will be offered at very low figures to close. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—11 acre farm, 2 miles from Lowell, not far from electrics. Easy terms; price only $500. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

CALL at 652 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 173 Chapel street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten RI-PANS for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 153 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtuckeville, a nice 8 room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 8000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 4000 feet, 60x80, on a 50 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $130, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1124 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 120 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 10 acres of land, good buildings, 2 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSULT MADAM OLEARDENING, scientific palmist. Advice on love, business marriage, tells past and future, also locates diseases, etc. 150 Appleton street.

RENT PAYS FOR HOME.
WILL BUY or build for you both house and lot; comparatively nothing required down. For particulars call or write AMERICAN INVESTORS' CO., 187 Central St., Lowell. Office hours 2 to 8 p. m.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.
CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
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COAL
Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and had good lasting qualities. Order of the
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And order now.
H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.
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448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

YOUR WORN OUT
Carriage will be taken for what its worth in exchange for any carriage built by us.
We build to order only, and every carriage we build is guaranteed by us. We would like to talk with you about carriages.
SAWYER Carriage Company
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Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey (Clerks) H. Gerrain

Millinery, Millinery

EVERYBODY IS TALKING MILLINERY.

So Are We

Our line of Millinery includes all the latest novelties in trimmed and untrimmed hats, shapes, feathers, flowers and ribbons of all kinds and colors and all prices. Our new line of trimmed hats from the best houses in New York has just arrived and are now ready for your inspection and range in prices from $1.75 up to $8 and $10. Everybody ought to see the Hat we have for $3.98 and $4.98. These are two special bargains. Our $3.98 hat is equal to any $8 hat in Lowell and our $4.98 you can't duplicate in your down town stores for less than $10. Now we are right in it on Millinery and if you fail to visit

JOHN DRAIN'S,
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You make the mistake of your life.

Great bargains in Men's, Ladies' and Children's Underwear. All kinds and all prices. Our line of Hosiery is complete from the cheapest to the best.

One great bargain in Men's Heavy Blue Ribbed, our price only 15c., others ask 25c.; and hundreds of other bargains which space won't permit to mention.

As usual we are ready with a full line of Yarns of all kinds and all colors.

Scotch, Germantown, Saxony, Spanish. All kinds and the very best grades.

Remember the place,

JOHN DRAIN
IN BLOCK WITH McCARTIN'S BAKERY.

Stealing Your Coal?
Yes!
That's just what the old range is doing. Don't stand it any longer! Get a new range! You'll find friends, neighbors and lots of other bright people only too glad to tell you the "Good Things" about their
GLENWOOD
You will find it where you can get everything else you may need to furnish or beautify your home at
GOOKIN BROS.
66 Prescott Street.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER
Well! Well!
Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.
Bargains in All Departments This Week.
Banner Market
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TEETH
No Charge For Extracting
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rooless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 34, 35, 36, Bunels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge
$5 to $10 a Set

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HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
stop forever all weakening drains, the brain, replace wasted tissues, and set flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ and cell tingle and sing with new life and energy, and causing you to glow and thrill with newly found strength. You're a perfect man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palms Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALEND DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

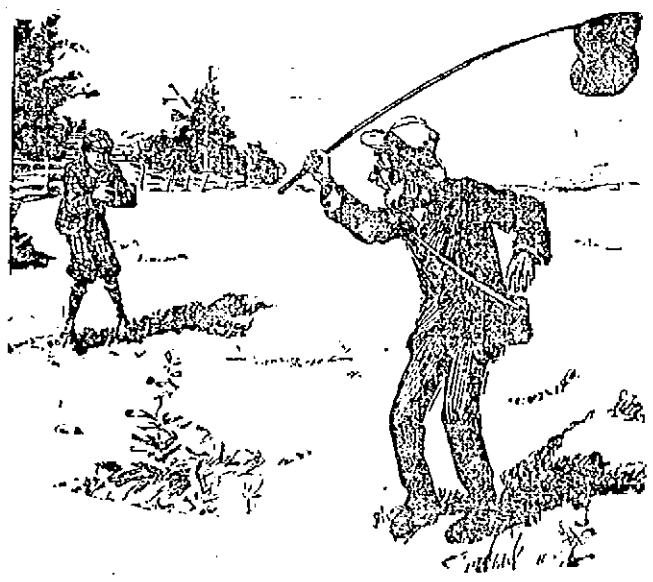
ONE AS BAD IN RESULT AS THE OTHER.

Zigg—Did his success as an inventor turn his head?
Zagg—No, but it led him into trying to build a flying machine, and that broke his neck!

AN APPORTUNIST.

"What's your new piece like?"
"D'now yet, m'dear. If the audience weep I shall call it a drama; if they laugh I shall advertise it as a fareial comedy."

ONE OF THE WOES OF A HUNTER OF SPECIMENS.



The Victim—Confound your impudence! Trying to take a snapshot at me?

Amateur Photographer—I've got it. Much obliged for the attitude and the expression. It'll be an interesting picture, I'm sure.

RETIRED WITH HONORS.

The kissing of heroes by some of our young ladies during the recent war reminds an incident in which the late General U. S. Grant figured, without, however, sharing the blushing honor. Just after the close of the Civil War at the Union hotel at Saratoga Springs. Major William Leland, the proprietor of the hotel, had been chief commissary on the General's staff. He gave a banquet to General Grant and his wife. Many officers who were from the army of the Tennessee were present, as well as several prominent citizens.

During the dinner the guests were somewhat startled to see a Saratoga belle advance, with a gracious Grecian bend, and ask permission of the General to kiss him. There was only one there who received the General's salute. To that high person he now deferred. Turning, he said, "With Mrs. Grant's permission."

Mrs. Grant had, as every one observed, a drooping lid. She was obliged therefore to throw back her head to get a good look at the supplicant, who now had not only the eyes of all the distinguished company on her, but those of the other guests of the hotel as well.

After an embarrassing pause, in which Mrs. Grant had time to consider the offensive charge on her defenseless spouse and fortify herself against the fair enemy, she came to his relief and declined to capitulate. Nothing daunted, however, and to prove to those present that the American girl has nerve as well as mettle, the fair heroine seized the General's hand and said:

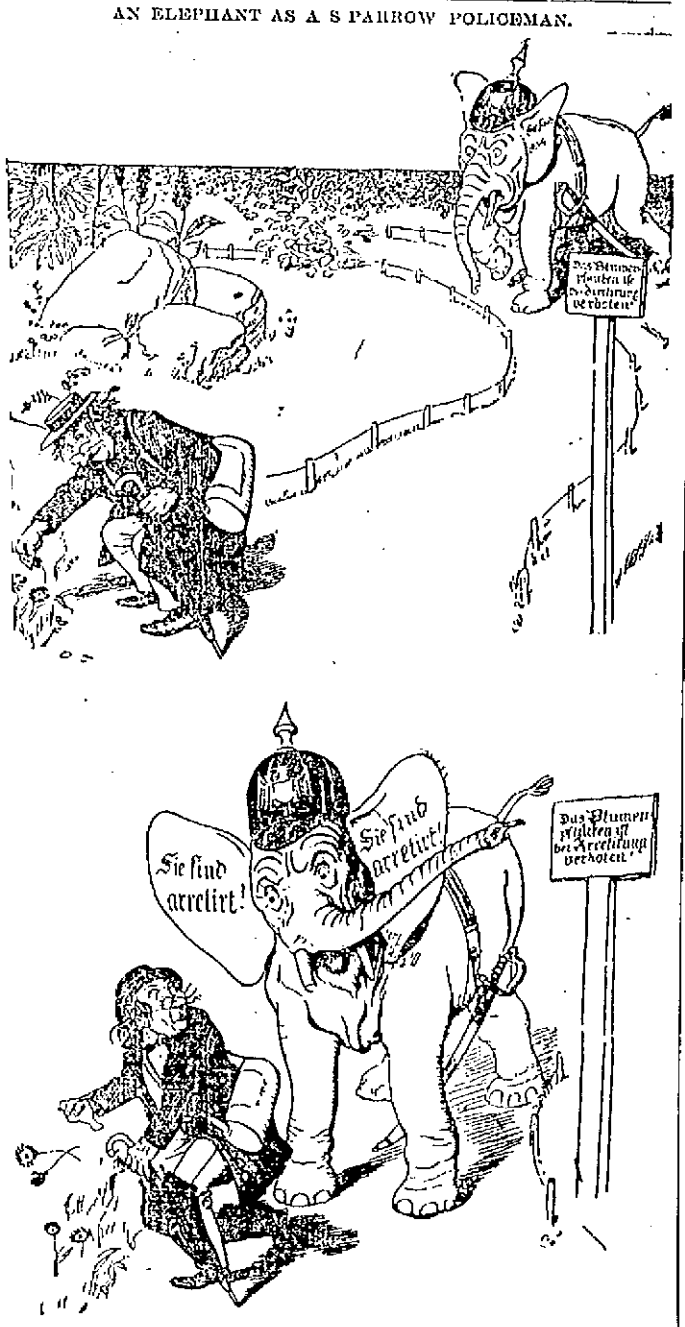
"Well, as you will not kiss me, I will shake your hand," and retired with all the honors of war—vanquished, but not subdued.—New York Mail and Express.

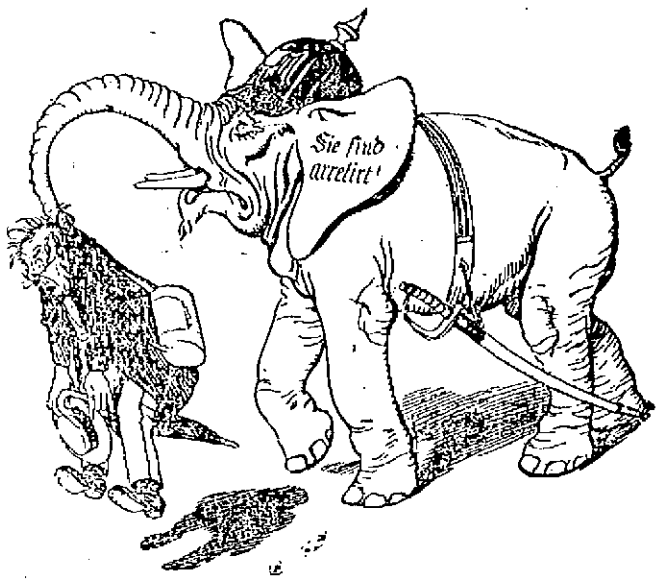
Never attempt all you can do, for he who attempts everything he can do often attempts more than he can do.

TOO DEGRADING A THOUGHT.

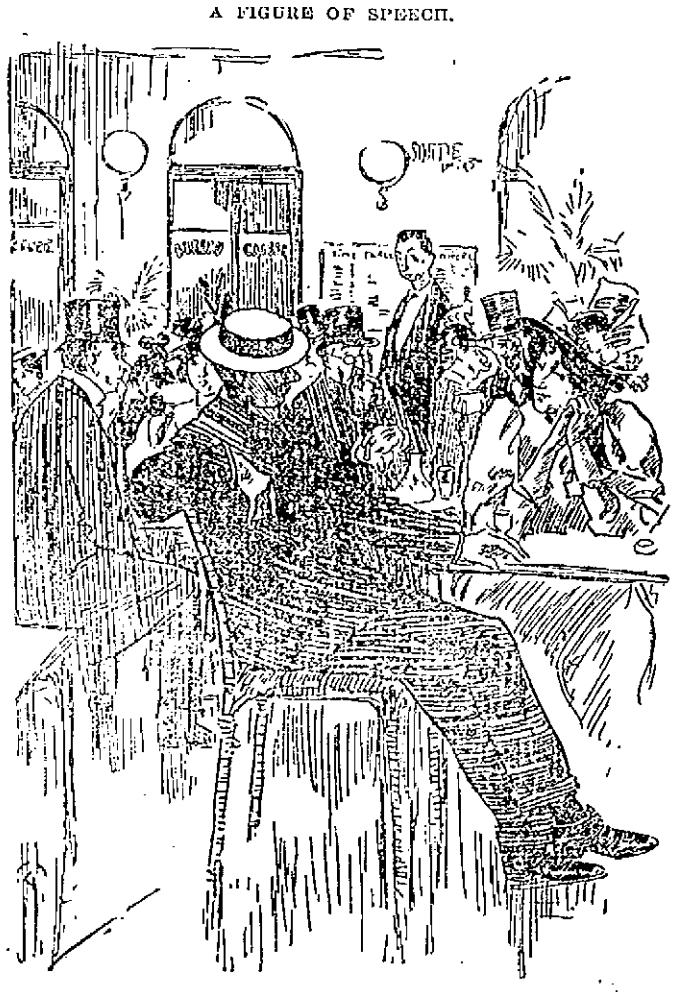
Bertie—Well, Susan, is this fair? We were going to play at lions and lambs, and they want me to be a sheep and them to be lions!

AN ELEPHANT AS A SPARROW POLICEMAN.





A FIGURE OF SPEECH.



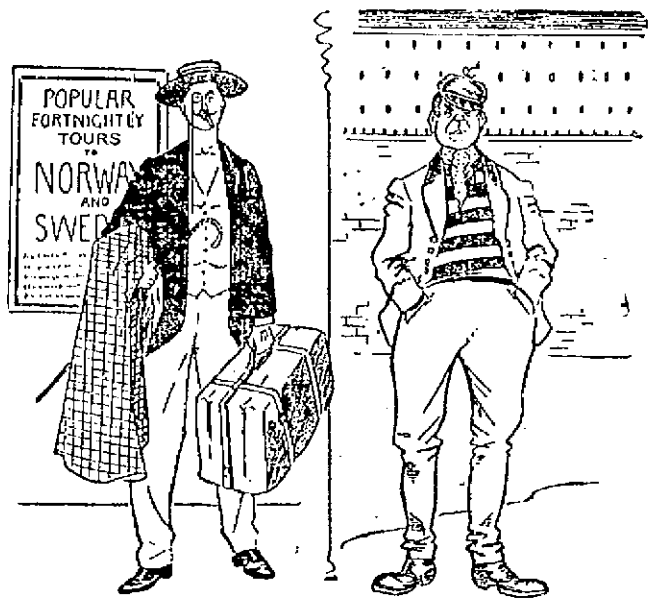
Mrs. Jones—Am I not an expensive little wife?
Jones (who has spent the morning and a small fortune at the Magasin du Louvre)—Well, you are a little dear!

FIRING A PARROTT SHOT.

Old Man of the Sea—Yes, every word I've told yer is gospel truth; an' I well remember once letting go of that very anchor for Admiral Lord Nelson at Trafalgar, an' 'e says to me, "Ben," 'e says, "I know it's agin' orders, but I must gie ye a trifle ter wet yer whistle arter wot ye've done." (Seeing his hopes of largess are futile.) Ah, that was afore your time, little missy, but I ain't a doubt the good lady wi' yer 'as a lively reck'lection of it.

Miss Backboard—Florence, continue your walk forthwith!

THE DIFFERENCE.



This goat has been out of town for a fortnight.

This goat has been out of town for fourteen days.

HIS INTERNAL ECONOMY.

"Never mind, old man, you'll soon get over the sickness."
"Oh, it's not that I'm minding; but I've paid a good price for my dinner."

SPEAKING OF THE FUTURITY.

From Judy.

Curate—Yes, my friend, we shall be angels some day.
North Country Miner (with a taste for pigeon-flying)—Will we both 'ave wings, maister?
Curate—Ye'es, if we're good.
Miner—Then I'll fee thee for a shy-at!

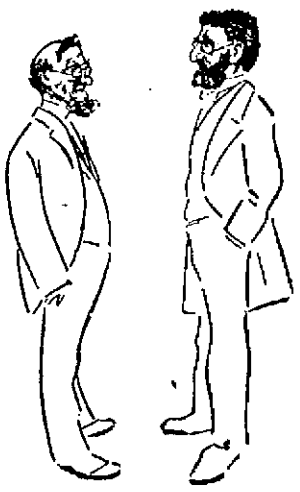
THERE'S SUCH A THING AS BEING FOOLISHLY CAREFUL.

"Hallo! some careless person has left that coal hole open.

"I'll just drop the cover back on it to be sure that no one—

—gets hurt."

MISFIT EARS.



First Sarcastic Party—Why don't you get your ears trimmed? They are too large for a man.
Second Sarcastic Party—Why don't you get your ears enlarged? They are too small for an ass!

THE KIND DOG.

"Have no fear. He'll miss you sure."

"What do they call the microbes that breed diseases, John?"
"Please, sir, germs."
"Correct—and what do they call the people who know how to handle germs in a scientific way?"
"Please, sir, Germans."

"My mistress has gone out for the day, but she's left a message for you, sir."
"What is it?"
"Oh, horrors! I've forgotten it. Ah, just excuse me a minute, sir, and I'll go and ask her."

Mudison (a budding fictionist): "I hope you liked my new novel? It has a happy ending, at all events."
Miss Stumbles (enthusiastically): "Yes; I was so relieved when I came to the last chapter."

Never believe all you may hear, for he who believes all that he hears often believes more than he hears.

Never lay out all you can afford, for he who lays out everything he can afford often lays out more than he can afford.

THE AMERICANIZED SANTIAGO IS STILL CUBA'S PEST HOLE.

Surgeon Newkirk Declares That It Is Saturated With the Filth of Four Centuries.

An Expert on Yellow Fever Has a Poor Opinion of Cuba as a Place of Residence For Americans.

[Copyright, 1898.]

"CERTAIN parts of Cuba might be beautiful to live in at certain times during the year, but it will never do for the Anglo-Saxon race to undertake to inhabit the place. It is a pest spot from one end to the other. I lived in South America, in the Argentine Republic and Paraguay, for seven years and would be willing to return there. The towns and cities in these countries are clean and well kept, and the people are of a higher intelligence than those to be found in Cuba. I would not care to return to Cuba, nor did I meet any Americans there who wanted to stay. They were all of the same mind and wanted to get back to the United States as quickly as possible. They would have nothing to do with the natives, but when the towns surrendered the American soldiers and those of Spain could be seen together everywhere."

The above is part of the statement of Dr. Charles T. Newkirk of Bay City, Mich., who was appointed assistant acting surgeon to the regular army and went to Santiago to treat the soldiers who were suffering with yellow fever, in which disease he is an expert. Dr. Newkirk arrived from Cuba a short time ago and went to Washington to confer with the authorities there. He was also obliged to return home on account of his health, which had become much impaired by the hard work in the hospitals and by an attack of the fever. Judging from the description given by the doctor of what he saw and had to contend with very little has been published as to the real hardships with which our troops had to cope.

It should be mentioned in passing that Dr. Newkirk was once surgeon general of the united armies of Brazil and was twice decorated by the late Dom Pedro, who was then emperor.

In speaking of Santiago, Dr. Newkirk said: "I believe that city to be the filthiest spot in the world, and, while some improvements have been made to it since the American troops have been in charge, it is unsafe to live there. There is no sewerage in the place, and the streets abound in filth. The American officers have caused them to be cleaned, but it is absolutely impossible to keep the place in a habitable condition and to make it healthful. The sidewalks are narrow, and the earth is permeated with the accumulated dirt of four centuries. Disease lurks in every corner, and the only way the place could be made tenable would be to destroy the city and rebuild it on modern plans. The harbor is one of the most beautiful in the world and from the deck of a steamer looks like a garden of Eden. The city is hidden behind the high hills, which are covered with dark green foliage and surrounded by the old moss-grown fortresses which have stood the tempests and the heat of centuries. The bay has a long sweep and is a grand sight, but here the beauties end. The aguacate is the name of the tree that grows in abundance on the hills. It requires no cultivation, and if it did it would not get it from the natives, for they are an indolent lot. While the bay and harbor are grand the city detracts from the general beauty. Most of the houses have been built many centuries, and most of them show the wear of time. The houses are painted green, and but few other colors are to be found. About 90 per cent of the population is composed of the natives, who are as far from being civilized as our Indians were at the time of the discovery of the country by Columbus. Of the native population not more than 7 per cent can read and write. They are slovenly and will not work. They constantly surround the American army headquarters to obtain food, and it is difficult to get them to work as long as food and clothing, of which they wear little, are supplied to them. The American soldiers are not in love with them. In fact, they are disgusted with the natives and will have as little to do with them as possible.

"With the Spaniards it is different, and it is not an uncommon sight to see Uncle Sam's troops arm and arm with the men with whom they recently did battle. The Spanish officers are gentlemanly and kind and have assisted in every way possible to relieve the suffering of the people. When the Cubans left Santiago previous to the surrender of the place, their suffering and misery were terrific, especially among the young children and infants. There was no milk to give them and very little food. They died in large numbers. The adults seemed used to privations. Thoroughly civilized people like our own could never have stood the hardships. There was more malarial fever than any other. It was of a malignant type, and when it did not destroy life entirely it left its victims wrecks, and only the best care under most favorable conditions can restore their health. All the suffering was not confined to Santiago, however. It was also to be found among the troops in the camps away from the city.

"We arrived at Siboney in July with a number of trained nurses and physicians and started in to relieve the suffering. The sights we met were beyond description. We carried a number of hospital tents and medical stores, for which there was great need. We found the number of doctors and nurses there totally inadequate to the wants of the sick and wounded. The physicians were brave and worked hard, but the strain told on them. Some of them were attending to as many as 300 patients at one time, and they were worn out with hard work. Our arrival marked a new era in the hospitals of that place. We erected our tents and organized the corps and commenced work. Our services were appreciated by the surgeons of the regular army, who were completely exhausted.

"Major La Gard, who was in command, placed everything at our disposal and offered every facility. Hard work broke him down, and he became very ill and had to be sent home. He was succeeded by Major Gargis, who also got sick and had to return to the United States. It was an up hill fight, and one by one the physicians were incapacitated until I was the only one left. The work was of an awful character, and it played havoc with the nervous system. Our hospitals were up in the hills and near a lake whose polluted waters caused a great deal of the malaria. Why, you could taste the malaria in the heat laden air. But it was the best place for our purpose that could be found in that section. We had not yet taken Santiago. The heat was intense, and it was dangerous to go out in the sun. Yet the death rate from sunstroke was extremely small. In fact, no epidemic ever attacked an army where the death rate was so small.

"We received great help from the Twenty-fourth infantry. Many of them volunteered to come down to Siboney to take care of the sick and wounded. Major Markly, in command, who was at their head at the battle of San Juan, where they fought so bravely, offered us all assistance, and a more self sacrificing lot of men never lived than these. They fell sick in great numbers, and at one time only 40 were able to answer roll call. Many of those poor fellows found their last resting place in Washington cemetery, a beautiful spot in the green hills near Siboney. In this little 'God's half acre' so far away from their native country are buried some of the bravest men of the United States army. Captain Charles Dodge, who was supposed to have been killed at the charge of San Juan hill, really succumbed to the fever. His death cast a gloom over the entire camp, and many of us questioned whether the cause was worthy of such precious blood. Scores of the brave fellows who had faced the bullets of the Spaniards gave way to grief when they heard of the death of Captain Dodge. He was a popular officer with both his brother officers and men, and his loss was keenly felt by all.

"There was very little yellow fever at Siboney and Fermica, and I don't believe that more than 2 per cent of the sickness was caused by that dread disease. Exhaustive diagnoses were made of the sickness which was called yellow fever, and it was shown to be something else. The army surgeons will bear me out in this. The report that so many of the cases of yellow fever existed was, I believe, one reason why General Shafter did not send his transports sooner, as he felt it would be dangerous to remove such patients.

"I saw the general personally and believe I convinced him to the contrary, for three days later the transports arrived, and we sent away 400 of the happiest mortals that ever lived. General Shafter treated me with every courtesy and did everything in his power to better the condition of the soldiers. He worked hard to relieve the suffering, and when he knew that it was not yellow fever that had prostrated them the men that were able to leave were sent to the United States. The arrival of the transports worked a wonderful change among the men, and it seemed that every one would get better. Some who previously could not move declared at once that they were strong enough to travel and take care of themselves, so anxious were they to get away from Cuba and the dreadful surroundings. Others cried with joy at the very idea of going home. We picked out those that we thought were really able to stand the sea voyage and most likely to be benefited thereby, and there is no doubt that 100 lives were saved by the timely arrival of the transports. I was sorry to learn when I arrived home of the sufferings and privations of the men on the vessels, and I hope the reports have been exaggerated.

"We had more trouble with malarial and thermic fevers than with any other sickness. There were 4,000 cases in the hospitals at different times. All cases were carefully examined, and when there was any symptom of yellow fever the patients were sent to the special hospital, away from the others, which was kept under strict quarantine. We were deterred from removing our sick to Santiago after that city surrendered on account of the yellow fever. All precautions were taken to prevent the disease from spreading. Cleanliness was imperative, and the soldiers were obliged to bathe and keep their quarters clean. When so many of them were stricken, a number of Cuban women were employed to do the work. The buildings were whitewashed and kept in as perfect condition as possible. When we finally got into Santiago, matters began to change, and there was improvement in the condition of the sick and wounded.

"There were sad scenes at Siboney which I shall never forget. Many of the young men were taken sick and succumbed to the fever. Cablegrams arrived every hour in the day inquiring for the men of the different regiments. We would frequently have to reply that they were dead and had been buried in our little cemetery, which soon grew to alarming proportions. The suffering was fearful and was caused in a great measure by our inability to obtain ice. One who has not been on the scene cannot understand it or know of the tortures these poor fellows went through. It was heartrending to hear the heat stricken soldiers coming from the front in ambulances and on litters beg for ice or something cooling, and it was hard for us to know that it could not be had.

"I sincerely hope the boys of the United States army will never have to pass through such an ordeal again. There was never an army assembled better than the one sent to Santiago. It was composed of well educated men, and, while the majority of them were used to every comfort and luxury, they never complained of the hardships.

"The vermin near the camps, and, for that matter, everywhere, made existence almost insufferable. Insects of all kinds annoyed the men almost to the point of madness. They came in swarms from the waters of the pond and the surrounding country. It was impossible to get rid of them, and between them, the ravages of the fever and the excessive heat life was anything but a holiday. There were any number of scorpions, land crabs and tarantulas, and they struck terror to the hearts of the female nurses. The land crabs would strut into the tents with all the airs and dignity of a major general, and when you kicked them they would fall to pieces. The crabs were harmless, but they were annoying. The tarantulas and scorpions would get into the beds, and a careful watch had to be maintained to keep the sick from being bitten or stung by them. Numbers of the men refused to go to bed on that account.

"A great many of the sick were long without attendance. They presented a fearful sight. Some were so weak that they could not get to the hospitals and were found lying along the roads and in the woods, where they had crawled to escape the scorching rays of the sun. Some were found in a semiconscious state, while others were delirious. Their mouths, eyes, noses and ears were filled with gusanos, a species of maggot, which crawled into them as the men lay prostrate. Such of them as had been exposed to the elements any length of time had the flesh eaten away about their mouths, noses and ears by these insects.

"We had medical supplies in abundance, and I believe everything was done by the medical department to furnish us with everything needful. There was a friendly rivalry between the surgeons in charge of the different hospitals to see which would have the lowest death rate, and everything that could be thought of for the relief of the sick and wounded was done. It was a happy day when we took our charges to Santiago and ended this dark chapter in the Hispano-American war. Guy Poole, a brave young lad from Bay City, Mich., was the last man to die in the camp. When we moved, property worth many thousands of dollars was destroyed by the government to prevent the spread of disease.

"It is greatly to be regretted that the American boys did not take better care of themselves in the tropical climate. They relied too much upon their strength and vigor, and they grew careless as to their food. They were too free and frequently did not even observe the ordinary sanitary rules that they follow when at home.

"I sincerely hope the day is not far distant when the American troops will be removed from Cuban soil, as it is no climate for Anglo-Saxons. The Spanish soldiers died in large numbers from disease, and I fear the same will be the result with our men.

"Americans have been in the civilizing business a long time and have had some very satisfactory experiences, but it is my belief that we will never be able to civilize the Cubans or make their country habitable."

FREDERIC A. VERDU.

ASSISTANT SURGEON CHARLES T. NEWKIRK, ONE OF THE MEDICAL HEROES OF SANTIAGO.

[The illustration also shows the new method of street cleaning inaugurated by General Wood, U. S. A.]

They Tell of Good Times.

Diamond dealers say that the condition of business in this country may be correctly gauged by the volume of the importation of precious stones from abroad.

When times are good, the demand for diamonds is large; when times are bad, the stones, being a luxury, are less in demand, and the importation of them correspondingly decreases.

Just at present there is a largely increased demand for diamonds, and if there be any merit in the claim made in the saying quoted then this should be an indication of good times ahead. The treasury bulletin recently issued in Washington corroborates distinctly the claim of enlarged importations of diamonds. Here are the figures for the two fiscal years ending July 1 of 1897 and 1898 of diamond importations into the United States: 1897, $1,085,810; 1898, $6,955,789. The increase of importations of diamonds is, however, not the only one in the line of "decorative jewelry," so to speak. The importations for the two years of other precious stones—rubies, sapphires, emeralds, pearls, opals, etc.—are as follows in amount: 1897, $1,673,768; 1898, $3,440,076.

The two chief foreign ports from which diamonds are sent to this country are Amsterdam and Antwerp. From Great Britain a considerable amount of jewelry is exported to the United States, but much of it comes from England in transit, particularly from Switzerland, a country having few direct trade relations with the United States. In the fiscal year of 1894, following the depression caused by the financial disturbances of that year, the exports of jewelry to the United States fell off one-half in amount. The exportations of French jewelry fell off two-thirds and from Holland four-fifths, but the losses sustained in the amount of the exports have been more than covered this year, as the treasury figures show.

The largest country of export of uncut diamonds to the United States is Holland, and England follows through the development of the diamond interests in Africa.

A Strange Prisoner.

A party of scouts from the stations on Bledsoe's creek, in Sumner county, Or., was on a tour of observation for Indian signs. As they prepared to camp late one winter afternoon Captain Jennings, who was of the number, started out to kill a buffalo from a herd which was near by. There was a heavy sleet on the ground, and he found it difficult to get in good range on account of the noise of his feet on the crackling ice, but after following the game for several miles he at last killed a very large bull.

Fearing that the meat might be injured if left until the next morning, he skinned the animal and took out the viscera. By the time he was done night had come, and he decided to remain with his quarry instead of seeking camp in the darkness. So, wrapping the huge hide around him, flesh side out, he lay down and slept very comfortably until morning. On waking he found himself tightly imprisoned in the hide, which had frozen hard and now resisted all his efforts to escape.

Hour after hour rolled by in agony to the captain. He yelled at the top of his voice for help and strained and kicked with all his might at the rawhide inclosure, but it proved stubborn to the last degree. He doubtless swore many a bitter oath, for he was of too irascible a temperament to submit tamely. He expected his companions to search for him, and they did, but with a great deal of caution, fearing that he had been killed by the Indians. His prolonged absence could be accounted for in no other way. He gave up all hope of extricating himself as the hours wore away, but help which he had not thought of was to save him from a death which would have been extremely mortifying, at the least, to a man who had escaped Indian bullets and swum icy rivers like a beaver. We will let him relate the issue in his own words:

"Well, the sun came out in the afternoon, and this softened the hide on the top so I could get one arm out, and when I got one arm out I worked like pizen until I got my body through."

Venezuela Wants Immigrants.

The Venezuelan government has contracted for the importation of 15,000 families from the north of Italy. Lands and houses will be given them, and they will be assisted in a financial way. It is expected that they will develop the cultivation of fruits and cereals and will pay special attention to the growing of vines and manufacture of wine. Each immigrant will get 14 acres, and it is asserted that this amount of land is too small for growing cereals. The United States consul at Caracas says that when the fruit producing capacity of this cloud of immigrants is developed a market must be sought in the United States. There is none in Venezuela.

FACTS OF INTEREST.

The house in which Corneille was born at Rouen on June 6, 1606, is now for sale, and the public authorities are anxious to acquire it. The house has hitherto been a small restaurant, and the only thing which marked it as the birthplace of Corneille was a bust of the poet over the entrance. It was in this house that Corneille wrote his best plays and welcomed Moliere and Pascal.

A cousin of the assassinated Austrian empress is a captain in the Seventh United States regiment of immunes. He was known in the Austrian court and in the Dutch army, in which he had held a commission, as Baron William Anton Hubert Waldeck de Villeneuve.

O. H. Venner of Bluehill, Me., claims the distinction of having built from newspapers three years ago what is now said to be the best boat in town. His material was 26 thicknesses of newspapers pasted together.

Mr. Curzon's term as viceroy of India will last five years. His salary is about $100,000 a year, with all expenses paid by the government, and he is expected to live in great magnificence. This salary and perquisites seem small compared with the incomes of three of the native princes who are allies of Great Britain, each of whom has $15,000,000 a year.

General Ignacio Andrade, now president of the republic of Venezuela, has unveiled a monument to the Americans who fell in the fight for Venezuela in 1806. It had been erected at the instance of General Andrade, whose regard for Americans made him desire that these heroes should not be forgotten.

Clarence Greathouse, chancellor of Korea and personal adviser to the king of that country, is a Kentuckian, but lived for years on the Pacific coast and has only been in Korea since 1893. He won favor with the oriental monarch through being a splendid story teller and because of his great fund of general information. He is about 65 years old.

Garrison Y. Shall, a convict in the Connecticut state prison, knows all of Shakespeare's plays by heart, having learned them during the past 14 years of his imprisonment.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6; sets, 4:53.
Moon sets—7:07 p. m.
High tide—12 a. m.; 12:30 p. m.

The weather yesterday was fair and clear except in parts of the western valleys, where showers occurred. These unsettled conditions are moving slowly eastward, and promise partly cloudy to cloudy weather Tuesday, with showers in the evening or night; it will be warmer Tuesday, with southerly winds, probably followed during the night or Wednesday by colder westerly winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OUR ANNUAL OFFER.

A coal hod and shovel with a pound of Tea; 19 pounds of Granulated Sugar $1. Dickson Bros. Tea store, 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade Piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins, 223 Central street.

Save interest and cost by paying your taxes at once.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

Already there are many applications for the fair grounds for football matches.

Already the threat is made in local republican clubs that a city messenger candidate will be presented against Mr. Going.

Addison Putnam, William P. Brazer and J. J. Judkins are Lowell citizens who have been in business continuously 50 years.

Are you satisfied with your coal? If not, give Rourke & Sullivan a trial. Offices, 223 Central street and 931 Gorham street.

College fountain pens, never leak and soil your fingers, always ready, easy writers, $1.00. Harris, 10 Appleton St.

Miss Blanche Whitcher will attempt next Tuesday to beat the half-mile unpaced record. T. P. Hall of the American league of wheelmen will act as one of the judges.

Farmers in towns near Lowell are shipping this year apples to the west, where the supply is limited. Baldwin apples were sold in Billerica this week at $2 a barrel and the purchaser had to pick them from the trees.

The city treasurer's office will be open Friday and Saturday evenings, Oct. 14, and 15, from 7 to 8 o'clock, and Monday Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Oct. 17, 18, 19, and 20, from 7 to 8 o'clock, for the receipt of taxes.

A RECEPTION.

The Workingmen's Protective league has appointed a committee to arrange a smoke talk and reception to Private Connolly of Company C, Sixth regiment, and Private Dickey of Company M, Ninth regiment, when the Sixth returns home.

THANKSGIVING PARTY.

The women interested in the Rhode Island table of the colonial festival for St. John's hospital are planning for a festival of their own to be held in Associate hall about Thanksgiving. They will have a few tables and there will be a concert, followed by dancing. Chas. L. Marren is at the head of the men's auxiliary of the affair, which is an assured success already.

REV. MR. DENNEY'S CALL.

Rev. O. H. Denney is considering a call from the First Free Baptist church of Elmira, N. Y. Mr. Denney was pastor of this church for about four years previous to locating with the Mt. Vernon church. The Elmira church has been anxious for his return as pastor for three years and there is a possibility of Mr. Denney's settling with them January 1, if not before.

POSTAL CLERKS MEET.

The Merrimack Valley Postal Clerks association held its regular meeting in Lawrence Sunday afternoon and the usual routine business was transacted. Members of the Lowell association attended.

Some time ago this association withdrew from the National Association of Postal Clerks and the special business of yesterday was to hear the report of President Murray giving the reasons why the Merrimack Valley association severed its conection with the national body.

ENTERTAINED FRIENDS.

At the social and cake walk of the Merrimack club last week, the prize cake was won by the clever walkers—Miss Margaret Hughes and Mr. John Martin. Last evening the cake was cut and an enjoyable evening was passed at Miss Hughes' home, 29 Tremont street. There was quite a large company present and during the evening the following entertained: John B. Nalon, trick violinist of New London, Conn.; Billie Clark, impersonator; George Myers, vocalist; Mr. and Miss Markham, musical team; Miss McFarland, pianist.

BANK LIQUIDATION.

As is well known, the liquidation of nine of the national banks in Boston is in progress and a new and big bank is expected to succeed to their business. Kidder, Peabody & Co. represent the syndicate which is doing the work, whi syndicate which is doing the work, which was undertaken at the instance of various savings banks. These banks are considerable holders of national bank stock which they do not care to keep any longer. Already five of the national banks have passed into the hands of the syndicate and the deal will be consummated on bank day in January.

The big savings banks in Boston have disposed of their holdings and others all over the state are doing the same. The Lowell banks which have parted with their shares in the liquidating process are the Central and City Institution for savings.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

PRIVATE JAMES DUFFY, Co. M, Ninth Regiment.

PRIVATE JAMES DUFFY

SURPRISED WITH GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN.

Private James Duffy, one of the returned members of Company M, was pleasantly surprised with a gold watch and chain and several useful articles Saturday evening. A large party of his young friends including a number of his comrades in arms, assembled at his home, 43 Keene street, early in the evening and formally presented the young soldier with the gifts. After a short presentation speech by one of the donors and a neat response by the recipient the party took possession of the pleasant home of their soldier boy and passed the evening with dancing and singing. Refreshment were served by the young ladies to whom the great success of the affair was due.

Private Duffy proved to be one of the bravest boys of the "Fighting Ninth Regiment." He was with his company from the time they were mustered into the service and withstood the ravages of the fever at Santiago and always appeared at the daily drill at that place. The aftermath, a slight attack of malaria, visited him upon his arrival in Lowell, but now, however he is enjoying good health.

At one time, during the Santiago campaign, news coming from an unofficial source reached his parents that he had been shot in battle but a contradiction came a few days afterward.

NEW HOME READY

For Chronic Consumptives at Roxbury

TO BE DEDICATED ON NEXT THURSDAY.

Everything That Will Benefit Patients Provided.

Boston, Oct. 10.—The new free home for consumptives in Dorchester will be dedicated next Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, by His Grace, Most Rev. Archbishop Williams.

The dedication ceremonies will be of a most interesting character, the distinguished visitors on the occasion including Rt. Rev. Bishops Harkins of Providence, Healy of Portland, and Bradley of Manchester, N. H., and Very Rev. Mgr. Gillin of Worcester.

A religious procession will start from the old home to the new one at 8 o'clock, the altar boys wearing different colored cassocks, carrying lights. The sanctuary choir from St. James' church will also assist and sing during the blessing of the home.

Immediately afterward the dedication exercises will be held. First will come the salutation "Veni Creator" by a choir of 65 voices from the Mission church. Words of congratulation from the archbishop of Boston and the visiting bishops follow. A tableau of faith, hope and charity to the strains of soft music will be shown. A representation of the angel Gabriel and the sounding of the trumpet will illuminate the title and this will be followed by fireworks or rockets and the sending up of balloons to which dedication cards will be attached. Colored lights will illuminate the grounds in the vicinity of the home.

After an address by some of the clergy, the door of the building will be formally opened and then the Magnificat will be recited, after which Archbishop Williams will bestow his blessing on those assembled. The program will close with the Te Deum and then the visitors will be allowed to make a personal inspection of the building.

A band will render the music on the grounds and an orchestra will be inside the building. The grounds will be illuminated with electric lights, artistically decorated and with Chinese lanterns.

The new building is on the grounds of the present home and is 197 feet long. The architecture is of colonial style with broad piazzas on the south side from which an elegant view of the harbor and Nantasket can be had. The home is intended to accommodate 600 patients.

It will be open to all poor consumptives regardless of creed or color, no paying patients being admitted. The rooms are all connected, one with another and there is a rotunda with balcony on the second story.

Everything that modern science could suggest has been provided for in the new home, the plumbing being open, with handsome brass fittings and the steam heating and ventilation of the very best. There is a fan and blower attachment to keep the air pure.

The rooms are tinted in soft green, so as not to injure the eyes and some of the special rooms are delicately painted. The home is lighted by electricity and gas. The kitchen and laundry are especially interesting.

Every facility for treatment known to the best European hospitals will be contained in the home which will form an ideal sanitarium for consumptives. In size and equipment the institution is certain to prove a delightful and welcome surprise to the public.

It will depend for support on charity and on donations, dues and the proceeds of entertainments. For sustenance it appeals entirely to the charity of the public and certainly such a noble charity is not likely to be neglected by the community.

The Young Ladies' Charitable society connected with the home not only helps to support it, but its members also visit the homes of the sick poor, in all kinds of weather, alleviating the sufferings of the poor people. Upwards of 500 persons are cared for in this way annually so that the management of the home has an excellent claim on the public to attend the dedication on Thursday evening.

The most important sale in years will be the Coburn Sale on Wednesday, Market street at 2; Merrimack street at 3 o'clock.

If You Want

A nice Suit or Overcoat in the correct goods and style, and the worth of your money, you can get them all by placing your order with

LOUIS ALEXANDER

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York,
IMPORTER AND TAILOR,
65 CENTRAL STREET.
PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.

The Isaac Pitman
School of Shorthand

F. Blanche Hard, principal. Hildreth building, Lowell, Mass. Shorthand and Typewriting exclusively taught. Send for catalogue.

M. J. SHARKEY & CO.

44 CENTRAL ST. LOWELL.

Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Insurance in the leading companies. Office hours 9 to 12 m., 12 to 1.30, and 7.30 to 9 p. m. Drop a postal if unable to call.

On Tuesday, about noon, we will have on exhibition in our window a Tooth Pick Machine, which will grind out of rustic logs (6000) six thousand tooth picks a minute, all of which will be given FREE to our customers.

THE PLACE OF RARE BARGAINS

THE BON MARCHE
DRY GOODS CO.
MERRIMACK AND KIRK STREETS.

ORIGINAL PRICE CUTTERS

We've Been Waiting for the Weather

Jupiter Pluvius has played havoc with our prospects—Now it is cut and slash—the jobbers and manufacturers are in the worst kind of a fix—Large stock and no apparent outlet—We have always been the much-wanted people on just such occasions—As Distributors, as an Outlet, as Handlers of Large Quantities. Following are a few things that come to us on that account.

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES.

Such as Blankets, Comforters, Spreads, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Towels, Crashes, etc.

1 Case of Honey Comb Towels, regular 5c. quality, for 39c. a dozen.

61 1-2 dozen Linen Huck Towels, worth 15c., for 10c. (one day only.)

Comforters for 25c. each, crib size, or foot warmers.

2 bales of Comforters for 49c. each.

1 case of Fine Comforters, fancy quilted, worth $1.69, for $1.25 each.

1 case of White Spreads, the "Clarendale," always a dollar, for 79c. each.

1 case of all Mixed Feather Bed Pillows, for 49c. each.

100 Mattresses, regular $5.00, soft top, two yard, for $2.79. (Only 100 to be sold.)

700 Pillow Cases, full size, standard cotton, for 8½c. each, worth 12½c.

1 case Table Oil Cloth, 5-4, all colors, white and marble, 12½c. a yard.

1 Case Outing Flannel, 7c. quality, for 5c. yard.

1 Case Domet Flannel, 8c. quality, for 6c. (Monday afternoon only.)

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES.

2 Cases Outing Flannel Skirting, embroidered and plain, in all lengths, full 1 yard wide, worth 12½ to 20c., for 9c. a yard.

36 8-12 doz. Tray Cloths, all linen Damask, worth 25c., for 15c. each.

1 Case of Toilet Twill Crash, 18-inch, for 1½c. a yard.

A few pieces of Irish Linen Table Damask (absolutely all linen), half bleached, worth 69c. for 42½c. a yard.

Three bundles of Bates' Turkey Red Table Damask, in a variety of patterns, worth 45c. a yard, for 33c. a yard.

1 Case of 18-inch Diaper (Birds' Eye Linen, worth 15c. for 33c. a piece.

210 Centre Table Covers, fancy woven denims, worth 40c., for 19c. each.

Here Are a Few Other Necessities:

At prices that you've been waiting for.

One hundred (100) Ladies' Dress Skirts made for us from short skirt patterns mill end of Dress Goods, no skirt worth less than $5, some worth $6 and $7, yes, even $8. On Monday your choice of any in the lot for

$2.69 EACH.

At Dress Good Dept.

Did you hear about the great sale of yarns?

The best 12½c. Germantown Yarn, in all the best colors and black, selling at just one-half price. Come before it's all gone and get it at

6 1-4c. A SKEIN.

THE SALE OF DRESS GOODS

STILL ON THIS WEEK.

Specimens in window.

The two large items placed on special counters for the convenience of our patrons.

Large Item No. 1 is 50c. (mostly 60c), Dress Goods, in new Novelty Cloths, raw silk and wool, and all pure wool, etc. Also plain Cashmeres, Serges, Flannels, etc., for

29c. A YARD.

Large Item No. 2 is $1 and $1.25 Silk and Wool Poplins, Matalesse, Tufted Cloths, 54-inch Serges, all pure wool, Granite Cloths, etc., all 48 to 54 inches wide and the price is just half about what these goods are worth.

See them in window.

59c. A YARD.

All Goods Warranted as Represented.

Money Back When Requested.

The New Book (American Navy, Cuba and Hawaii) which we give away, we wish to announce that this offer will cease on and after November 1st. All customers with cards completed can have a book free by presenting same at our office or to any of our ushers.

BOXING GOSSIP.

It does one good sometimes to listen to confessions from men who have won championships to hear them tell of blows which have done business and describe the sensation, says the New York Evening Journal.

Lavigne recently was telling in his droll way of his first bout with Griffo, when the uncanny cleverness of that degenerate Australian made the "Kid," believe that his opponent had either dozens of hands, or else the spectators were throwing gloves at him.

"But they didn't hurt," said the "Kid" in conclusion. They were only bumps. I dont believe he could put a man out if he hit him on the jaw for a week."

After a laugh and a moment's silence Corbett looked up and asked: "Who did McCoy ever knock out by hitting them on the jaw?" No one seemd to know the answer and Jim went on:

"Now I may lose—and then Jim smiled broadly—"but I am willing to bet it will not be from being hit on the jaw. I guess I've got a real tough jaw. I got a wallop there once that it seems to me would have done the trick if it could be done that way."

"Who?" asked someone.

"Joe Choynski," replied Jim "and it was the best punch I ever got in my life. He caught me as fair on the point as any one ever was caught and I guess you'll all agree Joe can hit a bit. He knocked one of my teeth out, that's all. But as true as I live, beyond one gash, it never phased me. I doubt if to this day Joe knows how hard he hit me. I honestly believe that my jaw is one of the tough ones."

"Say," said Lavigne, in his odd little way, "were you ever hit square in the back of the neck, good and hard? Well, I was. Everhardt belted me there once just at the close of the round and I saw four or five Everhardts the next second.

"When I turned to go to my corner, I saw five corners and to save my soul I couldn't tell which was the right one. I took a chance on the one ahead of me and it happened to be the right one. I had no more sat down than things got straight, but I tell you, I was all mixed up there for a few seconds. That was the only punch which dazed me and I have been hit on the jaw twice as hard many a time.

ROOFING PAINT.

When you get genuine dark red slate paint you get the BEST ROOFING PAINT MADE.

Its reputation has been won by real merit, and merit is the result of not trying to see how cheap this paint can be made, but how good and by use of very best ingredients in proper proportion to secure permanent results. It is ready for use, contains no tar, requires no heating, will not crack, run or wash off, and has been in use 25 years. It is an exceptional and unexcelled ROOF PAINT for tin, iron, shingles or felt. One coat preserves and protects the surface and STOPS ALL LEAKS at small expense. Write for catalogue.

C. E. Gilmes, 134 West Broadway, N. Y. Agents wanted.

Holding on to a Good Thing.

Harvard $1000.00 PURE BEER

We have that much money, a thousand dollars, for anyone who can prove our statement as to the materials used in the brewing of Harvard Beer, to be untrue.

Harvard Beer is not only pure, it is also fully aged as lager beer should be. We commenced brewing Harvard Beer in March; we are now offering it for sale in Lowell for the first time. Figure it out for yourself. The officials of the U. S. Internal Revenue Service know what goes into our beer as well as we do. Our thousand dollar offer is open to them.

Harvard Brewing Co.,
LOWELL, MASS. U. S. A.

Our Ale Brewery brews fine ale. Have you tried it?

Cook, Taylor & Co.,
CENTRAL STREET.

BLANKETS
AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

11-4 White Wool Blankets good weight and quality, sold elsewhere at $2.50 a pair, our price only $1.98.

11-4 White Wool Blankets extra quality and weight, bound with silk, red, pink and blue borders, sold elsewhere at $4 a pair, our price $2.95.

California White Wool Blankets, red, blue, pink and gold borders, bound with silk, worth $5.00 a pair, our price $3.69.

10 cases Cotton Blankets, in white or gray, all perfect, worth 50c. a pair, at 35c.

Down Puffs, filled with laminated cotton down, satine covers, handsomely designed, at $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00 and $3.25. These are from 50c. to $2 under their actual value.

Hotel and boarding house managers and every lady in Lowell are cordially invited to inspect our stock.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Possible Prices.

HOW CAN WE DO IT?

We've got the cash! We've got the goods! And we've got the people's confidence. Every dollar's worth of goods is bought under our closest scrutiny and for CASH on the NAIL.

That's why we can offer such values and show such an assortment.

NEW SUITS.

New Tailor-Made Suits received every day from New York. Serge Suits at $5.75, $6.95 and $8.75. We always warrant the fitting.

We have just opened a beautiful line of fine Venetian Cloth, high grade suits in all colors. Special price $14.75, regular price $20.

JACKETS.

Black and Blue Kersey Jackets, lined throughout with colored satin, $4.98, worth $7.50.

Kersey Jackets, with strap seams, a beauty in fit and finish, lined throughout, $6.75, worth $10.

FUR JACKETS.

Seal and Electric Seal Jackets, made specially for us in the month of May, when the furriers were not busy. They are all lined with superior lining that is guaranteed. Prices $14.48, $17.50, $19.50, $21.50, $22.50, $24.50, $27.50, $29.50, $32.50 up to $60.00. Positively worth from $19.50 to $75. Superior quality of Alaska Seal Jackets at $105.

New York Cloak & Suit Co.
No. 12 JOHN STREET.

Star Performances. This house is continually inaugurating star performances. It is continually trying to outdo the whole city in value giving, and very frequently it comes dangerously near doing it. For this week some particularly skilful price carving has been done, and there isn't a woman in Lowell who will not find something to interest her if she is in need of anything in Millinery. We won't quote prices, but you'll find them surprisingly small, quality considered. Best line of trimmed Toques, Bonnets and Dress Hats in the city.

N. B.—Store closed Friday evening. Try and get your orders in as early in the week as possible.

HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS.
169 MERRIMACK STREET.

SECOND HAND PAPERS.

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy the Lowell Sun.

THE LOWELL SUN

WHY THEY BUY IT.

People buy THE SUN because it is lively, newsy and truthful. It outsells all rivals and that is why it is

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1898. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

THE FIRST BLIZZARD

Strikes the West With Force Today.

Rain, Snow and Wind in Missouri—Many Wires are Down and Trains are Late.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 17.—A genuine blizzard prevails in the southwest and west today. A heavy wet snow has fallen since 3 o'clock this morning with a strong wind. Wires are down in all directions and delays railways traffic. The snow followed 24 hours of steady rain. The sidewalks are covered with three inches of slush. There has been a decided fall in temperature, and the suddenness of the storm, coming as it has upon the track of summer weather will cause great suffering on the ranges. Kansas City is practically cut off from telegraphic communication with the West.

TRAINS RUNNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Kansas City, Oct. 17., Up to 11 o'clock today not a word has passed by wire with Topeka, Wichita, and points between here and Denver. At that hour the general conditions while clearing up slowly here, seemed to be getting worse west of Kansas City.

No serious interruption to railroad traffic has been experienced.

The Union Pacific, the Santa Fe, the Burlington and the Missouri Pacific officials all report in-coming trains practically on time. Until wires have been restored, however the real extent of the story cannot be known.

WEATHER BUREAU BULLETIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Kansas City, Oct. 17.—The following was issued by Observer Connor of the local weather bureau:

"A storm of great force is central in the Mississippi valley, which during the next 24 hours will have a northeast course, carrying it over the Great Lakes, causing heavy precipitation and gales. Since Sunday morning heavy rain fell in Iowa, Missouri and eastern Kansas, the heaviest being in northwest Missouri where it amounted to two and a half inches. At 7 a. m. rain was falling in the Mississippi valley from St. Paul to Memphis. In the western states, the temeprature has fallen to the freezing point, and the rain changed to snow in western Iowa, eastern Nebraska, northeast Kansas, and northwest Missouri. The snow will not remain on the ground long. Clearing conditions are expected in this section this evening, admitting of heavy frost tonight, followed on Tuesday by fair and warmer."

SNOW AT SEDALIA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Sedalia, Mo., Oct. 17.—Snow began falling today and soon a regular blizzard was raging. It rained all last night but turned colder today. Many wires are down.

BLOCK DESTROYED.

BIG FIRE OCCURRED AT BUZZARD'S BAY THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Buzzard's Bay, Oct. 17.—A large wooden block owned by George M. Linnell and adjoining stable which were situated just opposite the railroad station here were burned this morning. Fire broke out in the stable at five o'clock and spread rapidly. Part of the contents of the block were removed but there was not time enough to save anything. In less than half an hour the entire structure was ablaze and it was only by hard work that nearby buildings were saved. A number of residents of the town were slightly injured in saving property. The Linnell block contained a bakery, restaurant and the district court room. The upper part of the building was occupied as living apartments and the local telephone office was located also in the building. Mr. Linnell places his loss at $10,000 which is partially covered by insurance. The loss to the occupants and the loss on the stable, it is though will bring the total to nearly $15,000.

LAST OF WAR LOAN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The treasury department today made a final award of the new war loan. Subscribers for the sum of $1,500 will receive a percentage of that sum amounting to $1,300, subscribers for $1,459 or less will be awarded the full amount of their subscription.

INSANE MAN SUICIDES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Alexander Lockhart, 35 years old was found dead on the floor of his parlor on Tremont street this morning with the gas escaping from a burner. Lockhardt's wife was removed to an insane asylum four weeks ago and since that time he has been acting in a peculiar manner. It is thought he was temporarily insane as the result of his wife's affliction and committed suicide.

SHOT HERSELF.

BECAUSE HER HUSBAND REFUSED TO LIVE WITH HER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 17.—Mrs. Hattie Steele, the wife of William W. Steele, committed suicide last night under the most distressing conditions at her home in this city. Her husband had called to arrange final documents for their final separation. While they were discussing the future of the children, Mrs. Steele suddenly arose and in the presence of her husband and two little boys placed a pistol to her head and fired. She was removed to a hospital and the bullet extracted but the surgens say there is no possibility of her recovery. Mr. Steele is held by the police at the central station though there is no charge against him.

MAJORS APPOINTED.

FOR THE NINTH REGIMENT TO FILL VACANCIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Col. L. J. Logan, of the Ninth Massachusetts regiment, submitted to Governor Wolcott the following list of officers which he recommends for promotion:

To be majors, Captain Murray of Company B; Captain Sullivan of Company E and Adjutant Kelley.

The five officers to be promoted will be given out later.

WALKED TO DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 17.—News reaches here this morning that a Mr. Stein of New York, employed as a foreman in building a wharf for the American Fisheries company, at Stone Bridge, Tiverton, walked off the railroad bridge in that town, early Sunday morning and was drowned. His body has not been recovered.

A COAL HOD Given away with one Pound of 65c. Tea at O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone connected. Free delivery.

WE MADE IT HOT FOR THEM

After delivering us 25, which we sold in four days, through a business complication the contract to deliver us 100 "OUR UNION" RANGES could not be filled. But we raised such strong and forcible objection to their going back on their contract, that they gave us a larger and better range in place of the Union, but a trifle more in cost.

Let Us Make it Hot For You With One of Them. It's a Beauty

It has a large mantle shelf. It is warranted a good baker. Do you want a full size range for half size price? Then buy an

Eastern Crescent Range. The Price $19.50.

No discount for cash. No extra charge when sold on instalments.

ALBERT E. O'HEIR, 16 Merrimack St.

FASHODA DISPUTE

A Critical Point Has Been Reached.

France Places Her Cruisers on War Footing and Mans Her Forts — British Ships Practice Off French Naval Station.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Inquiries made today at the office of the French ministry of marine confirm the report published by the Soleil in a despatch from Toulon saying that Vice Admiral Fouveler, who is now at Tunis with the minister of marine, M. Lockroy, will return immediately to Toulon, where orders have been received to prepare the armored cruisers Admiral Trehouart, Souvinez, Jemmapes for active service and that in addition, orders have been issued to send the largest number of gunners possible to Brest without delay to man the forts and batteries there. The vessels mentioned are to be promptly placed on a war footing and are to be sent to Brest.

Rumor connects the French naval preparations with the question in dispute with Great Britain as to the possession of Fashoda.

The Paris papers today in chronicling the movements of the British in the Mediterranean, say that three British ironclads are engaged in gun practice off Bizerta, the French naval station in the Mediterranean off the African coast.

MINING TROUBLE

Gov. Tanner Commended by Miners' Union

FOR KEEPING SCAB WORKMEN OUT OF STATES.

Fifty-Seven Negroes Driven From Virden.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 17.—The 57 Alabama negroes that were sent to St. Louis from Springfield, Ill., after the union miners had refused to allow them to remain at Virden are quartered at the jail here. They spent Sunday in preaching and religious exhortation. It seems now that they will be sent back to Illinois where Governor Tanner can make what disposition he likes of them.

M. D. Ratchford, president of the United Mine workers of America, has gone to Washington to attend the first meeting of the industrial commission recently appointed, of which he is a member. Concerning the Illinois strike he said just before leaving here:

"Governor Tanner is sworn to guard life and property of the citizens of the state of Illinois. He is perfectly satisfied that he is justified in taking the action that he has. The class of medicine has to stand against are mainly ex-convicts who learned to mine coal in the penitentiary mines of Alabama. No man has a right, morally or legally to import such a class of people into a state to take the places of men who have honest records. There is not a good citizen in the state of Illinois but who would uphold Governor Tanner in the effort he is making to keep beyond its borders a class of people with nothing but criminal and penitentiary records to recommend them.

"I have sent word that all the union miners who have been killed in the recent clashes at Pana should be given decent burial at the expense of the union.

"We are in this fight to win and win we certainly shall.

NANTUCKET VICTIMS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Charles G. Rich, a Boston theatrical manager, said today that T. W. King, who with his wife and two children was reported lost in the wreck of the steamer Mahogan, was a well known summer resident of Siasconset, Nantucket. Mr. Rich was a neighbor of Mr. King's on that island and knew him well. King's first name was Thomas and his wife was a native of Saratoga, N. Y.

The Kings had one of the finest places of the Siasconset section. The family usually spent the winters at the Fifth avenue Hotel, New York.

Mr. King was born in Ohio and spent several years of his early life on a cattle ranch in Montana.

Mr. King inherited a large legacy from his mother. He had no regular business and the statement that he was a newspaper man probably grew out of the fact that he employed himself occasionally by writing short stories and exciting novels of western life. The family spent the last two summers in England.

AFTER RECORDS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 17.—Casey, the bicycle road rider who left New York at midnight, in an attempt to lower Taylor's record between New York and Boston, arrived here at 9.39 this morning. Curtis arrived five minutes ilated. Both left at 9.45. Curtis' handlebar broke in Elmwood and he put a new pair in his place. Both men were in good condition but had a sharp north wind to face. Curtis is even with his schedule time and Casey only a few moments behind.

ANARCHISTS THREATEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 17.—The president of the Swiss confederation, M. Eugene Ruffy, has received a threatening letter from anarchists. Precautions are being taken by police to prevent an attempt on his life.

JEALOUSY CAUSES MURDER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 17.—As a result of a fight over a woman, John W. Edwards last night shot and killed Alexander Charlton. Charlton was divorced three years ago. Since then his wife has kept boarders. Edwards was one of them. Charlton became jealous of Edwards and last night called at the house to see him and a fight ensued, resulting in Charlton's death. Edwards is a son of Col. David Edwards, a prominent patent medicine man in Minneapolis, who died in 1890.

DEMOCRATS, ATTENTION!

Registration closes on Wednesday. Don't forget to register at once if your name is not on the list. Hon. Joseph J. Flynn can be elected to congress if the young democrats take an active interest in registration.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

A delightful party was held Saturday afternoon from 2 o'clock to 6 when Miss Lottie Lowe celebrated her tenth birthday at her home, corner of Middlesex and Dartmouth streets, North Chelmsford. The guests numbered about 30. Miss Lowe received many handsome birthday gifts. Refreshments were served and a pleasant afternoon with music, games and recitations was spent.

GEN. MILES ARRIVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Jubilee enthusiasm was heightened today by the thousands of flags flung to the breeze, while on every street near the city's center were jostling crowds of a magnitude not surpassed in Chicago since the days of the World's Fair. General Nelson A. Miles accompanied by his wife and staff, were among the first arrivals today.

STRAUS MET THE SULTAN.

Constantinople, Oct. 17.—Sunday the sultan gave an audience to Oscar S. Straus, the new United States minister, with the customary ceremonies of reception, which was of the most cordial character. His majesty expressed pleasure at seeing Mr. Straus again, and his hope that the excellent relations that prevailed between Turkey and the United States during Mr. Straus' previous term at Constantinople would be maintained.

FOUND MURDERED

Fate of Italian Workman at Tarrytown, N. Y.

WHO HAD BEEN MISSING ONE WEEK.

Body Found Buried in the Woods.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 17.—Jose Gianto, an Italian, employed by the Tarrytown Water company, was found murdered in the woods near the Tarrytown Water works last evening. His body was buried about three feet beneath the surface and the newly turned earth furnished the first clue.

Gianto has been missing since Saturday a week ago. There had been a search made for him but without any result. Yesterday afternoon, a fellow workman while walking through the woods, noticed that the ground had been freshly turned and being aware of the absence of Gianto, suspected that his body might be under the earth. He immediately notified John Bagun, a contractor and the latter went to the place indicated with some Italians. They used their picks and shovels and soon had the newly turned earth thrown to one side. They came across the body of the missing man. There was a piece of bagging about the head and this was tied with a rope around the neck, the arms were tied behind the back at the wrists and the legs were tied under the knees.

The authorities did not make the murder public until today.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Unless claimed and removed by its owners, within a short time, the old "Uncle Tom's Cabin," the home at one time of Harriet Beecher Stowe's immortal hero, which has been standing at the north end of the Libby prison grounds since the World's Fair, will be sold to the highest bidder.

The whole Libby Prison site is in fact likely to be utilized as the location of a great auditorium of coliseum building after the order of Madison Square Garden of New York. Negotiations to this effect have been in progress for three or four weeks and prospects of carrying the project through are said to be decidedly promising. A leading banker and several capitalists of this city are said to be in the project.

The cabin was brought here at the time of the World's Fair from Texas. It did not prove a great attraction, but its owners made no attempt to take it away at the conclusion of the fair.

MRS. SHERMANS CONDITION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 17—Mrs. Sherman's condition this morning was such as to give great encouragement to her physicians.

STARTS CAMPAIGNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 17.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt started today his tour of up-the-state campaigning on a special train. He was accompanied by Bugler Emile Cassil, who blew the charge at Las Guasimas and San Juan and six other Rough Riders clad in Khaki uniforms; General Stewart L. Woodford, Lieut. Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff, John Proctor Clark and several press representatives.

27TH REPUBLICANS.

NOMINATED AMES AND FARMER THIS AFTERNOON IN JOINT CONVENTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

The republicans of the 27th representative district held their convention in republican headquarters this afternoon and nominated Butler Ames and F. A. Farmer of Tewksbury by acclamation.

PARDON REFUSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Governor Wolcott has refused to refer the case of Ira E. Darling, now serving a twenty years' sentence for manslaughter in causing the death of little Madeleine Baudet, to the pardon committee for a hearing. Her father, a New Hampshire man, asked the governor to pardon her.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Thursday, Nov. 3, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from Nov. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.

Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

C. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

"All Coons"—Look Alike,

But all Cigars do not taste alike or smoke alike.

DOWD'S HONEST 10

is the Cigar to smoke. It is different from other 10cl Cigars—better, sweeter and more fragrant.

T. J. DOWD, Mfgr., Nashua, N. H.

FOUND—Female fox terrier. Call at Sun office.

FOUND—A fox hound with strap collar, no name. Owner can have by calling at 5 Richmond ave., off Lawrence street.

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.

MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

ANOTHER SHIP LOST

British Ship Blengfell Destroyed By Fire

While in Tow Off Margate—Nine of the Crew Perished—Explosion of Naphtha Caused the Disaster.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Margate, Eng., Oct. 17.—The British ship Blengfell, Captain Johnson from New York September 19th for London, was destroyed by a sudden fire off this place early this morning. Nine of the crew, including the captain of a pilot, perished. The survivors are landed here and at Dover.

The Blengfell was passing here in tow on her way to London at about 6.30 a. m., and was about four miles off the coast. Suddenly she was enveloped in flames and smoke poured from her hatchways. Two life boats immediately put off to her assistance but before they were able to reach the burning vessel her mast fell and she was burned to the waters' edge. The hull eventually drifted upon the Goodwin sands.

The captain's wife and child and the first and second mates were among those who lost their lives.

The Blengfell was an iron vessel built at White Haven in 1876. She registered 1117 tons, hailed from Liverpool and was owned by J. Edgar & Co.

The Blengfell had a small quantity of naphtha on board that smelled strong during the voyage, especially aft, so much so that the officers of the ship had to shift their quarters yesterday evening. An explosion occurred just as the captain of Blengfell had engaged a tug, which saved the survivors. The vessel burned so quickly that her crew had no time to lower the boats.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Jerusalem is already overcrowded with visitors, chiefly Germans awaiting the arrival of Emperor William.

Prince Ching, on behalf of the foreign office, has given the British minister in Pekin satisfactory assurances as to the health of the emperor.

The sultan has ordered the withdrawal of all Turkish troops in Crete, in compliance with the joint note from Great Britain, Russia, Italy and France.

Fire destroyed a three-story brick building in Plainfield, N. J., entailing a loss of about $60,000. The building was occupied by the Barge Cycle company and a number of families.

It is expected in the highest circles that the Chinese emperor will be formally deposed Nov. 23, the birthday of the empress dowager, and that Prince Jun, a boy of 13, will be nominated as his successor.

A cash balance in bank exceeding $30,000 now stands to the credit of the trans-Mississippi exposition. There are 15 days remaining. All railroads in this territory have made a half cent a mile rate for the last week of the fair. Today was Odd Fellows' day.

A PUGILIST'S CHALLENGE.

New York, Oct. 17.—Martin Flaherty, the Lowell featherweight, is out with a challenge to meet any man in the world from 126 to 130 pounds, Tommy White of Chicago preferred. Flaherty's manager says that his man disputes White's right to the 126-pound championship, on the strength of his defeat of Danny McBride at Coney Island two weeks ago. He says that Flaherty has beaten McBride twice at that weight, and also won from Larry Burns of Cohoes. With these victories, as well as a decision over Frank Erne and "draws" with Spike Sullivan and Jack Downey to his credit Harvey claims that White must meet the lad from Lowell before the championship at 126 pounds can be positively decided.

Putnam & Son

New Winter Top Coats

A most remarkable showing of stylish Coverts, Whipcords, black, brown and olive Kerseys, in short lengths, beside our display of regular length Overcoats. Prices from $5.00 to $30.00.

TOP COATS in Men's and Young Men's sizes, made from heavy weight coverts in the newest olive and brown mixtures; handsome plaid backs, finished with very deep pure satin yoke and sleeves, broad satin pipings, deep bottom facing, buckhorn buttons, cut very short and natty, full backs, with velvet or cloth collars. As handsome as any fifteen dollar coat, for

$10.00.

The greatest coats ever shown in America for this price.

WINTER COVERTS. Heavy Covert Coats in the new brown mixtures; heavy Whipcords in new shades, lined or with fancy plaid backs, with cloth or velvet collars, short, trig and natty, $5.00, $10.00, $13.00 up to $20.00.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK.

A GRAND SPECTACLE

Will be the Monster Parade in Chicago Tonight.

Mayor Harrison Will Lead 12,000 Bicyclists Through the Streets—Magnificent Arches to the War Heroes.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Two of the jubilee arches, the Dewey at State and Monroe street, and the Frist regiment, at Michigan avenue, were blown down yesterday by the high wind prevailing. No one was injured by either collapse. The Michigan avenue structure was badly broken and will have to be rebuilt. The painted canvass depicting the adventures of Col. Turner's men was torn in a dozen places. The Dewey arch was nearly completed. Only the surmounting ornaments were to be put in place. When the arch went down, the laborers were at work on Rough Riders' arch at State and Madison street and thus escaped being carried down with the framework.

Mayor Harrison will lead 12,000 wheelmen through the streets of Chicago tonight. Every man in the line will ride on a decorated wheel. The path is to be through a blaze of electrical effects. Overhead will be a festoon of brilliancy arched across the streets. Every building will have a flood of light. On some of the arches through which they pass, the features of war heroes will be seen through the brilliancy of red, white and blue globes. On every wheel Japanese lanterns will swing as signal lights of the passing show. Many famous riders will be in line. There will be all kind of wheels, including sextoities and motor cycles. There will be a few carnlyal floats. Some of them will resemble scenes from fairyland. One motor cycle will be accompanied by a band. Another will be in the form of a swan with a seating capacity of fifteen. It is to be in many respects a cosmopolitan parade. People of all nations and from every walk in life will participate. The policemen and firemen will ride, as will the letter carriers and soldiers. Zouaves in red will wheel alongside the athletic turners in white. Every club in Chicago will be represented in the parade. From the West Side will come John Siman at the head of 3,000 men. From the North, 1,000 members of the Turn Gemlinde, will swell the 3,200 riders behind Marshal A. T. Heywood. The South Side will send J. F. Helly with a clan of 4,000. Nobody has attempted to estimate the number of unattached riders that will participate. With the formation of the parade at 7 o'clock, Simon Meyer, grand marshal, will start the parade, preceded by Mayor Harrison.

Chief Sweenie of the fire department has promised to have 160 firemen turn out.

Two hundred police mounted will be the advance agents of the parade.

A moving electric arch, the bases of which will be supported by two triplets, will be a brilliant spectacular feature of the parade.

President McKinley will review the parade from the stand at the auditorium.

THE SIXTH RETURNS

Ordered Home by Gen. Brooke as Reported.

Will Come to Boston Direct on Furlough—Changes in Sixth—Privates Williamson and Ashworth Arrived Home Saturday Night.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 17—Secretary Alger wired instructions on Saturday to Major-General Brooke, commanding the United States forces in Porto Rico, to send the Sixth Massachusetts regiment directly to Boston, and it is expected that ,under these instructions, the regiment will embark from Ponce within two or three days.

It was expected that the regiment would leave Sunday but Colonel Bird of the quartermaster general's office said Saturday that two transports, the Mississippi and the Manitoba, could not get away before Monday or Tuesday. Colonel Bird said that he could not tell which of these ships the regiment would embark in, as that was a matter to be determined by the commanding officer at Porto Rico. He added, however that both were good ships and either was quite large enough to accommodate the whole Sixth Massachusetts regiment comfortably.

Adjutant General Corbin said that when the regiment reached Boston, it would be given a furlough of sixty days. He could not say whether the regiment would be mustered out at the end of that time but he thought the chances were 100 to 1 that it would be. The sixty days' furlough would bring the service of the regiment up to Christmas time when, in all probability the treaty of peace would be signed and the government would not be in further need of the service of this regiment.

Adjutant General Corbin stated also that as soon as the treaty of peace was concluded, the terms of service of the volunteer regiments would be ended, although there was a clause in the law which enabled the president to retain them in service until the "object of the war" shall have been accomplished. Of course there is nominally a condition of war between the United States and Spain, and the United States is keeping up her large army as an insurance against a recurrence of hostilities.

As soon as the treaty of peace is signed, there could be a large reduction in the forces of the United States. Troops will be needed for a long time, of course in the Philippines, in Cuba and in Porto Rico, but congress will soon be in session and the president can make such arrangements as he desires with regard to the size of the army and congress, will of course, give him the number of troops he says is necessary.

The regular army of the United States, is entitled on a war footing to 61,000 men. It now has 51,000 men under enlistment. The recruiting is going on steadily and the regiments are rapidly filling up.

The president, under the present law, can keep this body of regular troops in the service for some time yet, under the authority given him in the words of the law "until the object of the war shall be accomplished." Meanwhile congress of course, will be called upon to increase the size of the regular army of the United States.

As soon as the peace treaty is an accomplished fact, the camps in the United States can be abolished and the troops mustered out of the service as soon as there is no further need for their services. Of course the troops in Cuba and Porto Rico, Manila and Honolulu will have to remain for some time yet, but it is noticeable that not very many volunteer troops are to be sent to either Cuba or Porto Rico. Indeed, all the volunteer regiment now at Porto Rico are to be sent home as soon as their places can be taken by other regiments.

The so-called inducements are being sent to these places and it won't be long after a treaty of peace is signed before the volunteer regiments will be pretty nearly all mustered out of the service.

CHANGES IN SIXTH.

Lieut. George R. Barnstead of Company H, Sixth regiment, U.S.V., Stoneham, now at Porto Rico, has written under date of October 3rd, a newsy letter to Frank L. Whittier of Stoneham. He says:

"Quite a change has been made in the officers of the regiment, and by the promotion of the sergeant-major there is a change in the non-commissioned officers of our company. Lieut. F. E. Gray has been commissioned captain of Company K, in place of Captain Goodell, who resigned. Sergeant-Major Pearson has been commissioned second lieutenant and assigned to Company I, as the second lieutenant of that company. He has been confined to the hospital for several weeks. Lieut. Hart is home on a furlough. Sergt. J. L Gilson has been promoted to regimental sergeant major Sergt. W. D. Desmond to first sergeant, of Company H, and Corporal R. W. Barnstead to sergeant. This leaves one corporal to be appointed.

SOLDIERS RETURN.

Privates Donald C, Williamson and Thomas Ashworth, who were on the firing line of Company C, Sixth Massachusetts regiment, in the first battle inPorto Rico, returned to Lowell Saturday night from Fort Monroe hospital. Private Abbott of the company contracted his railroad journey to Fryeburg, Me. where his relatives reside.

Private Williamson was four weeks in Ponce hospital suffering from typhoid malarial fever before he was brought to Fort Monroe in the hospital ship Relief. Private Williamson weighed 153 pounds when he left Lowell four months ago. He is now a shadow of the active young man who volunteered at the state armory.

Mr. Williamson speaks highly of his treatment in the Ponce hospital, on the ship Relief and at Fort Monroe hospital, where he was attended by Dr. Bell. He says there are three members of Lowell companies of the Sixth yet in Fort Monroe hospital.

Private Hagley of Company M, Ninth regiment he said, was recovering, but Private Carr, he was told, was not getting as strong as expected.

Lieut.-Col. Ames, Mr. Williamson says was able to be around before he left Porto Rico. He saw him the day before he sailed.

NINTH'S MUSTERING OUT.

Major Quinton of the Boston recruiting office for the infantry regiments, has received a letter from Assistant Adjutant General Wood, informing him that the men of the Ninth Massachusetts volunteers will be mustered out at the expiration of their furloughs.

The war department call renewed attention to its desire that men mustered out of the Ninth and other volunteer regiments should be encouraged to join the regulars, in which case the time they have passed in the volunteer regiments will count in their periods of service.

Corporal Tuttle and Private Fred D. Hastings left the General hospital Saturday much improved after their treatment there. Private Hastings gained twelve pounds in three weeks and is much better.

DEATHS.

DEVINE--Dennis Devine, aged 70 years, died this morning at his home, 74 Elm street. He leaves two sons and three daughters. Funeral will be held Wednesday morning.

KELLEY--Dennis Kelley died yesterday at his home, 76 Fourth avenue, aged 38 years. Two brothers and two sisters survive him. Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at St. Patrick's church.

NANCY GUILFORD

AGAIN REMANDED IN LONDON AWAITING PAPERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 17.—At the Bow street police court today, Dr. Nancy Guilford midwife of Bridgeport, Conn., whose extradition is being asked for on the charge of murder in the second degree in connection with the death of Emma Gill was again remanded a week pending the arrival of papers in the case.

THE HAYES ESTATE.

IT WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON TUESDAY.

C. F. Keyes will sell on Tuesday, commencing at 10 o'clock, the Michael Hayes estate in West Billerica, a homestead and 205 acres. Immediately after selling the real estate, I shall sell the personal property, consisting of eight cows, two horses, 200 hens, 60 ton English hay, farm wagons, mowing machines, and all of the farm implements.

This is considered one of the best farms within nine miles of Lowell.

The sale will take place rain or shine it being an administrators' sale.

CRICKET TEAM.

REMEMBERS ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL —29 SOLDIERS TREATED.

The Sisters of Charity of St. John's hospital make grateful acknowledgement of the receipt of $17 from the United States Dating Cricket club, a share of the proceeds of the recent game played for the benefit of local hospitals. They appreciate the gift but more especially the kind and humane sentiment which prompted it.

Two more soldiers were received at the hospital Saturday, making 29 in all entered upon its records since the cessation of hostilities.

TRACKS TAKEN UP.

The tracks of the old Lowell and Dracut Street Railway company which extended from corner of Merrimack and Cabot streets down around Little Canada and over Aiken street bridge have been removed. This has been made necessary by the improvements which are to be made in Aiken street. The removal of the tracks affords a pleasant relief as there have been no cars run over them for a number of years and they have been a decided nuisance.

NATURALIZATION COURT.

Judge Pickman will hold special sessions of police court tomorrow and Wednesday for naturalization purposes, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 12 p. m., and 2 p. m. to 4 p m.

BUT FIFTY RESCUED

One Hundred Victims of the Mohegan Disaster.

JOHN HYSLOP of New York, One of the Survivors of the Mohegan, Lost on the British Coast Saturday.

The Steamer was Far From Her Course—How She Diverged is Still a Mystery—Launching of Boats Impeded by Double Rails.

London, Oct. 17.—The Atlantic Transport company issued the following statement last night regarding the fate of the passengers and crew of the Mohegan, which was wrecked Friday night off the Lizard: "Of the passengers 11 have been saved; 10 bodies have been recovered and 33 are missing. Of the crew and cattlemen 39 have been saved, 14 bodies have been recovered and 51 are missing."

Since this statement was issued nine other bodies have been picked up, including two that have been identified as the bodies of passengers. The reports of the various correspondents differ widely as to the rescues, recoveries and losses, though none has been able to obtain the exact numbers of those saved or of the bodies recovered.

The latest advices from Falmouth say that 38 bodies have been identified, mostly the bodies of sailors. Four are as yet unidentified, including those of two elderly ladies. One appears to be a German. She wore a watch and a wedding ring, both engraved "1871." The other wore a silver brooch, with "D" in pearls. This is probably the body of Mrs. Charles Duncan.

The cause of the disaster remains the profoundest mystery. Nobody attempts to explain how the Mohegan got so far north of her true course—from six to seven miles. There was no fog at the time; while the wind on her port quarter was not sufficient to prevent her answering the helm. It has been suggested that her compass was faulty, but daylight lasted long after Eddystone light was passed. The sailors say the fact that the Lizard light was not visible should have served to give the alarm. The masts of the Mohegan, which are above water, show that her stern is landward, causing a theory that the navigating officer, on discovering that he was in the bay, suddenly turned seaward. Two engineers, who are saved, declare, however, that they never slackened speed.

Remarkable stories of rescues continue. Robert Barrow, a seaman, performed the feat of swimming unaided through the roughest water to Coverack point, a distance of two and one-half miles. He climbed up the ragged cliff, where a searching party found him early the next morning, completely exhausted. A. C. L. Smith of Oregon, a passenger, surrendered to a woman in the water wreckage that was supporting him, and swam ashore unaided. The woman was saved. Her name is reported as Miss Webb, but no such name appears in the company's list.

Messrs. Smith and W. J. Bloomingdale say there was the greatest difficulty in launching the boats. The ropes were new and stiff, and the blocks would not work. Four or five times as many sailors as should have been necessary struggled to lower each boat. The lockers were hard to open. The crew, in a chivalrous effort to save the women, made the mistake of undermanning the boats. There were only four sailors in one boat, which capsized as soon as it was launched. Messrs. Smith and Bloomdale say that Captain Griffiths had appeared ill all day.

The death of T. W. King, who was a newspaper proprietor in Nantucket, Mass., and of his family, including Mrs. King, her mother, Mrs. Weller, and his sons, Rufus, aged 11, and Anthony, aged 7, has caused deep sorrow at Penzance, where the family had a summer cottage, and were very popular. Joseph O'Rourke, Mr. King's valet, who was saved, says he was on deck when the crash came. The lights went out immediately. Rushing to the saloon he heard Mr. King exhorting his family to keep cool. O'Rourke, with seven others, clung to the rigging until 6 o'clock Saturday morning, when a lifeboat took him off. He identified the bodies of the Kings and Mrs. Weller, and will have them embalmed and taken to the United States in accordance with cabled instructions from relatives of the family.

[The description, in the London dispatch, of T. W. King as "a newspaper proprietor at Nantucket, Mass., is probably erroneous. Inquiry shows that the proprietors of the local papers in Nantucket and its vicinity bear other names. In Boston newspaper circles Mr. King's name is unfamiliar. Probably he was a wealthy summer resident at Nantucket.]

LAUNCHING WAS IMPEDED.

Falmouth, Eng., Oct. 17.—John Hyslop, a New York yachtsman, who was saved, in the course of an interview condemned the double railing around the ship's boats, which, he says, impeded the launching. The masthead light, in his opinion, should have been an oil instead of an electric lamp, as in that event it would not have been extinguished, but would have furnished a beacon to guide the lifebonts.

Mr. Williams, the company's manager, says the disaster is utterly inexplicable. The vessel was new and, he asserts, well found, while the captain and crew were most reliable. He says the crews of the company's vessels have constant boat practice, and he is indignant at the insinuations regarding the condition of Captain Griffiths.

Called It Cancer

A Sore Rapidly Grows Worse Until Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I had what was said by a physician to be a cancer on my breast. It grew worse very fast and I made some salve and used it, but it did no good, and none of the remedies I bought did any good until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Before I had finished the first bottle of this medicine the sore began to heal. I kept on taking the medicine until I was cured. Some time afterward I had another sore on my left cheek. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla again and it had the same good effect." MRS. MARCELINE PAQUETTE, 397 Court Street, Brockton, Mass.

Get only **Hood's Sarsaparilla**

America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

WATER PIPE BURST.

A water pipe in the Bon Marche Dry Good Store burst last evening, directly over the cotton underwear department. The water came down in torrents and by the time the night watchman came the floor in this vicinity was ten inches deep, damaging the cotton underwear stock more or less. Mr. Munn, the night watchman, immediately telephoned Mr. C. A. Mitchell and with the assistance of Mr. Stevens and Mr. Campbell, the day janitor who happened to be present, they immediately stopped the flow by shutting off the water at the main shut-off in the basement. The water flowed down into the basement and made sad havoc among the goods displayed there. But for the timely arrival of Mr. Munn a fearful flow might have happened, as it was, there was a damage done, mainly to the cotton underwear department and the basement. The entire force were busy this morning, straightening out the wet goods, and putting them away to dry. The amount of damage will surely amount to $800 or $900.

SECRETARY SMITH

Advocates A Change in the Assessor's Department.

HE WRITES ON THE LATEST FEATURES

In Connection With the Proposed Change.

James T. Smith, secretary of the board of trade, has been a vigorous advocate of a change in the election of assessors. He writes as follows of the latest feature:

"Possibly the ordinance is not perfect. We should have but little legislation if this objection was regarded as fatal. It is wise to leave something to experience. Experience will disclose defects, if defects there be, and suggest the remedy. The best legislation is thus matured.

"Two rumors from Capital square have found expression through the press.

"First—That the interests of the party must be first reconciled with the proposed legislation. If the party is the great body of voters, their wishes cannot be mistaken. There can be no doubt as to their interests in the premises.

"Second—That a serious obstacle to agreement will be the preference of members, as to who shall compose the reorganized board of assessors.

"It is natural that members should differ as to the capacity and efficiency of candidates for retention. Unquestionably, there are as capable and trustworthy officials among the assistant assessors as on the board of principal assessors. But the selection of those who are to remain, vests in the city council by ordinance, and under the charter the city council may remove any assessor when in its judgment the interests of the city require such action. Selfrespect will naturally restrain the city council from withholding legislation for such a reason. There is nothing in the proceedings thus far to raise a suspicion that any member regards the claims of personal friendship as superior to those of the voters who selected him to represent them and guard their interests. Such rumors are but journalistic curry and are thrown in to give a zest to a newspaper column.

"A most absurd objection to a reorganization of the assessors' department a pure bluff, is that pending a controversy over a corporation tax, the force cannot be reduced. First, the assistant assessors which the ordinance legislates out of office have nothing whatever to do with the corporation tax; the valuation is made by the principal assessors. Second, if either the principal or assistant assessors are required in court, a summons will bring them as readily out of office as in.

"There are as staunch friends of economy in the board of aldermen as out of it, and we wait the action of that board with full confidence that the trust placed in the members by their fellow-citizens be not misplaced.

FOOT BALL.

GAMES PLAYED SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

The Institute of Technology won from the Glenmores by a score of 6 to 0. The game was held on Fair Grounds Saturday afternoon, and was played to a small crowd, a number who had bought tickets remaining away, because of the inclement weather.

All the scoring was done in the first half when by losing the ball and finding it again, only to have it grasped from them, the locals hung up a cipher, while the Techs gained and kicked a goal.

The Bostons having their kick-off in the first half, it was the Glenmores' turn in the last. Some fine plays were made in this half by both teams. The locals tried very hard for a score but at the call of time the ball was on the Techs' ten yard line. It was a brilliant game and those who witnessed it got their moneys' worth. The summary:

GLENMORES.	TECHNOLOGY.
F. Emerson (capt.) l. e.	l. e, Cowing
Trask, lt	lt, Enger
Crosby, lg	lg, Kennard
Gill, c	c, Cross
Willis, rg	rg, Evelyn
Egan, rt	rt, Jeffords
Murphy, re	re, Dorsey
Allen, qb	qb, Derby
Donahue, lhb	lhb, Arnold
Whittaker, rhb	rhb, Haley
McKiejohn, rhb.	
Fisher, fb	fb, (capt.) Danforth

Umpire, Fowle; referee, Cresby; linesmen, Low and Curtin; score, Technology 6; Glenmore 0; touchdown, Haley.

The Almonts and Big Sevens played a first class game to a tie on the South common. Harrington and Jacques of the Almonts led in scientific plays and saved their team from defeat.

The Big Seven Ponies defeated the Collins Pets by a score of 27 to 0.

SAW DOUBLE.

AND PETER BENNETT GOT INTO THE WRONG HOUSE.

Peter Bennett, aged 23 years, of Varnum avenue, drank early and often Saturday night and as a result when he started for home, his condition was decidedly "off color." As he got near his house, he was looking double and could see several of his houses.

He took a chance at one of them and banged at the door receiving no answer This angered him and he broke in the door and entered. There was no one there to welcome him and in order to raise a little excitement, he threw a flat-iron through one of the windows.

Mr. Bennett in taking that chance, made a bad move, for he struck the wrong house his own being some little distance below and when the family occupying the house returned and found the mud-bedraggled Bennett over one of their fancy couches, they practically kicked and notified the police. When Lieut Palmer and Officer McNabb awakened Bennett, the latter was greatly shocked at the news that he was in the wrong house. He was arrested for drunkenness.

While he was enjoying his sleep in the neighbor's house, his own folks heard that he had come home and went to look for him with a lantern. They found out his whereabouts from the police.

It will be well to bear in mind the hour and date of the sale of three acres of land in three lots at Middlesex Village this week, Thursday. The hour is 3.30, and the sale absolute. So say J. E. Conant & Co.

WONDERFUL FEAT

By George L. Hubbard's Hors Today.

FELL INTO CANAL FROM TH RAILROAD

And Swam Against Strean to Shore.

A bay horse belonging to George L Hubbard, left standing unharnessed i front of Swett's blacksmith shop nea the northern depot this morning, becau frightened by a passing engine and das ed up the track over the canal bridg Part of the boards of the bridge ha been removed by workmen making re pairs there and on reaching this poi the horse lost his footing and after rol ing over, plunged headlong into the ca nal. Everybody thought the force of th current would carry the animal unde the bridge where he would be drowne among the piles, but no, with remarka ble instinct, equal or superior to th intelligence a human being would hav shown under the circumstances, the ex cited animal struck out against th stream for a part of the shore lo enough to land and in a short thi regained the bank about fifteen yard distant. The spectators pronounced th feat one of the most remarkable eve witnessed. The animal was led peace ably back to the stable but slightly in jured by scratches and greatly subdue by the dip in the canal.

POLITICAL NOTES.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

26th Representative Convention, Associate Building, Monday evening, October 17th, 7.30 p. m.

25th Representative Convention Tuesday evening, Oct 18th, Associate Building, 7.30 p. m.

SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Seventh district democratic senatorial convention will be held in th banquet hall, Associate building, at 7.3 tomorrow evening.

Here is what a Lawrence paper ha to say of Marcellus H. Fletcher, wh has been nominated for councillor fro the district:

Lawrence democrats know Marcellu H. Fletcher, who was nominated fo councillor by the democratic conven tion at Lowell yesterday. Mr. Fletche is a war horse of democracy, tried an true and it will be a pleasure for hi democratic friends in this city to giv his candidacy the recognition it de serves. It is too much to hope, per haps, that he will be elected as th district is substantially republican But every democrat in Lawrence, Me thuen, Andover, and North Andove should make a point of marking cross against the name of Marcellu H. Fletcher of Lowell for councillo at the polls on election day. Giv him a complimentary vote. Tha would please Marcellus more than a he should be elected.

LAWRENCE REPUDIATES KNOX

Mr. Knox's papers do not conceal their alarm over the congressional situation. They term the dissatisfactio on the republican side as "over confi dence, which is one way of whistling t keep up their courage. The Lowe Courier says:

"We are badly off at the best. Ar we alive to the fact that we must ge out the republican vote to insure suc cess?"

And the Lawrence Telegram appeal to gold democrats to come to the al of Mr. Knox in order to prevent Mr Flynn's election. Why should thes frantic appeals be made in behalf of a candidate who two years ago was elec ted by more than 6,000 majority? Th reason is obvious. Mr. Knox's brok en promises to the people, the respon sibility of his party for the distresse condition of the cotton and woolen in dustries and for the starvation of th volunteer soldiers during the late war Lincoln's remark about fooling th people comes in aptly to describe th situation. Mr. Knox fooled the peo ple two years ago when he said pros perity would return before snow fe if McKinley was elected president an he was returned to congress. Th people are not to be caught with chaf from that source any more.—Lawrence Tribune.

CITY HALL NEWS.

Samuel A. McPheters, son of a forme city clerk of that name, takes Mr. Car penter's place in the purchasing agent' office.

Bugler Bentley of Company M, Sixt regiment, visited city hall this morning

26TH DISTRICT.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION WILL BE HELD THIS EVENING.

The 26th district democratic representative convention will be held in th Democratic Headquarters at 7.30 o'clo this evening. All delegates are request ed to be present.

CONANT'S SUCCESS.

The Worcester papers have bee saying a great many very complimen tary things of the method, manner and thoroughness with which J. E. Co nant & Co., conducted the most su cessful sale of tickets the Worcest Musical Festival ever had. The t tal receipts from the sale amounted t over $5,300.

CONVENTION DATES.

The 27th district democratic convention, representative, will be held to morrow afternoon in democratic head quarters.

Joseph F. Gormley, chairman of the 25th democratic district committee sends out a call for a convention to be held in Democratic Headquarters, Associate Building, tomorrow evening at 7.30.

Miss Emma Lucas will be pleased to meet her friends at Madame Gregoire's, Merrimack street.

THE HON. JOSEPH H. CHOATE of New York, who Delivered the Address at the Unveiling of the statue of Rufus Choate, in Boston.

THE AMERICANS

Responsible for Typhoid Fever at Porto Rico.

SAYS DR. CHADWICK OF WALTHAM

In Relating Their Experiences There.

Dr. H. D. Chadwick of Waltham who arrived home Tuesday from Porto Rico, where he has been doing efficient work in the army hospital at Ponce, gave an interesting account of his experiences to a Waltham News reporter. Some of the most striking portions of his story are where he declares that any typhoid fever that exists or has existed among the troops in Porto Rico, was brought to the island by the soldiers, who carried it from the disease infested camps of the South and where he tells of good feeling that exists among all classes of people in Porto Rico, for "American Guano" or the "good Americans."

"I left New York on board the hospital ship Relief seven weeks ago in company with Dr. Greenwood," said Dr. Chadwick.

"We arrived at Ponce, Porto Rico, after a voyage lasting four days, during which almost everybody on board suffered considerably from seasickness, as the Relief is a heavy boat, which rolls fearfully. It would rock to and fro on the slightest excuse, even if the sea was as smooth as the Charles river.

"I found the climate of Porto Rico to be good. The air is dry and salubrious, and it agreed with me perfectly. There was considerable sickness among the soldiers when Dr. Greenwood and myself arrived and the hospital was full. Medical attendance and nurses were scarce, too. Much of the sickness was caused by the indiscriminate manner in which the men ate everything that came to hand as soon as they landed. A trip of four or five days or more on a crowded transport sharpened their appetites for everything fresh or green.

"Bananas, oranges or other fruit is to be had for the picking it off the trees and many of the men gorged themselves with these things, besides drinking rum and eating other native delicacies which they were unused to. The result of this was that hundreds were taken down with diarrhoea and stomach troubles sometimes in exceedingly virulent form. It was nothing more than might have been expected.

"But with the typhoid cases it was different. Typhoid had never been known in Porto Rico. The local doctors know nothing about the disease and when they meet it, are at a loss what to call it. The conditions are against typhoid, as the land is high and dry and the air pure. Therefore it cannot be doubted that the disease was brought to the island by the soldiers who came infected with it from the camps in this country. It broke out and spread quite rapidly for a while so that the hospital was filled with typhoid patients.

"Dr. Greenwood and myself went to work in the hospital at once and were kept busily employed. The surgeons wore a sort of white canvass suit with blue stripes on the arm and blue shoulder straps. There was no time to waste in the hospital as the number of physicians was far inadequate. Nevertheless, the hospital patients were given good care. There were no complaints from the men. The wards were full of patients all the time.

"While in the hospital I had as a patient Henry Watterson, Jr., a son of the great southern newspaperman and journalist. Young Watterson had a slight attack of typhoid and I pulled him out of it all right, so that he was able to leave Ponce on the steamer that I came on. We were good friends. The young man is a corporal in the First Kentucky volunteers, and his brother is a private in the same regiment. When they enlisted their father told them that if they wanted to go they would have to go as privates. No doubt the old gentleman could have easily secured commissions for his sons, but he isn't that kind of man. He didn't want his boys to have the advantage over anybody else through his influence.

"Life at Ponce was very dull and uneventful. There were plenty of troops around all the time, but army life is dull at best, when there is no active work going on There was little or no social life. There is a club in Ponce which was much frequented by the American officers, but outside of this there was absolutely nothing in the way of social diversion. But even if there was it wouldn't have benefitted the doctors much as they were constantly employed.

"There is a wonderfully good feeling toward the Americans evinced by the people of all classes. There are no distinctions drawn now. The people call themselves Porto Ricans and believe that the Americans will make everything prosperous and happy. They speak of us as the 'Americanos Guanos' which means the good Americans. A regimental band gave a concert one night during which national airs were played of course. The next day all the colored boys were whistling 'Yankee Doodle.' A nurse was attracted by the bright appearance of a Porto Rican boy and asked him his name. 'Yankee Doodle Porto Rico' was the ready reply.

"The people live in poor thatched cottages. They have but few comforts of life, but the products of the soil are so numerous that there is no necessity of starving. All classes are very immoral. Immorality is not considered immorality there. High and low are just alike in this respect. It is also a matter of remark that well to do people have everything there is, and the poor people have nothing. Except for a few small tradesmen there is no middle class whatever. Everybody wondered at the American horse. The only animal of the equine race to be seen in Porto Rico are small in size and an American horse is far superior to them in evry respect, a different sort of an animal entirely.

"I was unable to get away from the island until a reenforcemnt of surgeons arrived. Dr. Greenwood, of course was allowed leave of absence, as he had been ill. We started for home last Friday on the former American liner Berlin. There wer 206 convalescents on board, 40 per cent of whom were still quite sick and required medical attendance. I was placed in charge of the whole number, but was greatly assisted by Dr. Greenwood, who volunteered his service, although he was under no necessity of doing so. When we reached New York most of the men were recovered almost entirely and only 16 per cent of them needed medical attendance.

"The Berlin stopped at Santiago for a short time on the return voyage. It is a wonderful harbor. The scenery in every direction is grand. I procured a conveyance and visited the battle ground where I obtained a number of mementos of the engagement. There were many members of the 16th Pennsylvania volunteers on board, and these were met at New York by the governor of that state and many friends, who took them in charge at once.

"Some of the men were taken to the house of the National Relief association which is maintained almost entirely by Miss Helen Gould. Twelve of the very sick were taken to the hospital at Bedloe's Island. I am glad to be home again although I enjoyed the experience. I have sent my resignation to Washington."

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough. It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

WIGGINVILLE YOUNG MEN.

The Wigginville Young Men's social union has been organized and twenty young men signed the constitution. They will occupy the Brookside school which was generously offered by Deacon W. H. Wiggin. The following were elected officers: Kenneth McKinnon, president; Wm. Bennett, vice president; David Allan, secretary; Willard G. Parker, treasurer; Gaddord Carlson and Thomas Bennett, sergeants-at-arms. Meetings are to be held on Friday evenings.

ORDER FOR DRUMMERS.

A new order has been received by baggage masters of the Boston & Maine stations to the effect that all drummers will be forbidden hereafter to open or show their goods in the baggage room.

THE BALL SEASON

Schedule Completed With Saturday's Game.

REVIEW OF THE SEASON'S SUCCESS.

The Game Was Quite Profitable This Year.

Boston, Oct. 17.—The curtain was rung down Saturday, closing the National league season of 1898. As not one of the clubs could better its position in the race, little interest was manifested in the closing games. The New Yorks wound up the season by defeating the Washingtons in an 11-inning game, while the Brooklyns finished with a victory over the Philadelphias. The Bostons downed the Baltimores, and the Louisvilles beat the Clevelands. In three cities attempts were made to play second games, but darkness stopped the contests before the required number of innings could be played. Cold weather interfered with the games in Pittsburg.

Not only has the season been a great success in Boston from a paying standpoint, but financially the game has been exceedingly profitable. The club has made more money than any other team, and the three owners will receive good sized dividends. The Baltimore club, on the other hand, has had a disastrous season, and, though the club has finished second, the season has been a financial failure, resulting in a loss of fully $15,000. But for the Sunday ball some of the clubs would have fared far worse than has been the case. Chicago and Cincinnati had record-breaking crowds, and Louisville played to far better business than the previous year. New York and Pittsburg joined the Sabbath-playing clubs, the former only playing Sunday games at home at the close of the season. This left the Boston and Philadelphia clubs as the only ones that did not play Sunday ball.

The double umpire system proved a success, and will undoubtedly be retained another season. The choice of incumbents was not happy in all cases, and the men were not mated as well as could have been desired. One great fault of the system was that the umpires did not work intelligently together.

The Atlantic league managers have applied for protection for Worcester.

Hallman says he won't stand the transfer to Milwaukee.

Detroit had four managers and 29 players in the past season.

It looks as if Catcher Zimmer would be divorced from the Clevelands.

The slate makers have "Connie" Mack down to manage the Brooklyns in '99.

The contract of Tom News with the New York club has been promulgated.

The Bostons will pass the week in making a dollar on the road. They have designs on Bridgeport, Torrington, Northampton, Spencer, Webster and Grafton.

"No better play could be made for New York than to take Joyce out and put Anson in charge of the club," says a veteran. "Anson is a card and a character with a great following—just the man for a city like New York, but he must be his own master to be successful."

Interest on taxes begins October 20th.

A. O. H. DEMONSTRATION

A GRAND MASS MEETING OF THE ORDER.

An important meeting of the central council of the A.O.H. was held yesterday afternoon to make final arrangements for their great demonstration, which will take place next Thursday night in their hall on Prescott street. Ex-Alderman John H. Boland of Waltham, Mass., president of Division 19 of that city, will attend the mass meeting of the order in Lowell. He will be accompanied by the degree staff of Waltham for the purpose of exemplifying the new ritual of the order. The officers will be met at the northern depot by a committee of the Lowell divisions and escorted to the American House. A reception will be held in Hibernian hall at 7.30. The exercises will commence promptly at 8 o'clock and later in the evening a smoke talk and literary exercises will take place and addresses will be delivered by prominent Hibernians of the county as well as local members.

The demonstration is the outcome of the Trenton convention and will mark a new era in Hibernianism in this county as well as throughout Massachusetts—a united A.O.H. The old members should attend this meeting and witness the result of their labors of 31 years ago when they founded this order in Lowell, which has done so much for good citizenship in this city. All Lowell Hibernians are expected to be in the hall in time to attend the reception. The reception committee comprises the presidents of the five Lowell divisions: John A. O'Hearn, of Div. 1; Michael T. McMahon, Div. 3; John Hendricks, Div. 11; Joseph McQuade, Div. 28; John O'Neil, Div. 8.

Doctors now agree that consumption is curable.

Three things, if taken together, will cure nearly every case in the first stages; the majority of cases more advanced; and a few of those far advanced.

The first is, fresh air; the second, proper food; the third, Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with hypophosphites.

To be cured, you must not lose in weight, and, if thin, you must gain. Nothing equals Scott's Emulsion to keep you in good flesh.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

THE REGISTRATION.

NAMES ADDED TO LISTS SATURDAY.

The registration Saturday afternoon and evening was quite heavy. The following names were added to the list:

Ward 1—Walter R. Gove, 36 Massachusetts corporation; Edward E. Farris, 55 Worthen; Joseph Lefevre, 22 Lee; Dennis Leblanc, Jr., 42 Lee; William T. Elmin, 39 Worthen; John Hickey, 97 South; Fred Farnell, 30 First; Walter E. Thompson, 24 West Third; Herbert R. Baker, 24 West Third; Edward A. Shea, 40 Bridge; Daniel Burns, 196 Merrimack; Fred A. Wales, 264 Appleton.

Ward 2—Julius Brown, 22 Common; Michael Wall, 129 Tremont; George W. Haye, 19 Tremont corporation; John J. O'Connor, 135 Merrimack corporation; Joseph H. O'Brien, 54 Common; Michael Kearney, 177 Tremont.

Ward 3—Joel E. Billings, 292 Chelmsford; Arthur S. Edwards, 34 Rock; Warren Simeads, 146 Branch; Charles E. Montgomery, 23 Coral; Michael H. Sullivan, 559 Broadway; Michael Mccahan, 130 Cross; John Meehan, 451 Broadway; Thomas B. Leauer, 44 Franklin.

Ward 4—Bernard Campion, 75 Union; Edward J. O'Hare, 13 Kidder; Thomas J. Boyle, 122 Howard; Frank E. McOsker, 80 Union; Francis J. Loncraft, 36 Mead; Joseph A. McKenna, 17 Pine Hill; Matthew D. Doyle, 57 Whipple.

Ward 5—John E. O'Garra, 67 Warren; Joseph Callahan, 556 Central; Joseph P. Wright, 104 Gorham; James T. Healey, 29 Pleasant; Daniel F. O'Callahan, 550 Central; Nicholas Halpin, 196 Gorham.

Ward 6—Charles E. Holmes, 9 Varley avenue; Fred Lefavre, 61 Ludlam; Ephraim H. Blanc, 212 Tenth.

Ward 7—Harry E. Hallowell, 11 Fourth avenue; Albert Bergeron, 325 Mammoth road; Augustus T. Holmes 170 Mt. Hope; Michael H. Donovan, 9 Hampton avenue; Exphir Forget, 70 Ford; Martin E. Hall, 48 Wannalancit.

Ward 8—Fred C. Brown, 104 Blossom; George H. Chamberlin 1372 Middlesex; George W. A. Butters, 11 Burt; Charles E. Chamberlain, 3 Dudley court; John C. Cook, 29 C street; Walter H. Witham, 40 Wilburn; Daniel Emerson, 114 London; John Gleason, 334 Lincoln; William B. Price, 11 Hadley; Frank S. Pearson, 108 London; Irving W. Morgan, 43 Leverett; Herbert A. Butler, 16 Harding; Charles T. Frost, 20 Marginal; Daniel Fitts, 146 Hale.

Ward 9—George E. Winter, 1104 Lawrence; James F. Monaghan, 18 Bleachery; Patrick F. Reddan, 19 South Whipple; James Regan, 34 Bourne; Daniel F. Welch, 728 Lawrence; Robert W. Bell, 54 South Whipple.

MUSIC HALL

If you wish to visit Santiago de Cuba, Porto Rico or the Philippines or in other words the much talked of scenes of the late war, it will be brought to you at the new Music Hall tonight, when Al. Reeves' big double company, greater and grander than ever, makes its first appearance this season. The show this season stands without a peer with new scenery, handsome wardrobes and electrical effects. The performance will commence with a very laughable satire entitled "The Ladies of Lite," in which 25 whites and 25 blacks appear, making a total number of 50 voices, introducing such people as Harry Emerson, Mitchell and Joss, Copa Sisters, Barton and Ashley, Miss Fanny Fern Thatcher, De Graf Sisters, Unique Quartette, late of the Primrose & West Minstrels, Alice Gray, phenomenal lady cornetist; Miss Zoa Ball, phenomenal contralto of her race; and last but not least, the world's greatest banjoist and comedian, Al. Reeves, concluding with an up-to-date opera burlette, "America, How Are You?" The show will be entirely clean and unsuggestive throughout. It is a refined one and such as can be attended by ladies without escorts.

SECOND BOILER TEST

CONDEMNED HIGHLAND SCHOOL BOILER STANDS 400 POUNDS PRESSURE.

The second test of the condemned boiler of the Highland school which a so-called expert pronounced unfit for service and dangerous with over five pounds of steam on was made at the city yard Saturday in the presence of several interested spectators and it knocked the statement of the expert into a cocked hat. At a test last week 200 pounds was reached. Saturday the pressure went up to 400 pounds before the supports of the crown heads were started. The boiler is 18 years old, and has thus been shown to be all right for practical use, as is the boiler at the Varnum school.

The judges were the same as before: Engineer Lyman of the Lowell Manufacturing company; F. S. Allen of the Hartford Boiler and Inspection Insurance company; Homer B. Nay, superintendent of motive power at the Lowell Machine shop.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

ENDORSED BY THE POPULISTS.

The executive council of the People's party Saturday adopted the following:

Voted, That the executive committee of the state central committee of the people's party, having been charged with the powers of the state convention for 1898 as to nominations, and the democratic party having, as we think, substantially adopted the principles for which we stand, we therefore deem it inexpedient to make nominations for state officers.

George F. Washburn, Chairman.
D. P. P. Field, Secretary.

HAMILTON GETS SECOND.

The wind-up of the New England Amateur circuit was held Saturday at Hillsgrove track at Providence. A high wind and extreme cold weather prevented fast time. J. F. Ingraham, the Lynnfield fast rider, whom Claude Hamilton of this city, had a chance of defeating, carried off the honors, winning both the mile open and the five mile handicap races. Hamilton, who has been suffering from the results of being fouled by the former at the races in Brockton, over a week ago, was not riding in usual form and the best he could do was to capture third position in the mile open and a very handsome second in the five mile handicap, both men riding from the scratch.

C. F. Keyes sold Saturday for the electric road at Fitchburg, 29 house lots, an average price of $73 per lot. Although the day was cool and stormy, the attendance was very good and the prices were considered good for the new location.

SINGULAR STATEMENT.

From Mrs. Rank to Mrs. Pinkham.

The following letter to Mrs. Pinkham from Mrs. M. RANK, No. 2,354 East Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., is a remarkable statement of relief from utter discouragement. She says:

"I never can find words with which to thank you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me.

"Some years ago I had womb trouble and doctored for a long time, not seeing any improvement. At times I would feel well enough, and other times was miserable. So it went on until last October, I felt something terrible creeping over me, I knew not what, but kept getting worse. I can hardly explain my feelings at that time. I was so depressed in spirits that I did not wish to live, although I had everything to live for. Had hysteria, was very nervous; could not sleep and was not safe to be left alone.

"Indeed, I thought I would lose my mind. No one knows what I endured.

"I continued this way until the last of February, when I saw in a paper a testimonial of a lady whose case was similar to mine, and who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I determined to try it, and felt better after the first dose. I continued taking it, and to-day am a well woman, and can say from my heart, 'Thank God for such a medicine.'"

Mrs. Pinkham invites all suffering women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice. All such letters are seen and answered by women only.

BOND EMBEZZLER CAUGHT.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Oct. 17.—A secret service officer of Montreal has arrested R. A. Beaulieu, a defaulter from the Canadian metropolis. Up to last August Beaulieu was a discount clerk in the Montreal branch of the National Bank of Quebec. When an examination was made of the affairs of the branch by dominion officers it was found that there was a shortage. With the discovery Beaulieu and four other clerks disappeared. When an examination was made of the books had been completed a shortage of several thousand dollars was found. The four others implicated with Beaulieu were easily found and brought back to Montreal, where friends paid their share of the amount taken and the charge was not pressed.

BODY EATEN BY VERMIN.

Worcester, Oct. 17.—George W. Andrews, 37 years old, formerly of New York city, was found in the woods in a terrible condition. He was so weak he was unable to move, and his entire body was covered with vermin, which had eaten his flesh in various places. He was removed to the city hospital, where he died from alcoholism and exhaustion.

Andrews was a member of Munn lodge, F. and A. M., of New York. He had recently been employed by the New England Railroad company as delivery clerk. He had been drinking heavily and left his boarding place last Monday morning. Since that time nothing had been seen of him until his body was found.

STRIKES WILL BE FEWER.

New York, Oct. 17.—All the unions affiliated with the board of walking delegates have ratified the proposed agreement between the organization of employers known as the United Building Trades and the board, whereby sympathetic strikes are to be done away with and all questions in dispute will be settled by an arbitration board composed of an equal number of employers and employes.

This agreement will have no effect on the speculative builders who have an association of their own. It is thought, however, that the speculative builders will take similar action.

WELL KNOWN TO THE POLICE.

Providence, Oct. 17.—George R. Fearnby, alias James B. Allen, who was wanted by the Massachusetts district police for breaking and entering stores in the cape district, was arrested here last night. Fearnby is an alleged expert in silk stealing, and has been wanted by the Massachusetts police since last spring. He is known to the police all over New England, and has been several times in the Maine and Massachusetts state prisons and in the Massachusetts reformatory.

KILLED BY A FALL.

West Warren, Mass., Oct. 17.—Louis S. Conkey and Thomas Lavine of Brookfield were thrown from a carriage Sunday afternoon while driving down a steep hill. Conkey was instantly killed, while Lavine received severe injuries about his head, which rendered him insensible for sometime. Conkey was 33 years old and leaves a widow and two children.

SHOT BY A HEN THIEF.

Fall River, Oct. 17.—Coleman Susmanovitz of this city found Joseph Auclair stealing hens Sunday morning, and in attempting to capture him was shot in the breast. The police succeeded in arresting Auclair, who confessed to the theft and claimed to have parents in Providence. He is 16 years old.

C. F. Keyes will hold his next special sale on Tuesday, Oct. 25. Make your enquiries before Thursday noon for the sale.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

THE FATAL INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL

Taken unsuspectingly in nerve tonics, has sent many a person to a drunkard's grave. This can be avoided by the use of Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, which is made ready by the simple addition of hot water. Nervous Prostration, Nervous Exhaustion, Constipation, Headache and Indigestion are all cured by this wonderful remedy. Call on F. H. Butler, 265 Central and 391 Middlesex street, and get a trial package free. Large package, 25c.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

575 Pieces of New Colored

DRESS GOODS

Are spread upon our counters and shelves today awaiting public inspection and sale. Of this number nearly 200 pieces were added to the stock last week, as the result of an exceedingly favorable purchase and the entire lot will be offered to day in four special lots at prices barely covering the cost of production.

Every New Color, Every New Shade,
Every New Weave Included in This Sale

LOT 1—36 inch Braided Effects, Satin Figured Suitings, and Fancy Jacquards, all in new, desirable fall colorings, a great bargain

At 19c. Per Yard.

LOT 2—40-inch Fancy Mixtures and new weaves in all the new fall shades, an exceptional bargain

At 25c. Per Yard.

LOT 3—36 to 44-inch New Plaids, suitable for Ladies' Waists and Misses' Dresses, in a beautiful range of colorings, positively the best value ever offered

At 50c. Per Yard.

LOT 4—45-inch All-Wool Serges in all the new fall shades, 40-inch Braided Novelties, 40-inch Venetta Mixtures in all the new weaves. These goods were actually made to retail at 75c.,

59c. Per Yard.

AN EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN IN BLACK DRESS GOODS.

FORTY pieces of Black Henrietta, Serges and Brocades, a regular 69c. value.

At 49c. Per Yard.

PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS.

TWENTY pieces of Black Brocade Silks in several different patterns, 18 to 22 inches wide, are extraordinary bargains

At 39c. and 49c. Per Yard.

OUR entire stock of Colored Taffeta Silks, plain and shaded, in every conceivable color,

At 79c. Per Yard.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

BASE BALL.

A meeting of the friends of the players of the Boston base ball team was held Thursday night and arrangements were made for a monster benefit and testimonial to be held at Music Hall, Boston, next Thursday night.

Various sub-committees were appointed and already talent enough has volunteered to make the affair a howling success. In addition to the pleasure of showing appreciation of the great work done by the boys on the ball team, those who go to the benefit will see an entertainment that will certainly surpass anything of the kind before held.

Hon. John F. Dever is chairman of the committee on arrangements and Michael T. Callahan will be stage manager. His Honor Mayor Quincy will be present and will congratulate the boys on behalf of the city of Boston. It is expected that Manager Frank Selee and Captain Hugh Duffy will reply for the boys. They will have to speak, though, as neither of claims to be a "speechifier."

Many prominent business men of the city have entered into the scheme to give the boys a grand reception and C. E. Osgood has agreed to furnish the printed programs.

The tickets will be 50 cents, $1 and $1.50. Every person who buys a ticket not at the box office will be charged $1 and that check when presented at the box office will be good for a $1 ticket. If a person wants a $1.50 ticket, he will have to present the check and 50 cents. Tickets will be for exchange at the box office at Music Hall tomorrow at 10 o'clock.

Charley Lewis is treasurer of the committee and he has kindly been given desk room at the store of C. E. Osgood on Washington street where checks and donations may be sent to him.

The committee of arrangements consists of J. F. Dever, chairman; William Emerson, T. J. Daly, C. E. Osgood, James Murphy "Tom" McCarthy, Dennis Mahoney, Miah Murphy, Robt. Callahan, Thomas J. Bolles, M. J. Sullivan, George Appleton, John Keenan, Charles J. Lavis, John Breen, Joseph Sheehan, M. T. Callahan, M. W. O'Brien, Edward M. Curran, Hugh Devine, Charles Devine, Dr. O'Callahan, Daniel Sullivan, Michael J. Moore, Charles H. Bryant, Joseph Keough, Joseph Hicker, T. F. Galvin, John Drohan, Hon. J. F. Fitzgerald, J. Mitchell Galvin, Peter Conway, Edward Daly, Wilfred J. Doyle, Michael McCreerey, Thomas Donahue, Charles A. Kelley, Bernard Lennon, George Milbank, Daniel J. Kiley, Joseph Maloney, C. James Connelly, John Irwin, William S. McNary, Alexander Hill, William Galvin, Dr. John Treanor, Edward Masterson, Edward F. McLaughlin, Captain William Daly, James Sullivan, Harry Dolan, Edward Gould, Dr. Coolidge, Dr. John Adams, James Russell William Harrison, Hon. Joseph O'Neil, Hon. James A. Gallivan, Frank P. Norton, Arthur Dixwell and John Mahoney.

Coupons to be presented at the box office will be on sale at all the sporting places in the city and suburbs.

Mr. Keyes will return to Fitchburg on Friday and Saturday of this week and sell the balance of the lots.

Charles F. Miles,
FLORIST,
492 MERRIMACK ST. LOWELL.
For the past 11 years with John Oliver.

AN ARRAY

Of Ladies' Shoes made to protect the feet from the inclemency of the weather, which is so prevalent at this time of the year.

They are HAND SEWED SHOES, made from plump Dongola stock, with half double soles and kid tips, very stylish and comfortable. They do away with the annoyance of rubbers.

$3 a Pair.

J. J. LONERGAN.
215 DUTTON ST.

MONEY BRINGS COMFORT

but you must know how to spend it. Get Dows' Headache Powders—3 for only 10c.—and you get head comfort. Instant relief. Never fails. 389 Central St.

E. C. Stanwood & Co.,
Bankers,
121 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.
Investment Bonds.
Lists Sent On Application.

A BEDROOM SUITE

With bevel plate glass, nicely carved bed, fine antique finish, all complete, for

$15.00.

They are all right.

DINING TABLES.

An elegant Solid Oak Polished Top, 6 ft. Extension Table, for only

$5.00.

WOOD STOVES, only $2.50.
OIL STOVES for $3.00.

GAYNOR & CO.
85 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

SEEN BETTER DAYS

There are at least two local papers with less than one-fifth the circulation of THE SUN. They may have seen better days, but the only remnant of their former glory is the high price they charge for advertising.

If the price they ask is a fair one, THE SUN would be justified in asking five times as much, but we do not ask even twice as much. Don't you see why advertising in THE SUN is the cheapest in Lowell?

THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two papers in the city. It is in every respect

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

The Bostons have won the national base ball championship by a season of hard and honest work by which they did much to popularize and elevate the national game in the face of many obstacles.

Mayor Ramsdell of Lynn has been nominated for congress in the seventh district and will make a gallant battle for victory. His friends predict that he will be a member of the next congress.

We are to have a number of vassal states, including Hawaii, Porto Rico, and Cuba, with the possibility of the Philippines coming in later, but only the possibility, for the United States has thus far captured only a single city of a territory that has a population of fifteen millions.

The city of Holyoke is greatly excited over the discovery that Tax Collector Keough has defrauded the city to the amount of $18,000. It is probable that his bondsmen will have to settle a large amount. The examination of the books shows that Mr. Keough had the privilege of doing as he pleased with the city's money. Holyoke has learned a valuable lesson although the experience is not likely to bring an immediate return.

Speaking of the democratic nominees on the state ticket, the Lawrence Tribune says:

"Lawrence should roll up a large majority for the democratic candidate for governor. Party considerations do not weigh so much as local pride. If Lawrence should not substantially appreciate the honor conferred by his nomination, it might be many a long day before a similar honor would come this way. Again, if Mr. Bruce's own city should give his candidacy ample recognition the fact would be of advantage to the city in many ways."

Not only as a question of local but of party pride will Lowell give its loyal support to the entire ticket. Apart from local pride, there is ample reason for supporting the democratic ticket, when we consider that by outrageous gerrymanders the republican legislature has practically disfranchised half the voters of the state, so that a one-sided General Court can pass whatever measures the lobbyists demand and stand against all measures that would benefit the masses.

DRAW THE CURTAIN.

Nothing can show the farcical character of the war investigation more clearly than the fact that whenever a witness states a fact that would reflect upon the war department, the commissioners at once become indignant; they catechize the witness in the most merciless manner and endeavor to disconcert him or else make him retract. This was peculiarly noticeable in the treatment of Dr. Seaman, who made some plain statements which the commission did not like. It is useless to carry the farce any further. Give up the whitewashing game and go home, gentlemen. Nobody expects an honest report.

THE MAIL'S QUIBBLING.

The Sun again protests against discussion of national issues like the silver question and the policy of expansion. Indeed we thought from what Mr. Flynn had to say in opposition to the republican party's attitude on these questions that he was quite willing to make his campaign along these lines. Evidently the democracy has heard something drop.—Mail.

The Sun has never protested against the discussion of the silver question or the proposition to restore the money of the constitution but what The Sun has protested against is the evident intention to delude the people by promising a speedy return of prosperity from the outlet for trade from the Philippines. The Philippines have not yet been taken by the United States, and if they had been there is no just ground for assuming that the Philippine market will bring back prosperity to this country. Such a prediction would be as preposterous and delusive as the promises of business revival made by the Mail, Mr. Knox, President McKinley, and all the republican shouters in the fall of 1896. McKinley's election did not bring back prosperity and it is foolishness to suppose that the future acquisition of the Philippines will afford the United States a market for surplus products.

The Van Wyckes seem to have a great graft on New York. If Judge Van Wyck should happen to be elected governor of New York, then he and his brother will be a very important power, considering the large number of people they represent. The Van Wyckes are born democrats and it was this fact that led to the selection of Judge Van Wyck as a candidate for governor while his brother rules the Greater New York.

THE MAIL'S OPPORTUNITY.

The Lawrence Tribune has answered the Lowell Mail's criticism of Senator Flynn as follows:

"The Lowell Mail wants to know what Senator Flynn has done that he should be sent to congress. It is a fair question. Mr. Flynn has been instrumental in having beneficent laws placed upon the statute book of Massachusetts. He has given the governor of the state the cue for a ringing veto of the Whitney gas bill—that gigantic conspiracy to control the gas interests of the state. He has placed the manufacturers of Massachusetts on record as not caring to have their books and papers examined while pleading poverty and cutting down the meagre wages of their helpless employes.

"It is a fair question to ask the Lowell Mail what Congressman Knox has done in the interest of the people of this district during the four years he served in congress.

REPORT OF DEATHS.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 15.

6—Thomas J. Higgins, 27, typhoid fever.
7—Anna Lynn, 65, heart disease.
8—Ruth E. Goldsmith, 50, old age.
Ann Baxter, 87, apoplexy.
Mary Knefsey, 40, nephritis.
Jennie E. Lyons, 29, pneumonia.
Katie T. Gill, 11, cephritis.
Arthur Garlick, 10, disease of vertebrae.
—— Coyle, 20 minutes, atalectasis.
9—Samuel Blood, 77, intestinal obstruction.
John A. Roe, 16, pneumonia.
Edward McNamara, 30, pneumonia.
Florence Leblanc, 1, chol. inft.
Yvonne Parent, 1, enteritis.
Joseph U. Desforges, 4 mos., diarrhoea.
Mary Leblanc, 18 days, scrofula.
10—William H. Parker, 81, heart disease.
Belsey A. Jones, 71, paralysis.
Patrick Hart, 69, paresis.
John F. Williams, 48, acute cardiac dilatation.
Henry W. Dixon, 42, suicide.
Michael Valleley, 41, phthisis.
Patrick E. Donahue, 28, peritonitis.
Mary C. Ginty, 20, consumption.
Mary Wholey, 19, typhoid fever.
Earl Oakes, 1, bronchitis.
Dora Fury, 1, tuberculosis.
Edward Hulslander, 2 mos., bronchitis.
11—Eliza A. Wescott, 78, apoplexy.
Jean B. Page, 19, gastro-enteritis.
Jason F. Greenleaf, 1, whooping cough.
Leo Mahan, 7 mos., bronchitis.
Martin A. Archambault, 4 mos., marasmus.
12—Elizabeth Farrell, 43, bronchitis.
Marie A. Rocheville, 1, brain disease.
John McCarthy, 10 mos., enteritis.
George A. Chouinard, 3 mos., chol. inft.
13—Asahel Davis, 80, acter senilis.
Marie Lalamme, 70, senility.
Henry Woods, 29, endocarditis.
Henry Keerin, 16, phthisis.
Hannah McCarty, 16, peritonitis.
Camille Lanoix, 7, nephritis.
Joseph Smith, 4, heart disease.
14—Henry Stewart, 6 mos., whooping cough.
Arthur Rondeau, 2 mos., chol. inft.

Girard P. Dadman,
City Clerk.

COLLINSVILLE.

The Jolly Eight club of Collinsville will hold their annual concert and ball at Willow Dale, November 4, this year. John Laffey, the well known club swinger, has been elected general manager. It will be remembered by those who were to attend last year that the old pavilion at Willow Dale where the the dance was to have been held, was burned to the ground in the afternoon of the Jolly Eight evening. This time, however, the managers report that there will be nothing to burn but fun.

The closing of Willow Dale and Lakeview deprives the younger residents of the pleasure of the every evening dance.

A good story is going the rounds about a certain young man who attended one of the social functions of the town and became too interested about the time the last "cabboss" was leaving for a spot on the map which is four miles distant from here, and was almost obliged to go a "Paul Revere walk" at midnight. The incident occurred some time ago but it is still fresh in the memory of those who know of it.

The Collinsville football eleven are seeking an acquisition to their team. In Jimmy Shines they will find a good strong man.

The social season will soon be inaugurated at the club house. All remember the good old dances enjoyed there.

A bowling club will soon be formed by James Rogers and Frank Kiernan for the purpose of entering in a Low-All tournament.

The Juniper Juniors, whose dances were thoroughly enjoyed last season, will soon reorganize for '98-99. James Doherty presided at last year's meeting and it is probable that he will be reelected.

Harry Burke, the local Sun agent, is doing a hustling business. He has had the agency for more than a year and is rapidly increasing his list of subscribers.

CRISP GOSSIP.

If the gentleman who is making evening calls in School and Grove streets should find a door unfastened I wonder what he would do. Most likely he would enter uninvited, but then he might be welcome in some homes. If he would confide in some of our poor, tired policemen and tell them what he is trying to discover, in the homes of that locality, those same tired policemen might be able to assist him.

I met Tom Ramsay of the Belvidere last night just out after a few days' illness. "I tell you," he said, "every soldier who comes home suffering from malaria should have a pension. He will need it to pay his doctor's bills if nothing else, for malaria is a disease that you can hardly ever completely overcome. It may let up for a year or so but it is sure to come back and hang on and on. I know its peculiar tenacity" said he with an air of personal knowledge that reminded me that he himself had contracted the disease many years ago and that he still suffers from it at irregular intervals.

A Tempter

of fickle appetites, a builder of muscles and nerves, a healthful, digestible, economical aid to every meal, between meals and for picnics and excursions.

Favorite MILK BISCUIT. Sold everywhere. Made only by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

COLD BLOODED CRIME

Man and His Four Children Found Butchered.

Bodies Were Mutilated With an Axe—Wife and Mother Missing and Suspected—Gold Seeker Recovers Absconding Bride and Stolen Fortune.

Winnipeg, Oct. 17.—A Dominion City dispatch says that a cold blooded butchery took place in the Galician settlement, east of there, sometime Saturday night. A Galician and his four children were found dead in their house by a neighbor.

The wife is missing, and is suspected to be guilty of the crime. The weapon used was an ax. The man's head was nearly severed from his body, and the children's bodies were more or less mutilated. It is understood the man and woman had frequently quarrelled.

Comptroller Tracewell of the treasury department has decided that postoffice inspectors are entitled to a per diem of $4 for expenses only when on duty outside of offices, as the law provides that they shall be actually engaged in the field in order to obtain such allowance. Before the act of congress, which went into operation July 1, inspectors received the per diem for every day they were on duty no matter what the character.

A HAPPY KLONDIKER.

New York, Oct. 17.—Charles Van Alstine, a Klondike miner, whose bride of a few months ran away and led him a lively chase across the sea, is again on American soil. Mrs. Van Alstine is with him.

Van Alstine "struck it rich" in the Klondike and sold out his interest in a claim for a neat $50,000 and started back home. He met a woman of whom he knew little beyond the fact that she lived in San Francisco, and married her. They came to this city, and he intrusted his wealth, consisting mainly of drafts, to her. She took a steamer for England as soon as possible. Detectives traced her there, and her husband followed after her. There was a reconciliation in London, and the western man got his money back.

PEACE AND PROPERTY

Must come soon. Until the war is ended we have concluded to bear our share of the war tax by putting our ROCHESTER LAGER at the

Ante Bellum Price,

$1.25 per case of 24 bottles. A large invoice of fresh beer just in.

JOHN M. PEVEY,
65-67 MIDDLE STREET.
Tel. 452-3.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.

25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, SS.

PROBATE COURT.

To PATRICK MAHONEY, executor of the will of MICHAEL HAYES, late of Billerica, in said county of Middlesex, deceased.

You are licensed to sell, at public auction, at any time within one year from the date hereof, the following described parcel of real estate of said deceased for the payment of his debts and charges of administration, to wit: 1. A parcel of land situated in Carlisle, in said county, being shown on plan of land entitled "Plan of the Parker Farm as surveyed for Evans Cushing, Geo. H. Robbins, Surveyor," bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone bound at the northwesterly corner of the premises at land now or formerly of said MICHAEL HAYES, thence running southerly on said Hayes' land 20 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly 5 rods to an angle; thence southerly 9 1-2 rods to an angle; thence in the same course 7 1-5 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly 11 rods to an angle; thence still in the same course 5 2-5 rods to a corner at land of one Brown; thence southeasterly along said Brown land 36 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly along said Brown land 15 rods to an angle; thence southwesterly along said Brown land and land of one Hildreth 26 rods to an angle; thence westerly along said last named land 11 3-4 rods to an angle; thence southerly along said last named land 11 rods to an angle; thence still in the same course 22 2-5 rods to the road leading from said Carlisle to Lowell in said county; thence running easterly, southeasterly and northeasterly along said road as shown on said plan to an angle; thence running northeasterly along said road 35 1-5 rods to an angle; thence still in the same direction 7 2-5 rods to a stone bound at land of one Hayes, supposed; thence northwesterly along last named land 24 rods to an angle; thence northeasterly 13 1-4 rods to an angle; thence still in the same course 10 rods to an angle; thence northerly 22 rods to an angle; thence northeasterly 12 rods to an angle still on said Hayes' land; thence northwesterly along said last named land 54 rods to an angle; thence northwesterly 6 3-4 rods to a stone bound to the point of beginning. Containing 37 acres, more or less. 2. Also a certain other lot of land containing 100 acres, more or less, with the buildings thereon situated in the southwest part of said Billerica, divided into two pieces and described as follows: The first piece contains 101 acres, bounded, beginning at the northeast corner, thence southerly on the Triple Core Brook, so called, about 60 rods as the road runs to a corner of the wall at land of the late Jonas Parker; thence northwesterly on said Parker's land about 25 rods to the corner of a wall; thence northerly on said Parker's land and land of the heirs of D. P. Winning to a corner; thence northwesterly on the wall on said heirs' land about 25 rods, more or less, to land of Stephen J. Nickless; thence northerly on said Nickless' land to the road leading by the dwelling house on the premises; thence on said road easterly to a point opposite said house; thence across said road nearly at right angles on land of Joel Dix about 6 rods to the corner of the wall; thence easterly on said Dix land to a corner of a wall thereon; southerly about 6 rods and across said road to a point opposite the easterly corner of the house; thence on said road again easterly to the point of beginning. The second piece contains about 80 acres, situated in the northerly part of said Carlisle, bounded: Beginning at the northeast corner thereof at land of the late Jonas Parker and heirs of D. P. Winning; thence southerly as the wall now stands on land of said Parker to the corner of the wall about 90 rods; thence westerly on said Parker land about 50 rods to a stake and stone at land now or late of W. Richardson; thence northerly on said Richardson land about 77 rods to a stake and stones at land of Asa Nickless; thence easterly on said Nickless land about 60 rods to the point of beginning.

You are required to give public notice of the time and place of such sale, by publishing a notification thereof once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell and, within one year after such sale, return your affidavit of having given such notice, with a copy thereof, to the Probate Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, at Cambridge, this sixth day of September, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

—S. H. Folsom, Register.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamers)
S.S. "CANADA" (New)
3000 Tons, has been appointed to sail as follows:
THURSDAY, SEPT. 22, 1:30 P. M.
S. S. New England
THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 3:30 P. M.
ST. LAWRENCE SERVICE.
Steamers from Montreal every Thursday.
Saloon passage $75 and upwards, according to location and season.
Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $42.50; return $78.50; Steerage Passage $25.
For passage, plans and information apply to the company's office, 115 State Street, Boston, or in Lowell to
Dennis Murphy, Agt., 18 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen streets; F. B. Lewis, 5 Bridge street, O. A. Horneton, 780 Gorham street.

DRAWING SCHOOL MATERIALS

W. T. S. BARTLETT
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
753 Merrimack Street.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. Safe, reliable. Ladies ask druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies" in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Sold by all Local Druggists.
CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER
Is a positive and perfectly safe cure for baldness. NO DYE.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Merchants and Travelling Men
having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at
Hotel Albert, New York,
COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
[One block from Broadway cars.]
Rooms, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.
Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district.
Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.,
is the ONLY FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS and SHORTHAND TRAINING SCHOOL in this part of New England, nearer than Boston and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

BREVOORT HOUSE
NEW YORK,
Homelike Hotel of Envious Reputation.
FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.
The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unequalled for business and sight-seeing, all the cable and rapid transit lines passing within two blocks of the door.
The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.
The regular tariff charge for each person will be: European Plan, $1 and upwards, American Plan, $3 and upwards.
JAMES & MEYER, Props.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Three Nights Commencing Monday, October 17, Matinee Wednesday.
Al. Reeves' BIG BURLESQUE CO.
Of 25—Whites—25 and 25 Blacks—25.
Presenting Comedy, Vaudeville, Minstrel, Opera and Burlesque. All New Scenery and Grand Electrical Effects.
Oct. 20, 21 and 22, with Saturday Matinee, the Mastodonic Burlesque Company of the Twentieth Century, the
BUTTERFLY BURLESQUERS!
28—Handsome Ladies—28.
10—Great Comedians—10.
10—Strong Specialties—10.
Beautiful Wardrobe.
New and Elegant Scenery.

BIJOU THEATRE
Merrimack Street, Opposite City Hall.
Polite vaudeville. Continuous show from 1 to 5.10 and 7 to 10.30 p. m. Admission:—All down stairs 10c., gallery 5c. Ladies 5c. to any seat.

Expenses of Living Must Be Kept Down
We will help you. To commence with, we quote you a few prices which cannot help to draw you to our store. For 25c. you can buy
2 lbs. Round Steak, or
4 qts. Cranberries.
4 Glasses Mustard.
20 lb s. Sweet Potatoes.
Half Bushel Beets.
Half Bushel Turnips.
3 lbs. Frankfurts.
3 lbs. Sausages.
3 lbs. Bologna.
Best Sirloin Steak 15c. to 20c. lb.
Roast Beef from 5c. to 12c. lb. Leg Lamb 12c. lb.
Central Cash Market, Cor. Central Charles Sts.

COME OVER AND LEAVE COAL
Your Order With
WM. E. LIVINGSTON
15 Thorndike Street,
WHERE THERS OFTEN WOOD DEAL

BAY STATE Dye House
Poverty is no crime, but to be a penny wise and a pound foolish is what most of the people are and if they were not they would not throw their old clothes away when they are not half worn out, and this applies to the ladies as well as gents.
Now what we wish to say is that we know just where you can save dimes and often dollars by bringing your old winter clothing to the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
54 Prescott Street.
and when we get done with them they will look almost as good as new. Just give them a trial order and you will feel like thanking us for our advice.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the

TAX LIST FOR 1898,

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes, Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.

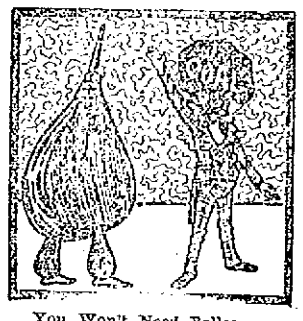
All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.



You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
FRANK BARNARD.
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
JAMES CALNIN.
D. T. FINNEGAN.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice, For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 162 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewell G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6.625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans and Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Wilde and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St., Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

DR. DONEHUE, Runels Building.
DENTIST.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neatsfoot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty
44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

THE SUN EXTRA!

6 O'CLOCK

PRIVATE D. C. WILLIAMSON, Who Returned Home Saturday Night

AQUINALDO'S VIEWS

In Relation to the Situation in the Philippines.

Given Out by His Representative Before the Peace Commissioners—Filipinos Have a Recognized Government and Want Independence.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Philippino Agoncillo, the representative of Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader of the Philippine Islands, was interviewed here today by the correspondent of the Associated Press. Agoncillo has engaged apartments at the Hotel Continental, on the same floor as the rooms occupied by the United States commissioners. He is desirous of seeing them and placing Aguinaldo' views of the future of the Philippines before our commissioners.

"Would the Philippinos accept annexation or a protectorate of the United States?" was asked. He answered:

"We want independence, but the Filipinos have a recognized government of which Aguinaldo is president and it will determine our attitude towards a protectorate or annexation."

"Should the United States take all or part of the Philippines, would the Filipinos fight the United States as they have fought Spain?"

"I cannot answer without possible error but I think it would be most unwise in the United States to divide the Philippines. They should take all or none."

"If the United States gives up the Philippine Islands, will the Filipinos continue to fight the Spanish?"

"I think so."

"Is it true that the Filipinos do not object to the continuance of the native priests?"

"Yes."

"And what of the orders—religious—would the Filipinos accept any peace with the United States and Spain which did not provide for the expulsion of the orders?"

"The presence and acts of the orders were the chief determining cause of the insurrection. It would be impossible for the Filipinos to become reconciled with Spain. We have vainly and repeatedly sought the rights of citizenship, employing all legal means and we have risen in insurrection twelve times in a century to secure them and we are now enjoying them. Peace is only possible under any government by the abolishment of the orders, which as I have said were the chief determining cause of the abuses and oppression and therefore the rebellions."

Agoncillo, contrary to the generally accepted version of his visit to the United States, says he has not come here to seek a hearing before the commission but to learn the determination of the commissioners regarding the Philippine Islands and to communicate it to Aguinaldo. Agoncillo thus far has not communicated with our commission and the Spanish committee, while unwilling naturally to summon Agoncillo, is exceedingly anxious to know what representations, if any, he will make to the Americans.

The American commissioners held their usual morning session today and entered upon the sixth joint session at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

A SAD MISSION

Chief Clerk Fireng Departs for England.

HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER PERISHED ON MOHEGAN.

After Escaping From the Bourgogne Disaster.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Secretary Long today granted thirty days' leave of absence with permission to leave the United States to Mr. J. F. Fireng, chief clerk of the Naval Pay Office, at New York.

There is a pathetic story behind this action. Last summer the wife and daughter of Mr. Fireng engaged passage on the ill-fated French steamer La Bourgogne which was wrecked off Newfoundland, but just before her departure from New York, they fortunately concluded to make the ocean voyage by another line. After spending the summer in Europe they engaged passage for home on a French liner but at the last moment changed their minds in favor of the English steamer Mohegan and were among the number who perished on the rocks off The Lizard Friday night.

Mr. Fireng's mission is to endeavor to recover the bodies of his wife and daughter and bring them to the United States for interment.

YELLOW FEVER REPORTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The following additional official reports regarding yesterday's developments in the yellow fever situation were received by Acting Surgeon General Billhache of the Marine Hospital service today:

Jackson, 8 new cases; Oxford, 1 new case, one death; Edwards, four white and one negro case; Yazoo City, six new "foci" Harriston, twelve new cases; Poplarville, two; Tongaloo, one.

A dispatch from Meridian reports one case of yellow fever discovered and says guards have been placed around it. A light frost occurred there Saturday night.

THE SIXTH DIVIDEND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The comptroller of currency has declared a sixth dividend in favor of the creditors of the shareholders of the Dover National bank of Dover, N. H.

A SILK THIEF

Arrested in Providence is Wanted Here

FOR ALLEGED BURGLARY IN BILLERICA CENTRE.

Alleged Dishonest Watchman Under Arrest.

The following dispatch from Providence, R. I., tells of the arrest of a noted silk thief who is wanted here as follows:

"George R. Fearaby, alias James B. Allen, who was wanted by the Massachusetts district police for breaking and entering in the cape district, was arrested here tonight.

Fearaby is an expert in silk stealing and has been wanted by the Massachusetts police since late last spring. He was located here by the Providence detective force and will be taken to Massachusetts to answer to the complaints of A. B. Hoges of Taunton and A. B. Letesley of Hyannis. Fearaby has a long criminal record. He is known to the police all over New England and has several times been in the Maine and Massachusetts state prisons and the Massachusetts reformatory."

On December 28, 1895, the store of John E. Bull of Billerica was entered and several hundred dollars worth of goods, principally silk, were taken. The selectmen offered a reward of $200 for the arrest of the burglars. Chief of Police Martin Conway, Jr., investigated the case and was convinced that Fearaby, whose right name is James B. Allen, had a hand in it, although he could not locate him. He will now work up a case against him.

Allen's picture is No. 193 in the local rogues' gallery. He is a native of Montreal and was a medical student when first arrested in Montreal in 1895.

FEARBY IN BOSTON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 17.—George R. Fearby, alias James B. Allen, who was arrested at Providence, R. I., last night by State Officer S. F. Letteow on the charge of breaking and entering and larceny, and who is wanted in this state, New Hampshire and Maine, on charges of robbing silk and millinery stores during the past year and a half, was brought to this city on the 12.02 train today.

Fearby has served time in the Massachusetts reformatory, the Massachusetts state prison, from which he was released in 1896, and also at Portland, Me. At present he is under indictment by the Essex county grand jury. There are four counts against him in this state and it is expected that several more will be brought.

It is said that Fearby was recently married at Pawtucket, R. I., and with his wife was boarding in Providence. In his room was found considerable property which the police think is stolen, Mrs. Fearby claims to have no knowledge of her husband's alleged criminal career.

STOCKINGS STOLEN.

Officer John W. Fox made a clever capture Sunday morning which led to another arrest later in the day. While near Davis Square about 6 o'clock, he noticed two suspicious looking men coming towards him and stopped them. They declined to state where they had been. Then the officer opened their coats, and a couple of boxes of stockings fell out. They were placed under arrest and gave their names as James Duff, 29 years, of Gorham street, and Edward D. Quinlan, 23 years, of Central street. They claimed that a watchman at the Shaw hosiery gave them the stockings.

The officers investigated their story and as a result, arrested William McLean, aged 31 years, residing on Main street on the charge of larceny. He is a watchman at the hosiery and admitted having given Quinlan and Duff stockings on several occasions for liquor and other things.

GRAND JURY TODAY.

The grand jury will meet at the new court house this forenoon to act on criminal cases brought before it. They will probably report their findings the latter part of the week.

QUIETED A DISTURBANCE.

Officers Clements and Cawley visited a house of Charles street Sunday morning where a disturbance was going on and quieted the locality by arresting on the charge of drunkenness Ellen J. Sullivan, Clara Burke, alias Hamilton, Hannah McNamara, Angeline Howe, Della Caulfil.

LIQUOR SEIZURE.

Officers Donaldson and Bumps made a descent upon a house in Little Canada Sunday and seized a quantity of liquor. They arrested Claude and Joseph Vassilion on the charge of illegally keeping liquor.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

The following officers of the Girls' battalion were appointed by Mrs. Huntley:

Majors, Edith Richardson and Martha McMahon. Captain Company A, Miss Florence Gray; 1st Lieut. Co. A, Miss Harriet Whittaker; 2nd Lieut. Co. A, Miss Stevenson.

Captan Co. B, Miss Bessie Adams; 1st Lieut. Co. B, Miss Lora Conant; 2nd Lieut. Co. B, Miss Parker.

Captain Co. C, Miss Alice Livingstone; 1st Lieut. Co. B, Miss Ella Collins; 2nd Lieut. Co. B, Miss Farrell.

Captain Co. D, Miss Mabel Walsh; 1st Lieut. Co. D, Miss Katherine Maskella.

MAY RECOVER.

P. F. Cunningham is rapidly regaining his strength at St. John's hospital. Upon his arrival at the hospital on the day he was burned, it was thought that he would die, but now his condition is becoming much better and great hopes are being entertained for his recovery.

MANY SAD SCENES

When News of the Mohegan Reached London

RELATIVES OF THE VICTIMS FLOCKED TO FALMOUTH.

Robbers Strip the Dead of Valuables.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 17.—The distressing scenes witnessed at the office here of the Atlantic Transport company when the news of the wreck of the steamer Mohegan near the Lizard first became known to those who had friends or relatives aboard, were renewed this morning. There were many weeping women present, several with infants in their arms appealing for news of the missing. Most of them were the wives of members of the crew. Some of them went away still hoping that their husbands had escaped, but the majority gave way to despair.

SCENES AT FALMOUTH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Falmouth, Eng., Oct. 17.—Relatives and friends of victims of the Mohegan disaster are arriving here by every train. They proceed to St. Keverine through the heavy rain and over sodden roads to identify the remains that are lying in the church of St. Keverine where many heartrending scenes have been witnessed.

Terrific weather has been prevailing on the east coast of Great Britain. There have been several wrecks and rescues of crews.

The life boat belonging to Cambois, Northumberland, was overturned while proceeding to the rescue of the crew of a French ketch. The life boat crew with the exception of one man, who was drowned, were rescued by the rocket apparatus.

A dispatch to the Star from Falcouth says cruel robbery of the dead has been perpetrated by unknown parties. An American, Dr. Fallows, according to the correspondent, tucked a bundle of £50 notes into his breast, when the Mohegan struck. His body was subsequently found, but the notes were missing. Several of them were put in circulation on Sunday and the police are investigating the matter.

PARIS STRIKE.

IS OVER AND THE TROOPS ARE WITHDRAWN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 17.—The building strike is entirely ended and the troops have withdrawn from the yards and other places in which they have been stationed since disturbances were threatened.

RECEIVES DEGREE.

PRESIDENT McKINLEY MADE AN LL.D. BY CHICAGO UNIVERSITY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 17.— President McKinley arose at 8 o'clock, after enjoying a good night's rest. He expressed himself as feeling greatly refreshed after his rest of yesterday and last night Mrs. McKinley left her room shortly afterwards and together with Captain McWilliam's family enjoyed a hearty breakfast. It was arranged for the presidential party to leave Captain McWilliam's house at 11.30 for the university, where President McKinley attired in cap and gown should receive the degree of LL.D. The party was escorted to the university by 150 cadets from the Culver military academy who formed at the president's carriage until the university was reached. There President McKinley took lunch with President Harper of the university, preceeding the chief event of the day, the conferring upon the president of the degree of doctor of laws.

POLICE COURT.

Today was visitors day and a full house of out-of-town drunks were heard. There were 29 drunks, of which 11 were fined $1, six $5 and one $3. One was lucky enough to be released.

Seven women offenders were present. Sentences to the state farm for indefinite terms were passed upon Ellen J. Sullivan, Arthur Harvey of Crescent City, Antonie Brosseau, Jeremiah Sullivan, Angeline Howe and Edward Allen.

Patrick McManus, attired in the uniform of a union soldier, was fined $1 for drunkenness. "I haven't the dollar to pay" he replied to the clerk, and speaking further he told the court he had just arrived in Lowell from the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, Mich., and had served in the civil war. On mention of the latter, a young corporal of Co. M, who had seen service in Santiago, immediately paid the fine of the veteran, saying that although he had never seen the offender before, he was willing to aid a man who fought under the United States flag.

John A. O'Brien, for drunkenness, paid $10.

Hannah McNamara one of the party of carousers arrested by Officers Clements and Cawley, was sent to the workhouse for one month.

After a few words of advice a French boy named Ducharme, aged 17 years, was released by the court. Ducharme was arrested yesterday by Officer Breault in a drunken stupor on Moody street.

AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Constantinople, Oct. 17.—The Imperial yacht Hohenzollern with the Emperor and Empress of Germany on board arrived in the Straits of the Dardanelles with her escorts this morning. She was saluted by the forts and crew of the Turkish warship Izzieddin and other Turkish vessels cheered her. The Germans responded.

REV. DR. ALEXANDER BLACKBURN, a Former Lowell Pastor Who Goes to Portland, Oregon.

Yesterday Rev. Dr. Alexander Blackburn tendered his resignation as pastor of the First Baptist church, Cambridgeport. He has held the pastorate with much success for six years. Dr. Blackburn closes his Cambridge work to accept the pastorate of the First Baptist church of Portland, Ore. Dr. Blackburn six years ago came to Cambridge from Lowell, where he had filled a pastorate for about six years. He served in the civil war, being past state department chaplain of the G. A. R.

FELL FROM TREE

Probable Fatal Accident to Edward Morse

ONE OF NORTH BILLERICA'S LEADING RESIDENTS.

Acoident Occurred at So. Billerica Yesterday.

Edward Morse, one of North Billerica's most popular young men and secretary of the Mathew Institute of No Billerica, met with an accident yesterday afternoon at South Billerica which it is feared will prove fatal.

In company with Mr. Fred Hannon, also of North Billerica, Mr. Morse went to South Billerica yesterday afternoon for the purpose of gathering chestnuts.

They had arrived at their destination and Mr. Morse had ascended a tree when suddenly the limb upon which he had climbed gave way and he fell to the ground, striking on his head.

He was picked up in an unconscious condition by Mr. Hannon and taken to the home of Colonel Fowler where he remained unconscious all night and up to the time of this writing.

It is feared that he sustained a fracture of the skull.

FUNERALS.

HOWE—The funeral of Aaron P. Howe took place Saturday afternoon from his home 36 Elliott street. Burial was in the Edson cemetery. The bearers were George H. Capron, E. F. Hoole, Samuel Smith and Dr. J. F. Burdick. Services were held at the residence, Rev. Smith T. Ford officiating.

KEARIN—The funeral of Henry Kearin took place Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. At St. Peter's church, services were conducted by Rev. Fr. McKenna. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery. The bearers were William Jordon, John Smith, Sylvester Riley, Michael Hederman, George Santry and James Lyons. Among the floral tributes were: Pillow inscribed "Brother," sisters of the deceased; a spray of 16 roses representing the age of the deceased, Miss Lizzie Guthrie, and a spray of pinks from a friend.

WOODS—The remains of the late Henry Woods who died Thursday at his home, 108 Common street were interred in the Catholic cemetery, Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The funeral took place from the late home of the deceased and services were held at St. Patrick's church, Rev. John J. McHugh officiating. Prominent among the floral pieces were pillows inscribed "At Rest," "Cousin," from the family and Mary E. Woods, respectively. The bearers were James McLaun, John Downs, Anthony Cunningham, Frank Cunningham, James Winn and Thos. Kilkenny.

GOLDEN—The funeral services of Luke Golden, who died Saturday at his home, 37 West Fifth street, were held this morning at 9 o'clock at St Michael's church, Rev. Fr. Roland officiating. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. The bearers were John McCurtell, John Henry, James Lynch, Fred Healey, and Frank Golden.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

About 20 young friends of Miss May Gildee were entertained at a birthday party at the latter's home, 11 Milk street Saturday. The event was in celebration of Miss Gildee's seventh birthday. Vocal solos were rendered by Misses Rose Duff and Mary A. Connell and George Duff, Leo Morris and James McMahon. Misses Mamie McCare, Grace Fee and May Golden received the guests and were assisted by the parents of the little hostess. Miss Flossie Driscoll poured. Miss Gildee was the recipient of a large number of handsome presents.

A. A. Craig of Centralville is another republican candidate for truant commissioner to fill the vacancy caused by the death of John F. Williams.

THE FIFTH WEEK

Of the Great Lasters' Strike Is on.

MASS MEETINGS ARE HELD EVERY DAY.

Leaders Have a New Plan to Operate.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brockton, Mass., Oct. 17.—The fifth week of the lasters' strike in southeastern Massachusetts was begun this morning and according to the press committee of the conference committee, the end is not in sight. The men continue to hold mass meetings every day and most of them are largely attended. The district conference also meets every night. The officials give out very little information. It is thought, however that the strike is rapidly approaching a very critical time. The most sanguine of the labor leaders claim that they have a plan in waiting that will bring victory to them in a very short time. The men are very anxious to know what been enlightened.

The boot and shoe workers' unions of central Massachusetts had a convention yesterday at Worcester and discussed the situation in Brockton and the southeastern part of the state. It has been suggested that the unions throughout the state are likely to make this strike universal in order if possible, to force the Brockton manufacturers to settle their differences with the union.

It was to talk over this matter that the convention was called and representatives from Worcester, Hudson, Natick, Marlboro, South Framingham, Medway, Milford, Westboro, North Brookfield, East Brookfield, West Brookfield, North Grafton were present. The organizations were represented by about 25 delegates. The convention was in session for more than two hours and at the conclusion nothing was given out officially for publication. In some of the towns represented, it is said, definite action is likely to be taken in regard to strikes during the week. J. H. Murray of Marlboro, vice president of the State Federation of Labor, and P. J. Byrne and D. P. Dorsey issued the call for the convention. Adjournment was taken until next Sunday at Worcester.

STATE BOARD AWARDS.

The state board of education has announced the scholarships in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for 1898-99. Among the awards, each senatorial district being given one full or two half scholarships, are the following:

Frederick Henry Sexton, Billerica, half; Henry Robbins Gilson, Groton, half; Henry Abbott Ferrin, Lowell half; Harald Baker Mayhew, Tisbury, half.

GUANTANOMO BAY

WILL FURNISH A GOOD COALING STATION FOR U. S.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 17.—So far as the navy department is concerned, nothing is known of any protest from any one in Cuba, either authorized or unauthorized, against the establishment of a coaling station at Guantanamo Bay. About a month ago, Captain Goodrich, then the senior officer on the station, being unwilling to subject the government to the considerable charges involved in keeping coaling schooners lying in the harbor asked permission to have the vessels land their coal and relieve the government of the demurrage. The government authorized him to proceed if he could find a tract of land open to such use. He did find such a tract and landed his coal and the department regards it as singular that objections should be made to this action in view of the fact that the United States government now holds all of the public buildings and preoperty in Santiago, Manzanillo, and other Cuban cities without objection.

AN ACTOR DEAD

E. J. Henley Succumbed to Consumption.

MADE FAMOUS IN PUDDINHEAD WILSON.

He Wife is Mrs. Bertram an Opera Singer.

New York, Oct. 17.—A dispatch to The World from Lake Placid, N. Y., says: "E. J. Henley, the well-known actor, died here from tuberculosis. He had been here for sometime on account of ill-health, but had been seriously ill only a few days.

E. J. HENLEY.

"Mr. Henley was born in England in 1861. He appeared on the American stage in a number of productions, one of them being 'Puddenhead Wilson.' His widow is Helen Bertram, the opera singer."

PLOT OF ANARCHISTS.

London, Oct. 17.—The Alexandria correspondent of The Daily Mail, telegraphing regarding the anarchistic plot against Emperor William, which was discovered on Friday, says: "The plot against the kaiser is hourly proven more important, each arrest disclosing new ramifications. The documents found disclose a plot to kill King Humbert, already well matured. Fifteen persons, all Italians, have been arrested. The original plan was to throw a bomb of guncotton and fulminate of mercury on Emperor William's carriage in a narrow street of Cairo."

THE UNIVERSAL IDEAL.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Rev. Dr. Harcourt of Baltimore delivered a lecture Sunday on "Our Place Among the Nations." He said in part: "The birth of the American republic was a wonderful event in the world's history. It had in it the promise of a great and glorious future. The age in which it was born was an age of expectancy.

"For 90 days we have been at war with a nation without a conscience, without a principle; with the fag end of a race that once had in it the promise of greatness and glory. Once Spain owned a larger part of Europe and the greater part of America; but her oppressions, cruelty and injustice have reduced her to less than a fourth rate power; indeed she seems now to be in the very agonies of dissolution. The victory we have gained over Spain, properly translated, means tyranny cannot endure, and liberty based on justice is irrespective of race or religion, the universal ideal and must become the common possession of all humanity. The American people are not easily provoked, but when once aroused their enemies had better sue for peace."

WILL WEAR GOLD LACE.

Montpelier, Oct. 17.—Governor Smith's staff is as follows: Oscar W. Peck, Winooski, surgeon general, with rank of brigadier general; aids, with rank of colonel, Frank L. Greene, St. Albans; Edward J. Booth, Burlington; Farrand S. Strahan, St. Albans; George T. Chaffee, Rutland; Henry S. Bingham, Bennington; Joseph G. Brown, Montpelier; Benjamin Hinman, Derby; Curtis S. Emery, Chelsea; Walter W. Brown, Springfield.

INJURED AT FOOTBALL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 17.—In the football game between Butte and Deadwood, Mahoney, left back for Butte, got under the pile and sustained a concussion of the brain. The chances for his recovery are slight.

NO FAITH CURE

ABOUT STUART'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS.

They Cure Stomach Troubles and Indigestion, Whether You Have Faith in Them or Not.

More faith will not digest your food for you, will not give an appetite, will not increase your flesh and strengthen your nerves and heart, but Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will do these things because they are composed of the elements of digestion; they contain the juices, acids and peptones necessary to the digestion and assimilation of all wholesome food.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest food if placed in a jar or bottle in water heated to 98 degrees and they will do it much more effectively when taken into the stomach after meals whether you have faith that they will or not.

They invigorate the stomach, make pure blood and strong nerves in the only way that nature can do it, and that is plenty of wholesome food well digested. It is not what we eat but what we digest that does us good.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by nearly all druggists at 50 cents for full sized package or by mail from the Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

HELP NOT REQUIRED

Government Fully Able to Provide for the Sick.

Sternberg Tells Why Supplies Were Sometimes Lacking—Letter to the President Says No Intervention is Necessary—The Commission Gone South.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The following letter from the surgeon-general of the army was written in reply to one sent to the president by A. E. Orr, vice-chairman of the Red Cross relief committee: "I have received the copy of your letter to the president. In answer to your question as to 'Why the intervention of the Red Cross relief committee should be longer needed, and why the government does not see to it that its own sick are provided for,' I would say: The emergencies of the war made the assistance of relief associations most valuable, notwithstanding the fact that it is the intention of the government to provide liberally for the care of sick soldiers, but, as you know, with ample means and good intentions supplies cannot always be provided at the proper place and time to meet an emergency. Moreover, at the outset of the war the arrangements made for providing light diet for the sick, which had proved satisfactory in time of peace, were inadequate, owing to the conditions which prevailed in our camps of instruction and among troops engaged in active operations. For this reason the presence of Red Cross agents, with their abundant supplies of delicacies for the sick, has been of inestimable value.

"But provision was made by a general order published Aug. 10 by which surgeons in charge of hospitals, general divisional or regimental, are enabled to draw 60 cents per day for each sick enlisted man of the army in lieu of his regular ration. Up to that time the commutation value of a ration was only 30 cents. The medical department does not supply food for the sick in hospitals. This is obtained from the commissary department, or by purchase wherever it can be procured. I enclose herewith a list showing the articles which can be purchased from the commissary, which list, as you will see, includes canned soups, tapioca, crackers, jellies, tea, butter, etc. Milk, chickens and eggs, fresh vegetables, etc., are purchased wherever they can be obtained.

"The medical department furnishes a few articles, under the head of 'hospital stores,' including condensed milk, sugar and tea; but no other food supplies are furnished by the medical department, or can be properly paid for from the medical and hospital appropriation. Of course, if the commissary department fails to provide these supplies and they cannot be purchased in the vicinity of a camp or hospital, the difficulty of providing proper food for the sick would be very great, and under such conditions the supplies of the relief associations have been most welcome; but the amount now allowed by the government is ample to provide everything necessary in the way of suitable diet for the sick, and when there is any failure to provide this it is a failure in administration by those immediately in charge, and not a failure of the government to provide the necessary means.

"You will no doubt agree with me that 60 cents a day for the raw material from which to prepare a proper diet for the sick is a most liberal provision. The experience of medical officers shows that it is not only ample, but excessive, and that for sick men, living for the most part upon milk, weak soups and farinaceous foods, this is much in excess of any reasonable requirement.

"Under the circumstances I think those patriotic and liberal citizens who have contributed so freely to aid in the care of our sick soldiers may now leave the matter in the hands of the government without any apprehension as to the results."

COMMISSION GONE SOUTH.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The war investigating commission left Sunday for the south. The party comprised 21 persons, who expect practically to live on the train during the absence from Washington. It has been fitted out with the view of rendering the party comfortable, and at the same time making it possible for the members to pursue their labors very much as if they were in their quarters in Washington. It consists of a combination baggage and parlor smoker, dining car, a sleeper composed exclusively of drawing rooms for the members of the commission, a 12-section double drawing room sleeper and the private car of General Dodge, chairman of the commission. Jacksonville was reached at noon.

GARCIA CALLED ON WOOD.

Santiago, Oct. 17.—General Calixto Garcia desires to contradict the statement made by several newspapers that he is receiving pay from the United States government for his assistance in disbanding the Cuban troops. He declares that he is a patriot and is not in need of money. Garcia had a long interview with General Wood yesterday, requesting transportation to San Cruz del Sur. He told General Wood it was important for him to be there "in order to frustrate the plot to overthrow the supremacy of those who had fought for Cuba for three years and to put in their places noncombatants and immigrants." General Wood agreed to provide him with transportation by the Bussle on her next trip to Manzanillo.

Saturday night five American teamsters got into an altercation with three policemen, with the result that one teamster was killed. Sometime afterward the other teamsters attacked a policeman, whom they disarmed and beat severely. The four are under arrest.

AN ERRONEOUS REPORT.

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 17.—A statement having appeared that the health of the army post at Sullivan's Island was causing the commandant much concern, and that 400 men were sick in quarters, Colonel J. B. Rawles emphatically denies the truthfulness of the assertion. He says: "The sanitary features of the post and the sickness throughout the command have never been, nor are they now such as to occasion apprehension, for the ailments have not generally been of a nature to occasion concern."

DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY.

Madrid, Oct. 17.—The conservative organ renews the suggestion of a semi-official paper regarding arbitration between the United States and Spain. It says: "The negotiations at present are going on without touching the question of the Philippines, which is most obscure and which lends itself to the gravest dissensions. Owing to the vagueness and lack of clearness of the protocol, the commissioners are meeting with serious difficulties. It has been said that if our adversaries are obstinate in their exaggerated demands, Mr. Sagasta should address the European governments, asking arbitration at least upon the points as to which an agreement should not be reached; but in view of the electoral struggle now in full vigor in the United States and of the declamations of the jingo press, which affirms without limits the rights of the conqueror, it is safe to assume that a request for arbitration would be without avail and serve no other purpose than loss of time."

INSOLENCE OF INSURGENTS.

Manila, Oct. 17.—The insurgents at Lagaspi have prevented an American steamer from loading or unloading, on the ground that there were Spaniards on board. They also refused to allow an officer of the Raleigh to land without permission of General Aguinaldo.

COUNTERFEITER CAUGHT.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Chief Wilkie of the secret service has been informed of the arrest at Swainsboro, Ga., of Thomas F. Pierce, on a charge of having in his possession raised notes and moulds for making counterfeit coins. Pierce, representing himself as a private detective, wrote the bureau recently that he knew the hiding place of a fugitive counterfeiter. He informed a secret service detective, who was sent to investigate the matter, that he wanted $30 for expenses and a guarantee of $400 reward for the capture of the counterfeiter, which the detective was not authorized to furnish.

Pierce then repeated his offer to the bureau, adding that he had in his possession incriminating evidence against the counterfeiters, consisting of moulds for making coin and raised notes. The case looked so suspicious that Chief Wilkie ordered the arrest of Pierce, and he was taken to Atlanta. The detective found in his possession two $5 notes raised to $50, moulds for making silver dollars and 50-cent pieces, and a quantity of spurious coin.

BRUTES OF MEN.

London, Oct. 17.—With an important act enabling prisoners to testify in their own defence, which has hitherto not been permitted in England, there also came into operation a law framed with a view to ridding London of a vile phase of life which has increased rapidly in recent years. A magistrate may now sentence to hard labor as a rogue and vagabond a man whom the police know to be living off the proceeds of a woman's prostitution. Hitherto these women have been so degraded and terrorized that they would not prosecute these men even when brutally ill-treated by them.

The fellows hitherto have frequented nightly the haunts of impurity, knowing that the police did not dare to interfere with them. The new law is being rigorously enforced, and as a consequence the exodus of ruffians from the notorious quarters has already begun. They are mostly going to South Africa.

SUNDAY LAWS ENFORCED.

Buffalo, Oct. 17.—The police authorities, acting under instructions from the police board, enforced in the most rigorous manner yesterday every Sunday law, old or new, that was on their books. In consequence not a drink was to be had at any price; cheap clothing stores were tightly locked, and grocers and meat merchants were tied down to the letter of the law. Almost open defiance of the Raines law by hotels and saloons brought about the action.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

"LONG LIVE ARMY"

The Cry That Is Heard in France.

CHEERS FOR THE POWER THAT THREATENS REPUBLIC.

Appalling Corruption Among Army Officers.

Paris, Oct. 17.—The dedication of a monument to the soldiers of France who fell in the Franco-Prussian war, which took place Sunday at Chaumont, General Chanoine, the minister of war presiding, furnished an opportunity for a demonstration in favor of the army, which many societies seized, marching past the monument and shouting "Live the army."

The socialist party met and denounced governmental interference with the right to strike. A resolution was adopted declaring that "the whole socialist revolutionary party is united in defence of the republic, and will not permit the military conspiracy to lay its hand upon the liberties of the people." The socialists have organized a vigilance committee "to frustrate the military conspiracy."

The struggle between the military and civil powers, for that is the real nature of the crisis, has reached a dangerous stage, and a coup d'etat any time within the next month would be by no means an unnatural outcome. Given a man of even moderate popularity and ambition, and such an event would be the almost inevitable product of the present conditions. But while France still idolizes the army, the French temperament demands a single incarnation of its worship before it will tolerate forcible usurpation in any name or any cause. However, the military hero does not exist, and no committee of the general staff can take his place.

General Zurlinden is a dangerous figure, and has shown himself ready to use high-handed methods within a few weeks. Moreover, as governor of Paris, he possesses all the weapons necessary for seizing the government. He would be able if, as is probably the case, he could rely upon the troops he commands, to proclaim himself or his nominee military dictator tomorrow. He has seen fit within ten days to fill Paris with soldiers. This nominally was done because of the strike, but everybody knows that this is absurd. The police, with the 20,000 men of the ordinary garrison in reserve, are ample to deal with any strike emergency that is likely to arise. He brought from the provinces 23 additional battalions of infantry and six cavalry regiments, which are quartered in the parks and public grounds, and the city is like an armed camp. Fully 40,000 soldiers now occupy the capital, and their presence naturally excites public uneasiness.

It is generally understood that the revision or the disclosure of the history of the Dreyfus case, whereto Mr. Brisson is committed, will reveal appalling corruption among the members of the general staff whose names have been mentioned, and it is now clear that they will stop short of nothing to avert the ruin which threatens them. Men who resort to forgery or false evidence would hardly hesitate, in a desperate situation, to undertake revolution, if they believed there was even a small chance of success, but the stern ascetic who is prime minister of France knows the men with whom he has to deal and knows their desperation.

FACTS AS TO SHIPPING.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Complete returns received by the navigation bureau of the treasury department show that the documented American merchant shipping on June 30 comprised 23,105 vessels of 4,749,738 gross tons, compared with 22,633 vessels of 4,769,020 tons on the like date in 1897. The decrease of 19,282 tons is more apparent than real, as 11,000 tons of this amount are due to dropping fractions of tonnage in the accounts, and 66,718 tons were sold to the navy and war departments to carry troops, supplies and provisions, and have merely changed employers. The total steam tonnage amounts to 6712 vessels of 2,371,022 tons, compared with 6590 vessels of 2,358,558 tons for the previous year.

Tonnage on the Atlantic and gulf coasts has dropped from 2,647,786 tons for 1897 to 2,653,729 tons for 1898. The great lakes tonnage amounted to 1,437,500 tons, as compared with 1,410,103 tons. The new Alaskan trade has increased the Pacific coast marine from 432,012 tons to 496,767 tons. Western rivers have decreased from 372,169 tons to 261,732 tons. New York state retains the first place, with tonnage reduced from 1,331,743 to 1,299,835 tons; Michigan is still second, with a reduction from 477,602 to 458,100 tons, and Ohio stands third, with 395,618 tons, an increase of about 6000 tons. The greatest increase is in Washington, from 97,976 to 152,167 tons, and Alaska, from 3824 to 9755 tons. New England shows a large decrease, and the gulf states an appreciable increase.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. A bottle per box—six for $2.50.
Dr. Williams' Mfg. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker and Funeral Director
139 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 461-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Evening Classes Begin Oct. 17.
Special entrance examination in Arithmetic and English on Friday, Oct. 14, at 7 p. m.
Art Students Now Receiv d.
Prof. George will continue his classes as usual both day and evening. Apply immediately.

WANTED.

WANTED—Salesmen on well known line of lubricating oils and specialties. Address, Refiner, 706 Genessee Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—A good all round tailoress. No amateurs need apply. Martin, 478 Market street.

WANTED—A partner with $2.50 to invest in a profitable amusement enterprise. Address M. E. Cushing, 105 Church Street, Lowell, Mass.

WORK WANTED—Washing, ironing and house work wanted by Mrs. Brouiel, 256 Fletcher street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their old felt hats dyed and blocked in the latest shapes at the Hat Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street, up stairs.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 50 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 34, Ben Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Law's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT NOONANS?—Yes, you want Noonan's. It's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs at all drug stores. A. E. Moor's, L. L. Walker's, A. W. Dows, D. O'Brion's and Storey & Co's.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A horse blanket, in the vicinity of City Hall, Saturday night. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Frank Meehan, Merrimack street depot.

LOST—On Monday a pair of eye glasses. Finder will be rewarded at 761 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

TO LET—New house with eight rooms, 212 Stevens street. Furnace heat, cemented cellar, set tubs, and all modern improvements. Enquire of Walter H. Howe, 305 Summer Street.

TO LET CHEAP—A small tenement opposite Highland hall. Inquire at 128 Branch Street.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenement Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 285 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $6 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $16 a month. Apply at 318 High street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 263 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—91 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!
It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with a Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN., Orleans, Ill. Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

LANTERNS
FOR
House, Mill, Stable Carriage
And out-of-door use. Lantern Globes in white, red and blue. Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed, furnished.

C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

IF
PETER WATSON
Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.
Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.
Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

Our Stand
Is at 400 Merrimack St.
We can fit your feet with Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Reliable goods, lowest prices. That's our economy.
F. E. LABARCE, Prop.
CITY HALL SHOE STORE
400 Merrimack St.

It is Easy to Love
your neighbor as yourself when your neighbor is a pretty girl. It is just as easy to take Dows' Cough Wafers, because they're like candy. They relieve that hacking and coughing. 369 Central St.

Sewing Machines
For $24.00
You can buy the same machine that others sell at $60. We have no canvassers; you get his commission by buying at our store.
Ring's Big Store
221-229 DUTTON ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A first class confectionery store on one of the principal streets doing a good cigar, tobacco and fruit trade. Owner having other business is obliged to sell. Call at this office.

FOR SALE—Trimmed hats of every description; lowest prices in Lowell. Turban, all trimmed, for $1.25 and $1.75. Ladies can save from 25 to 50 per cent. by buying their Hats from Mde. Maxime Lepine, the milliner, 257 Moody street, cor Race.

WAGONS—My remaining stock of high grade democrats, Concords, square wagons, panel side wagons, together with a variety of 2nd hand wagons, buggies, etc., will be offered at very low figures to close. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—14 acre farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electrics. Easy terms; price only $850. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

CALL at 263 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 179 Chapel street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Penny royal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtuckerville, a nice Broom cottage house, with all modern improvements, 6000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 1900 feet, 50x80, on a 60 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $100; also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1128 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mailer at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 16 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSULT MADAM CLENDENING, scientific palmist. Advice on love, business marriage, tells past and future, also locates diseases, etc. 156 Appleton street.

RENT PAYS FOR HOME.
WILL BUY or build for you both house and lot; comparatively nothing required down. For particulars call or write AMERICAN INVESTORS' CO., 137 Central St., Lowell. Office hours 2 to 8 p. m.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.
CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

If You Want Clean, Bright
COAL
Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the
Middlesex Coal Co.
6 FLETCHER STREET,
And order now.
H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.
Telephone 371-2.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
443 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

YOUR WORN OUT
Carriage will be taken for what its worth in exchange for any carriage built by us.
We build to order only, and every carriage we build is guaranteed by us. We would like to talk with you about carriages.
SAWYER Carriage Company
Worthen St., Lowell.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Gaedtke, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey } Clerks } K. Gervais

Millinery, Millinery
EVERYBODY IS TALKING MILLINERY.

So Are We
Our line of Millinery includes all the latest novelties in trimmed and untrimmed Hats, shapes, feathers, flowers and ribbons of all kinds and colors and all prices. Our new line of trimmed hats from the best houses in New York has just arrived and are now ready for your inspection and range in prices from $1.75 up to $8 and $10. Everybody ought to see the Hat we have for $3.98 and $4.98. These are two special bargains. Our $3.98 hat is equal to any $8 hat in Lowell and our $4.98 you can't duplicate in your down town stores for less than $10. Now we are right in it on Millinery and if you fail to visit
JOHN DRAIN'S,
111 Corham St.
You make the mistake of your life.
Great bargains in Men's, Ladies' and Children's Underwear. All kinds and all prices. Our line of Hosiery is complete from the cheapest to the best.
One great bargain in Men's Heavy Blue Ribbed, our price only 15c., others ask 25c.; and hundreds of other bargains which space won't permit to mention.
As usual we are ready with a full line of Yarns of all kinds and all colors.
Scotch, Germantown, Saxony, Spanish. All kinds and the very best grades.
Remember the place,
JOHN DRAIN
IN BLOCK WITH McCARTIN'S BAKERY.

Stealing Your Coal? Yes!
That's just what the old range is doing. Don't stand it any longer! Get a new range! You'll find friends, neighbors and lots of other bright people only too glad to tell you the "Good Things" about their
GLENWOOD
You will find it where you can get everything else you may need to furnish or beautify your home at
GOOKIN BROS.
66 Prescott Street.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER
Well! Well!
Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.
Bargains in All Departments This Week.
Banner Market
Prescott Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $10 and $15 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates. Also Rubber Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 25, 32, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Merr'k & Bridge.

Fifty Cents Per Box
TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets
HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
Stop forever all weakening drains, the brain, replace wasted tissues, and restore Rose-building blood boarding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALDO DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

THE AMERICANIZED SANTIAGO IS STILL CUBA'S PEST HOLE.

An Expert on Yellow Fever Has a Poor Opinion of Cuba as a Place of Residence For Americans.

Surgeon Newkirk Declares That It Is Saturated With the Filth of Four Centuries.

[Copyright, 1898.]

"CERTAIN parts of Cuba might be beautiful to live in at certain times during the year, but it will never do for the Anglo-Saxon race to undertake to inhabit the place. It is a pest spot from one end to the other. I lived in South America, in the Argentine Republic and Paraguay, for seven years and would be willing to return there. The towns and cities in these countries are clean and well kept, and the people are of a higher intelligence than those to be found in Cuba. I would not care to return to Cuba, nor did I meet any Americans there who wanted to stay. They were all of the same mind and wanted to get back to the United States as quickly as possible. They would have nothing to do with the natives, but when the towns surrendered the American soldiers and those of Spain could be seen together everywhere."

The above is part of the statement of Dr. Charles T. Newkirk of Bay City, Mich., who was appointed assistant acting surgeon to the regular army and went to Santiago to treat the soldiers who were suffering with yellow fever, in which disease he is an expert. Dr. Newkirk arrived from Cuba a short time ago and went to Washington to confer with the authorities there. He was also obliged to return home on account of his health, which had become much impaired by the hard work in the hospitals and by an attack of the fever. Judging from the description given by the doctor of what he saw and had to contend with very little has been published as to the real hardships with which our troops had to cope.

It should be mentioned in passing that Dr. Newkirk was once surgeon general of the united armies of Brazil and was twice decorated by the late Dom Pedro, who was then emperor.

In speaking of Santiago, Dr. Newkirk said: "I believe that city to be the dirtiest spot in the world, and, while some improvements have been made to it since the American troops have been in charge, it is unsafe to live there. There is no sewerage in the place, and the streets abound in filth. The American officers have caused them to be cleaned, but it is absolutely impossible to keep the place in a habitable condition and to make it healthful. The sidewalks are narrow, and the earth is permeated with the accumulated dirt of four centuries. Disease lurks in every corner, and the only way the place could be made tenable would be to destroy the city and rebuild it on modern plans. The harbor is one of the most beautiful in the world and from the deck of a steamer looks like a garden of Eden. The city is hidden behind the high hills, which are covered with dark green foliage and surrounded by the old graystone fortresses which have stood the tempests and the heat of centuries. The bay has a long sweep and is a grand sight, but here the beauties end. Caparral is the name of the tree that grows in abundance on the hills. It requires no cultivation, and if it did it would not get it from the natives, for they are an indolent lot. While the bay and harbor are grand the city detracts from the general beauty. Most of the houses have been built many centuries, and most of them show the wear of time. The houses are painted green, and but few other colors are to be found. About 90 per cent of the population is composed of the natives, who are as far from being civilized as our Indians were at the time of the discovery of the country by Columbus. Of the native population not more than 7 per cent can read and write. They are slovenly and will not work. They constantly surround the American army headquarters to obtain food, and it is difficult to get them to work as long as food and clothing, of which they wear little, are supplied to them. The American soldiers are not in love with them. In fact, they are disgusted with the natives and will have as little to do with them as possible.

"With the Spaniards it is different, and it is not an uncommon sight to see Uncle Sam's troops arm and arm with the men with whom they recently did battle. The Spanish officers are gentlemanly and kind and have assisted in every way possible to relieve the suffering of the people. When the Cubans left Santiago previous to the surrender of the place, their suffering and misery were terrific, especially among the young children and infants. There was no milk to give them and very little food. They died in large numbers. The adults seemed used to privations. Thoroughly civilized people like our own could never have stood the hardships. There was more malarial fever than any other. It was of a malignant type, and when it did not destroy life entirely, it left its victims wrecks, and only the best care under most favorable conditions can restore their health. All the suffering was not confined to Santiago, however. It was also to be found among the troops in the camps away from the city.

"We arrived at Siboney in July with a number of trained nurses and physicians and started in to relieve the suffering. The sights we met were beyond description. We carried a number of hospital tents and medical stores, for which there was great need. We found the number of doctors and nurses there totally inadequate to the wants of the sick and wounded. The physicians were brave and worked hard, but the strain told on them. Some of them were attending to as many as 300 patients at one time, and they were worn out with hard work. Our arrival marked a new era in the hospitals of that place. We erected our tents and organized the corps and commenced work. Our services were appreciated by the surgeons of the regular army, who were completely exhausted.

"Major Le Gard, who was in command, placed everything at our disposal and offered every facility. Hard work broke him down, and he became very ill and had to be sent home. He was succeeded by Major Gorgis, who also got sick and had to return to the United States. It was an up hill fight, and one by one the physicians were incapacitated until I was the only one left. The work was of an awful character, and it played havoc with the nervous system. Our hospitals were up in the hills and near a lake whose polluted waters caused a great deal of the malaria. Why, you could taste the malaria in the heat laden air. But it was the best place for our purpose that could be found in that section. We had not yet taken Santiago. The heat was intense, and it was dangerous to go out in the sun. Yet the death rate from sunstroke was extremely small. In fact, no epidemic ever attacked an army where the death rate was so small.

"We received great help from the Twenty-fourth Infantry. Many of them volunteered to come down to Siboney to take care of the sick and wounded. Major Markly, in command, who was at their head at the battle of San Juan, where they fought so bravely, offered us all assistance, and a more self sacrificing lot of men never lived than these. They fell sick in great numbers, and at one time only 40 were able to answer roll call. Many of those poor fellows found their last resting place in Washington cemetery, a beautiful spot in the green hills near Siboney. In this little 'God's half acre' so far away from their native country are buried some of the bravest men of the United States army. Captain Charles Dodge, who was supposed to have been killed at the charge of San Juan Hill, really succumbed to the fever. His death cast a gloom over the entire camp, and many of us questioned whether the cause was worthy of such precious blood. Scores of the brave fellows who had faced the bullets of the Spaniards gave way to grief when they heard of the death of Captain Dodge. He was a popular officer with both his brother officers and men, and his loss was keenly felt by all.

"There was very little yellow fever at Siboney and Fernica, and I don't believe that more than 2 per cent of the sickness was caused by that dread disease. Exhaustive diagnoses were made of the sickness which was called yellow fever, and it was shown to be something else. The army surgeons will bear me out in this. The report that so many of the cases of yellow fever existed was, I believe, one reason why General Shafter did not send his transports sooner, as he felt it would be dangerous to remove such patients.

"I saw the general personally and believe I convinced him to the contrary, for three days later the transports arrived, and we sent away 400 of the happiest mortals that ever lived. General Shafter treated me with every courtesy and did everything in his power to better the condition of the soldiers. He worked hard to relieve the suffering, and when he knew that it was not yellow fever that had prostrated them the men that were able to leave were sent to the United States. The arrival of the transports worked a wonderful change among the men, and it seemed that every one would get better. Some who previously could not move declared at once that they were strong enough to travel and take care of themselves, so anxious were they to get away from Cuba and the dreadful surroundings. Others cried with joy at the very idea of going home. We picked out those that we thought were really able to stand the sea voyage and most likely to be benefited thereby, and there is no doubt that 100 lives were saved by the timely arrival of the transports. I was sorry to learn when I arrived home of the sufferings and privations of the men on the vessels, and I hope the reports have been exaggerated.

"We had more trouble with malarial and thermic fevers than with any other sickness. There were 4,000 cases in the hospitals at different times. All cases were carefully examined, and when there was any symptom of yellow fever the patients were sent to the special hospital, away from the others, which was kept under strict quarantine. We were deterred from removing our sick to Santiago after that city surrendered on account of the yellow fever. All precautions were taken to prevent the disease from spreading. Cleanliness was imperative, and the soldiers were obliged to bathe and keep their quarters clean. When so many of them were stricken, a number of Cuban women were employed to do the work. The buildings were whitewashed and kept in as perfect condition as possible. When we finally got into Santiago, matters began to change, and there was improvement in the condition of the sick and wounded.

"There were sad scenes at Siboney which I shall never forget. Many of the young men were taken sick and succumbed to the fever. Cablegrams arrived every hour in the day inquiring for the men of the different regiments. We would frequently have to reply that they were dead and had been buried in our little cemetery, which soon grew to alarming proportions. The suffering was fearful and was caused in a great measure by our inability to obtain ice. One who has not been on the scene cannot understand it or know of the tortures these poor fellows went through. It was heartrending to hear the heat stricken soldiers coming from the front in ambulances and on litters beg for ice or something cooling, and it was hard for us to know that it could not be had.

"I sincerely hope the boys of the United States army will never have to pass through such an ordeal again. There was never an army assembled better than the one sent to Santiago. It was composed of well educated men, and, while the majority of them were used to every comfort and luxury, they never complained of the hardships.

"The vermin near the camps, and, for that matter, everywhere, made existence almost insufferable. Insects of all kinds annoyed the men almost to the point of madness. They came in swarms from the waters of the pond and the surrounding country. It was impossible to get rid of them, and between them, the ravages of the fever and the excessive heat life was anything but a holiday. There were any number of scorpions, land crabs and tarantulas, and they struck terror to the hearts of the female nurses. The land crabs would strut into the tents with all the airs and dignity of a major general, and when you kicked them they would fall to pieces. The crabs were harmless, but they were annoying. The tarantulas and scorpions would get into the beds, and a careful watch had to be maintained to keep the sick from being bitten or stung by them. Numbers of the men refused to go to bed on that account.

"A great many of the sick were long without attendance. They presented a fearful sight. Some were so weak that they could not get to the hospitals and were found lying along the roads and in the woods, where they had crawled to escape the scorching rays of the sun. Some were found in a semiconscious state, while others were delirious. Their mouths, eyes, noses and ears were filled with gusanos, a species of maggot, which crawled into them as the men lay prostrate. Such of them as had been exposed to the elements any length of time had the flesh eaten away about their mouths, noses and ears by these insects.

"We had medical supplies in abundance, and I believe everything was done by the medical department to furnish us with everything needful. There was a friendly rivalry between the surgeons in charge of the different hospitals to see which would have the lowest death rate, and everything that could be thought of for the relief of the sick and wounded was done. It was a happy day when we took our charges to Santiago and ended this dark chapter in the Hispano-American war. Guy Poole, a brave young lad from Bay City, Mich., was the last man to die in the camp. When we moved, property worth many thousands of dollars was destroyed by the government to prevent the spread of disease.

"It is greatly to be regretted that the American boys did not take better care of themselves in the tropical climate. They relied too much upon their strength and vigor, and they grew careless as to their food. They were too free and frequently did not even observe the ordinary sanitary rules that they follow when at home.

"I sincerely hope the day is not far distant when the American troops will be removed from Cuban soil, as it is no climate for Anglo-Saxons. The Spanish soldiers died in large numbers from disease, and I fear the same will be the result with our men.

"Americans have been in the civilizing business a long time and have had some very satisfactory experiences, but it is my belief that we will never be able to civilize the Cubans or make their country habitable."

FREDERIC A. VERDU.

ASSISTANT SURGEON CHARLES T. NEWKIRK, ONE OF THE MEDICAL HEROES OF SANTIAGO.

[The illustration also shows the new method of street cleaning inaugurated by General Wood, U. S. A.]

They Tell of Good Times.

Diamond dealers say that the condition of business in this country may be correctly gauged by the volume of the importation of precious stones from abroad.

When times are good, the demand for diamonds is large; when times are bad, the stones, being a luxury, are less in demand, and the importation of them correspondingly decreases.

Just at present there is a largely increased demand for diamonds, and if there be any merit in the claim made in the saying quoted then this should be an indication of good times ahead. The treasury bulletin recently issued in Washington corroborates distinctly the claim of enlarged importations of diamonds. Here are the figures for the two fiscal years ending July 1 of 1897 and 1898 of diamond importations into the United States: 1897, $1,985,810; 1898, $6,055,789. The increase of importations of diamonds is, however, not the only one in the line of "decorative jewelry," so to speak. The importations for the two years of other precious stones—rubies, sapphires, emeralds, pearls, opals, etc.—are as follows in amount: 1897, $1,678,768; 1898, $3,440,078.

The two chief foreign ports from which diamonds are sent to this country are Amsterdam and Antwerp. From Great Britain a considerable amount of jewelry is exported to the United States, but much of it comes from England in transit, particularly from Switzerland, a country having few direct trade relations with the United States. In the fiscal year of 1894, following the depression caused by the financial disturbances of that year, the exports of jewelry to the United States fell off one-half in amount. The exportations of French jewelry fell off two-thirds, and from Holland four-fifths, but the losses sustained in the amount of the exports have been more than covered this year, as the treasury figures show.

The largest country of export of uncut diamonds to the United States is Holland, and England follows through the development of the diamond interests in Africa.

A Strange Prison.

A party of scouts from the stations on Bledsoe's creek, in Sumner county, Or., was on a tour of observation for Indian signs. As they prepared to camp late one winter afternoon Captain Jennings, who was of the number, started out to kill a buffalo from a herd which was near by. There was a heavy sleet on the ground, and he found it difficult to get in good range on account of the noise of his feet on the crackling ice, but after following the game for several miles he at last killed a very large bull.

Fearing that the meat might be injured if left until the next morning, he skinned the animal and took out the viscera. By the time he was done night had come, and he decided to remain with his quarry instead of seeking camp in the darkness. So, wrapping the huge hide around him, flesh side out, he lay down and slept very comfortably until morning. On waking he found himself tightly imprisoned in the hide, which had frozen hard and now resisted all his efforts to escape.

Hour after hour rolled by in agony to the captain. He yelled at the top of his voice for help and strained and kicked with all his might at the rawhide inclosure, but it proved stubborn to the last degree. He doubtless swore many a bitter oath, for he was of too irascible a temperament to submit tamely. He expected his companions to search for him, and they did, but with a great deal of caution, fearing that he had been killed by the Indians. His prolonged absence could be accounted for in no other way. He gave up all hope of extricating himself as the hours wore away, but help which he had not thought of was to save him from a death which would have been extremely mortifying, at the least, to a man who had escaped Indian bullets and swum icy rivers like a beaver. We will let him relate the issue in his own words:

"Well, the sun came out in the afternoon, and this softened the hide on the top so I could get one arm out, and when I got one arm out I worked like pizen until I got my body through."

Venezuela Wants Immigrants.

The Venezuelan government has contracted for the importation of 15,000 families from the north of Italy. Lands and houses will be given them, and they will be assisted in a financial way. It is expected that they will develop the cultivation of fruits and cereals and will pay special attention to the growing of vines and manufacture of wine. Each immigrant will get 14 acres, and it is asserted that this amount of land is too small for growing cereals. The United States consul at Caracas says that when the fruit producing capacity of this cloud of immigrants is developed a market must be sought in the United States. There is none in Venezuela.

FACTS OF INTEREST.

The house in which Corneille was born at Rouen on June 6, 1606, is now for sale, and the public authorities are anxious to acquire it. The house has hitherto been a small restaurant, and the only thing which marked it as the birthplace of Corneille was a bust of the poet over the entrance. It was in this house that Corneille wrote his best plays and welcomed Moliere and Pascal.

A cousin of the assassinated Austrian empress is a captain in the Seventh United States regiment of immunes. He was known in the Austrian court and in the Dutch army, in which he had held a commission, as Baron William Anton Hubert Waldeck de Villeneuve.

O. H. Venner of Bluehill, Me., claims the distinction of having built from newspapers three years ago what is now said to be the best boat in town. His material was 36 thicknesses of newspapers pasted together.

Mr. Curzon's term as viceroy of India will last five years. His salary is about $100,000 a year, with all expenses paid by the government, and he is expected to live in great magnificence. This salary and perquisites seem small compared with the incomes of three of the native princes who are allies of Great Britain, each of whom has $15,000,000 a year.

General Ignacio Andrade, now president of the republic of Venezuela, has unveiled a monument to the Americans who fell in the fight for Venezuela in 1806. It had been erected at the instance of General Andrade, whose regard for Americans made him desire that these heroes should not be forgotten.

Clarence Greathouse, chancellor of Korea and personal adviser to the king of that country, is a Kentuckian, but lived for years on the Pacific coast and has only been in Korea since 1893. He won favor with the oriental monarch through being a splendid story teller and because of his great fund of general information. He is about 55 years old.

Garrison Y. Shall, a convict in the Connecticut state prison, knows all of Shakespeare's plays by heart, having learned them during the past 14 years of his imprisonment.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6; sets, 4:53.
Moon sets—7:07 p. m.
High tide—12 a. m.; 12:30 p. m.

The weather yesterday was fair and clear except in parts of the western valleys, where showers occurred. These unsettled conditions are moving slowly eastward, and promise partly cloudy to cloudy weather Tuesday, with showers in the evening or night; it will be warmer Tuesday, with southerly winds, probably followed during the night or Wednesday by colder westerly winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OUR ANNUAL OFFER.

A coal hod and shovel with a pound of Tea; 10 pounds of Granulated Sugar $1. Dickson Bros. Tea store, 60 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada Bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 16 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade Piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins, 223 Central street.

Save interest and cost by paying your taxes at once.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

Already there are many applications for the fair grounds for football matches.

Already the threat is made in local republican clubs that a city messenger candidate will be presented against Mr. Going.

Addison Putnam, William P. Brazer and J. J. Judkins are Lowell citizens who have been in business continuously 60 years.

Are you satisfied with your coal? If not, give Rourke & Sullivan a trial. Offices, 283 Central street and 984 Gorham street.

College fountain pens, never leak and soil your fingers, always ready, easy writers, $1.00. Harris, 10 Appleton St.

Miss Blanche Whitcher will attempt next Tuesday to beat the half-mile unpaced record. T. F. Hall of the American league of wheelmen will act as one of the judges.

Farmers in towns near Lowell are shipping this year apples to the west, where the supply is limited. Baldwin apples were sold in Billerica this week at $2 a barrel and the purchaser had to pick them from the trees.

The city treasurer's office will be open Friday and Saturday evenings, Oct. 14, and 15, from 7 to 8 o'clock, and Monday Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Oct. 17, 18, 19, and 20, from 7 to 9 o'clock, for the receipt of taxes.

A RECEPTION.

The Workingmen's Protective league has appointed a committee to arrange a smoke talk and reception to Private Connolly of Company C, Sixth regiment, and Private Dickey of Company M, Ninth regiment, when the Sixth returns home.

THANKSGIVING PARTY.

The women interested in the Rhode Island table of the colonial festival for St. John's hospital are planning for a festival of their own to be held in Associate hall about Thanksgiving. They will have a few tables and there will be a concert, followed by dancing. Chas. L. Marren is at the head of the men's auxiliary of the affair, which is an assured success already.

REV. MR. DENNEY'S CALL.

Rev. O. H. Denney is considering a call from the First Free Baptist church of Elmira, N. Y. Mr. Denney was pastor of this church for about four years previous to locating with the Mt. Vernon church. The Elmira church has been anxious for his return as pastor for three years and there is a possibility of Mr. Denney's settling with them January 1, if not before.

POSTAL CLERKS MEET.

The Merrimack Valley Postal Clerks association held its regular meeting in Lawrence Sunday afternon and the usual routine business was transacted. Members of the Lowell association attended.

Some time ago this association withdrew from the National Association of Postal Clerks and the special business of yesterday was to hear the report of President Murray giving the reasons why the Merrimack Valley association severed its conection with the national body.

ENTERTAINED FRIENDS.

At the social and cake walk of the Merrimack club last week, the prize cake was won by the clever walkers—Miss Margaret Hughes and Mr. John Martin. Last evening the cake was cut and an enjoyable evening was passed at Miss Hughes' home, 29 Tremont street. There was quite a large company present and during the evening the following entertained: John B. Nalon, trick violinist of New London, Conn.; Billie Clark, impersonator; George Myers, vocalist; Mr. and Miss Markham, musical team; Miss McFarland, pianist.

BANK LIQUIDATION.

As is well known, the liquidation of nine of the national banks in Boston is in progress and a new and big bank is expected to succeed to their business. Kidder, Peabody & Co. represent the syndicate which is doing the work, whi syndicate which is doing the work, which was undertaken at the instance of various savings banks. Three banks are considerable holders of national bank stock which they do not care to keep any longer. Already five of the national banks have passed into the hands of the syndicate and the deal will be consummated on bank day in January.

The big savings banks in Boston have disposed of their holdings and others all over the state are doing the same. The Lowell banks which have parted with their shares in the liquidating process are the Central and City Institution for Savings.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 KEARY ST.

PRIVATE JAMES DUFFY, Co. M, Ninth Regiment.

PRIVATE JAMES DUFFY

SURPRISED WITH GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN.

Private James Duffy, one of the returned members of Company M, was pleasantly surprised with a gold watch and chain and several useful articles Saturday evening. A large party of his young friends including a number of his comrades in arms, assembled at his home, 13 Keene street, early in the evening and formally presented the young soldier with the gifts. After a short presentation speech by one of the donors and a neat response by the recipient the party took possession of the pleasant home of their soldier boy and passed the evening with dancing and singing. Refreshment were served by the young ladies to whom the great success of the affair was due.

Private Duffy proved to be one of the bravest boys of the "Fighting Ninth Regiment." He was with his company from the time they were mustered into the service and withstood the ravages of the fever at Santiago and always appeared at the daily drill at that place. The aftermath, a slight attack of malaria, visited him upon his arrival in Lowell, but now, however he is enjoying good health.

At one time, during the Santiago campaign, news coming from an unofficial source reached his parents that he had been shot in battle but a contradiction came a few days afterward.

NEW HOME READY

For Chronic Consumptives at Roxbury

TO BE DEDICATED ON NEXT THURSDAY.

Everything That Will Benefit Patients Provided.

Boston, Oct. 10.—The new free home for consumptives in Dorchester will be dedicated next Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, by His Grace, Most Rev. Archbishop Williams.

The dedication ceremonies will be of a most interesting character, the distinguished visitors on the occasion including Rt. Rev. Bishops Harkins of Providence, Healy of Portland, and Bradley of Manchester, N. H., and Very Rev. Mgr. Gillin of Worcester.

A religious procession will start from the old home to the new one at 3 o'clock, the altar boys wearing different colored cassocks, carrying lights. The sanctuary choir from St. James' church will also assist and sing during the blessing of the home.

Immediately afterward the dedication exercises will be held. First will come the salutation "Veni Creator" by a choir of 65 voices from the Mission church. Words of congratulation from the archbishop of Boston and the visiting bishops follow. A tableau of faith, hope and charity to the strains of soft music will be shown. A representation of the angel Gabriel and the sounding of the trumpet will illuminate the title and this will be followed by fireworks or rockets and the sending up of balloons to which dedication cards will be attached. Colored lights will illuminate the grounds in the vicinity of the home.

After an address by some of the clergy, the door of the building will be formally opened and then the Magnificat will be recited, after which Archbishop Williams will bestow his blessing on those assembled. The program will close with the Te Deum and then the visitors will be allowed to make a personal inspection of the building.

A band will render the music on the grounds and an orchestra will be inside the building. The grounds will be illuminated with electric lights, artistically decorated and with Chinese lanterns.

The new building is on the grounds of the present home and is 197 feet long. The architecture is of colonial style with broad piazzas on the south side from which an elegant view of the harbor and Nantasket can be had. The home is intended to accommodate 600 patients.

It will be open to all poor consumptives regardless of creed or color, no paying patients being admitted. The rooms are all connected, one with another and there is a rotunda with balcony on the second story.

Everything that modern science could suggest has been provided for in the new home, the plumbing being open, with handsome brass fittings and the steam heating and ventilation of the very best. There is a fan and blower attachment to keep the air pure.

The rooms are tinted in soft green, so as not to injure the eyes and some of the special rooms are delicately painted. The home is lighted by electricity and gas. The kitchen and laundry are especially interesting.

Every facility for treatment known to the best European hospitals will be contained in the home which will form an ideal sanitarium for consumptives. In size and equipment the institution is certain to prove a delightful and welcome surprise to the public.

It will depend for support on charity and on donations, dues and the proceeds of entertainments. For sustenance it appeals entirely to the charity of the public and certainly such a noble charity is not likely to be neglected by the community.

The Young Ladies' Charitable society connected with the home not only helps to support it, but its members also visit the homes of the sick poor, in all kinds of weather, alleviating the sufferings of the poor people. Unwards of 500 persons are cared for in this way annually so that the management of the home has an excellent claim on the public to attend the dedication on Thursday evening.

The most important sale in years will be the Coburn Sale on Wednesday, Market street at 2; Merrimack street at 3 o'clock.

If You Want

A nice Suit or Overcoat in the correct goods and style, and the worth of your money, you can get them all by placing your order with

LOUIS ALEXANDER

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York,
IMPORTER AND TAILOR,
65 CENTRAL STREET.
PAUL O. HABLE, Assistant.

The Isaac Pitman
School of Shorthand
F. Blanche Hard, principal. Hildreth building, Lowell, Mass. Shorthand and Typewriting exclusively taught. Send for catalogue.

M. J. SHARKEY & CO.
44 CENTRAL ST. LOWELL.
Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Insurance in the leading companies. Office hours 8 to 12 a. m., 12 to 1.30, and 7.30 to 9 p. m. Drop a postal if unable to call.

On Tuesday, about noon, we will have on exhibition in our window a Tooth Pick Machine, which will grind out of rustic logs (6000) six thousand tooth picks a minute, all of which will be given FREE to our customers.

THE PLACE OF RARE BARGAINS

THE BON MARCHE
DRY GOODS CO.
MERRIMACK AND KIRK STREETS.

ORIGINAL PRICE CUTTERS

We've Been Waiting for the Weather

Jupiter Pluvius has played havoc with our prospects—Now it is cut and slash—the jobbers and manufacturers are in the worst kind of a fix—Large stock and no apparent outlet—We have always been the much-wanted people on just such occasions—As Distributors, as an Outlet, as Handlers of Large Quantities. Following are a few things that come to us on that account.

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES.

Such as Blankets, Comforters, Spreads, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Towels, Crashes, etc.

1 Case of Honey Comb Towels, regular 5c. quality, for 3½c. a dozen.

61 1-2 dozen Linen Huck Towels, worth 18c., for 10c. (one day only.)

Comforters for 25c. each, crib size, or foot warmers.

2 bales of Comforters for 49c. each.

1 case of Fine Comforters, fancy quilted, worth $1.69, for $1.25 each.

1 case of White Spreads, the "Clarendale," always a dollar, for 79c. each.

1 case of all Mixed Feather Bed Pillows, for 49c. each.

100 Mattresses, regular $5.00, soft top, two yard, for $2.79. (Only 100 to be sold.)

700 Pillow Cases, full size, standard cotton, for 8½c. each, worth 12½c.

1 case Table Oil Cloth, 5-4, all colors, white and marble, 12½c. a yard.

1 Case Outing Flannel, 7c. quality, for 5c. yard.

1 Case Domet Flannel, 8c. quality, for 5c. (Monday afternoon only.)

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES.

2 Cases Outing Flannel Skirting, embroidered and plain, in all lengths, full 1 yard wide, worth 12½ to 20c., for 9c. a yard.

36 8-12 doz. Tray Cloths, all linen Damask, worth 25c., for 15c. each.

1 Case of Toilet Twill Crash, 18-inch, for 1½c. a yard.

A few pieces of Irish Linen Table Damask (absolutely all linen), half bleached, worth 69c. for 42½c. a yard.

Three bundles of Dites' Turkey Red Table Damask, in a variety of patterns, worth 45c. a yard, for 33c. a yard.

1 Case of 18-inch Diaper (Birds' Eye Linen, worth 45c. for 33c. a piece.

240 Centre Table Covers, fancy woven denims, worth 49c., for 19c. each.

Here Are a Few Other Necessities:

At prices that you've been waiting for.

One hundred (100) Ladies' Dress Skirts made for us from short skirt patterns mill end of Dress Goods, no skirt worth less than $5, some worth $6 and $7, yes, even $8. On Monday your choice of any in the lot for

$2.69 EACH.

At Dress Good Dept.

Did you hear about the great sale of yarns?

The best 12½c. Germantown Yarn, in all the best colors and black, selling at just one-half price. Come before it's all gone and get it at

6 1-4c. A SKEIN.

THE SALE OF DRESS GOODS

STILL ON THIS WEEK.
Specimens in window.
The two large items placed on special counters for the convenience of our patrons.

Large Item No. 1 is 50c. (mostly 60c), Dress Goods, in new Novelty Cloths, raw silk and wool, and all pure wool, etc. Also plain Cashmeres, Serges, Flannels, etc., for

29c. A YARD.

Large Item No. 2 is $1 and $1.25 Silk and Wool Poplins, Matalesse, Tafted Cloths, 54-inch Serges, all pure wool, Granite Cloths, etc., all 48 to 54 inches wide and the price is just half about what these goods are worth.
See them in window.

59c. A YARD.

All Goods Warranted as Represented.
Money Back When Requested.

The New Book (American Navy, Cuba and Hawaii) which we give away, we wish to announce that this offer will cease on and after November 1st. All customers with cards completed can have a book free by presenting same at our office or to any of our ushers.

BOXING GOSSIP.

It does one good sometimes to listen to confessions from men who have won championships to hear them tell of blows which have done business and describe the sensation, says the New York Evening Journal.

Lavigne recently was telling in his droll way of his first bout with Griffo, when the uncanny cleverness of that degenerate Australian made the "Kid," believe that his opponent had either dozens of hands, or else the spectators were throwing gloves at him.

"But they didn't hurt," said the "Kid" in conclusion. They were only bumps. I dont believe he could put a man out if he hit him on the jaw for a week."

After a laugh and a moment's silence Corbett looked up and asked: "Who did McCoy ever knock out by hitting them on the jaw?" No one seemd to know the answer and Jim went on:

"Now I may lose—and then Jim smiled broadly—"but I am willing to bet it will not be from being hit on the jaw. I guess I've got a real tough jaw. I got a wallop there once that it seems to me would have done the trick if it could be done that way."

"Who?" asked someone.

"Joe Choynski," replied Jim "and it was the best punch I ever got in my life. He caught me as fair on the point as any one ever was caught and I guess you'll all agree Joe can hit a bit. He knocked one of my teeth out, that's all. But as true as I live, beyond one gash, it never phased me. I doubt if to this day Joe knows how hard he hit me. I honestly believe that my jaw is one of the tough ones."

"Say," said Lavigne, in his odd little way, "were you ever hit square in the back of the neck, good and hard? Well, I was. Everhardt belted me there once just at the close of the round and I saw four or five Everhardts the next second.

"When I turned to go to my corner, I saw five corners and to save my soul I couldn't tell which was the right one. I took a chance on the one ahead of me and it happened to be the right one. I had no more sat down than things got straight, but I tell you, I was all mixed up there for a few seconds. That was the only punch which dazed me and I have been hit on the jaw twice as hard many a time.

COTTON Is KING
and the famous vegetable shortening, the crowning product of the cotton plant—
COTTOLENE
is a royal aid to good cooking, right living and health. Let lard alone.
Use COTTOLENE.
The genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

ROOFING PAINT.
When you get genuine dark red slate paint you get the
BEST ROOFING PAINT MADE.
Its reputation has been won by real merit, and merit is the result of not trying to see how cheap this paint can be made, but how good and by use of very best ingredients in proper proportion to secure permanent results. It is ready for use, contains no tar, requires no heating, will not crack, run or wash off, and has been in use 25 years. It is an exceptional and unexcelled ROOF PAINT for tin, iron, shingles or felt. One coat preserves and protects the surface and STOPS ALL LEAKS at small expense. Write for catalogue.
C. E. Climes, 134 West Broadway, N. Y. Agents wanted.

Holding on to a Good Thing.

Harvard $1000.00 PURE BEER

We have that much money, a thousand dollars, for anyone who can prove our statement as to the materials used in the brewing of Harvard Beer, to be untrue.

Harvard Beer is not only pure, it is also fully aged as lager beer should be. We commenced brewing Harvard Beer in March; we are now offering it for sale in Lowell for the first time. Figure it out for yourself. The officials of the U. S. Internal Revenue Service know what goes into our beer as well as we do. Our thousand dollar offer is open to them.

Harvard Brewing Co.,
LOWELL, MASS. U. S. A.
Our Ale Brewery brews fine ale. Have you tried it?

Cook, Taylor & Co.,
CENTRAL STREET.

BLANKETS
AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

11-4 White Wool Blankets good weight and quality, sold elsewhere at $2.50 a pair, our price only $1.98.
11-4 White Wool Blankets extra quality and weight, bound with silk, red, pink and blue borders, sold elsewhere at $4 a pair, our price $2.95.
California White Wool Blankets, red, blue, pink and gold borders, bound with silk, worth $5.00 a pair, our price $3.69.
10 cases Cotton Blankets, in white or gray, all perfect, worth 50c. a pair, at 35c.
Down Puffs, filled with laminated cotton down, satine covers, handsomely designed, at $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00 and $3.25. These are from 50c. to $2 under their actual value.
Hotel and boarding house managers and every lady in Lowell are cordially invited to inspect our stock.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Possible Prices.
HOW CAN WE DO IT?
We've got the cash! We've got the goods! And we've got the people's confidence. Every dollar's worth of goods is bought under our closest scrutiny and for CASH on the NAIL.
That's why we can offer such values and show such an assortment.

NEW SUITS.
New Tailor-Made Suits received every day from New York. Serge Suits at $5.75, $6.95 and $9.75. We always warrant the fitting.
We have just opened a beautiful line of fine Venetian Cloth, high grade suits in all colors. Special price $14.75, regular price $20.

JACKETS.
Black and Blue Kersey Jackets, lined throughout with colored satin, $4.98, worth $7.50.
Kersey Jackets, with strap seams, a beauty in fit and finish, lined throughout, $6.75, worth $10.

FUR JACKETS.
Seal and Electric Seal Jackets, made specially for us in the month of May, when the furriers were not busy. They are all lined with superior lining that is guaranteed. Prices $11.48, $17.50, $19.50, $21.50, $22.50, $24.50, $27.50, $29.50, $32.50 up to $60.00. Positively worth from $19.50 to $75. Superior quality of Alaska Seal Jackets at $165.

New York Cloak & Suit Co.
No. 12 JOHN STREET.

Star Performances. This house is continually inaugurating star performances. It is continually trying to outdo the whole city in value giving, and very frequently it comes dangerously near doing it. For this week some particularly skilful price carving has been done, and there isn't a woman in Lowell who will not find something to interest her if she is in need of anything in Millinery. We won't quote prices, but you'll find them surprisingly small, quality considered. Best line of trimmed Toques, Bonnets and Dress Hats in the city.
N. B.—Store closed Friday evening. Try and get your orders in as early in the week as possible.

HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS.
169 MERRIMACK STREET.